

OYO STATE COUNCIL FOR ARTS AND CULTURE

CULTURAL CENTRE ROAD, MOKOLA,
IBADAN NIGERIA

ARCHIVES

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FILE NO.

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SP/S 195

FILE NO.

SECRET

11

PROPOSED WESTERN NIGERIA UNIVERSITY
oo

SUB-COMMITTEE ON FINANCE:

Members :

Dr. F.O. Dosekun - Chairman
Dr. S.A. Aluko
Mrs. F.M. Ighodalo
Mr. E. Ayodale Onagoruwa
Mr. J.O. Ojo
Rev. E.A. Alayande
Dr. H.O. Oluwasanmi (Co-opted)
Mr. Adeuga Adekuoye - Secretary

Terms of Reference:

Having regard to the need to establish an efficient and reputable University and having regard to the economy of the Region, to consider the probable cost (both capital and recurrent) of the proposed University within a period of 20 years and advise on the possible sources of obtaining the required funds.

The following factors are of importance in considering the financial requirements of a university :-

- (i) The size of the university;
- (ii) What kind of a university it is;
- (iii) How many faculties it has and how expensive they are;
- (iv) The standard of academic attainment envisaged for the university;
- (v) The degree of financial autonomy the university as a corporate body, will enjoy.

These factors have been fully borne in mind by the Committee and the financial aspects of planning have been examined under the following heads :

- I Income;
- II Expenditure;
- III Study of the budget of a modern university in the tropics;
- IV Investigation of how far expenditure can be reasonably curtailed and economy achieved;
- V Recommendations.

I. I N C O M E

It is considered that the following sources of income should be explored in order to provide adequate means for placing the University on a sound financial basis from the beginning.

A. Capital Grants

1. Government Sources

(a) Initial Government Capital Grant :

The Committee assumes that the Western Regional Government will make available to the Council of the University, a substantial liquid capital grant.

(b) Grant of land by the Government

The Committee thinks that in addition to an initial cash grant, the Regional Government should endow the University with land and forest reserve. The grant of a large enough area of land for building the University will make it possible for its authorities to plan a staff housing scheme which is proposed below and thereby save themselves a considerable amount of initial

capital outlay needed for staff housing. Part of such a landed property can be used to engage in commercial agricultural enterprises in partnership with public institutions like the West Regional Development Corporation. The faculty of agriculture will also be thus provided with adequate land to conduct research into and teach commercial agricultural methods. The products of such an agricultural research farm will be a source of income to the University. Examples of such projects are the establishment of rubber, cocoa and coffee plantations as well as poultry & piggyery.

(c) Forest Reserve:

There are to be found in Western Nigeria certain timber forests which have been reserved by Government for many years. Some of these forests are at present being granted on short term leases to private enterprise for extraction of timber. Many of these indigenous entrepreneurs do not possess enough capital to operate these concessions alone and their modus operandi is either to go into partnership with foreign firms for the exploitation of the reserves or to sub-lease the concession to such foreign firms on a commission basis. It is generally known that whichever method is employed, a substantial income accrues from the exploitation of these forest reserves. The Committee therefore believes that the regional Government should make a grant in perpetuity of a forest reserve anywhere in the region to the university. Such an endowment, apart from yielding income, will eventually become useful in the practical research and teaching of a University school of forestry which should, for this reason, pursue a vigorous re-forestation policy.

(d) Loans Guaranteed by Government for Capital Works:

There are international sources available for raising loans for capital works if the Regional Government finds itself unable at the onset to release the whole or a substantial part of its liquid capital endowment fund to the university. These loans could be raised by the University Council under the guarantee of the Regional Government. On the other hand, construction works can be negotiated with foreign firms who will agree to be paid over a number of years. In this connection, attention is drawn to a foreign firm interested in such a project the address of which is :-

The Hans - Stahl Export,
Dusseldorf,
Königsallee 70.

Liaison Agent :

Richard S. Girambeck,
Credito Italiano,
Via S. Contanza 46, Roma.

2. Other Forms of Endowment

(a) Local: The local sources of such endowment grants are :-

- (i) Individual citizens
- (ii) Local Institutions : Local firms, local government authorities, co-operative organisations, marketing

and development boards and other industrial enterprises.

(b) Foreign:

There are several Foundations and Charitable organisations in the United Kingdom, United States of America and Western Europe or anywhere else, which are interested in contributing to the life of universities especially in the so-called underdeveloped countries of the world. There is also a tremendous fund of good-will for Nigeria in these countries which, if approached, may be willing to endow chairs, departments, buildings, equipment and research programmes. Institutions which readily come to mind are the Medical Research Council, London; the Ford Foundation, Carnegie Trust and the Rockefeller foundation in U.S.A. to name only a few.

3. Fixed Assets:

Fixed assets like engineering and printing machinery should be evaluated from time to time and may be used by the University Council to raise temporary loans.

B. Sources of Recurrent Revenue:

These consist of :-

- (i) Regional Government annual subventions to cover staff salaries and allowances, F.S.S.U., insurances, provident funds and junior staff, student maintenance care and welfare.
- (ii) Grants from the Federal Government
- (iii) Income from securities and investments. The University as a body corporate should be empowered in its charter to hold property in perpetuity and transact financial operations. If this is done, cash capital can be invested in gilt-edged securities and banks from which a reasonable amount of profits and interest can be realised.
- (iv) Income from leased estates, agricultural projects, forest reserve, horticultural and botanical produce.
- (v) Student fees.
- (vi) Income from services to staff, e.g. vehicle maintenance, interest on loans to staff, furniture supply, fuel, light and water supply.
- (vii) Income from University press
- (viii) Staff house rental.

II. EXPENDITURE

(a) Capital Expenditure:

This should consist of expenditure on Site Planning and Surveys including Sports grounds and Parks: Clearing, Road construction, Buildings, Heavy equipments, Library, Capital Research grants, Replacement of heavy equipments, Establishment of Agricultural Estates, Printing machinery, Poultry and Piggery farms, and Furniture.

(b) Recurrent Expenditure:

- (i) Staff emoluments including F.S.S.U.
- (ii) Staff Travel facilities and allowances
- (iii) Library maintenance.

- (iv) Maintenance and Repairs of buildings and machinery
- (v) Recurrent Laboratory expenses on expendable materials e.g. in the Faculties of Medicine and the Sciences.

III. Study of the Budget of a Modern University in the Tropics

1. Fully Residential University of 1,500 Student population and consisting of five Faculties namely : Medicine, Arts, Pure Science, Agriculture, and Extra Mural Department

It is to be noted that this University has no faculty of Engineering or Law and the expenditure shown for Medical Faculty includes only the Pre-Clinical Departments and emoluments of the Consultant Staff of the Teaching Hospital.

A. (a) Capital Revenue £000

Foundation Endowment	1,300
Government Endowment	1,550
Others	1,300
Government Development Grant	210
Research Grants	136
Reserve Fund	250
	<u>4,746</u>

(b) Recurrent Income

Government annual subvention	485
Endowment allocation	250
Interests on Endowments	114
General Income & Interests on Deposits	17
Fees	155
Rent and other Income	12
Sales	53
Catering Department Income	10
Income from University Press	8
	<u>1,104</u>

B. (a) Recurrent Expenditure Departmental Charges

Administration	68.8
Faculty of Arts	72.4
Faculty of Science	113.2
Medicine (excluding Teaching Hospital but including Consultant Staff Salaries).	146.2
Agriculture	55.3
	<u>453.9</u>

(b) Other Heads of Expenditure

Staff expenses, passages etc.	148
Road Works and transport etc.	150
Estate Management	34
Student maintenance	119
Library	35
Educational Equipment	13
Water Rate	9
Rents and Insurance	3
Miscellaneous	8
Health Services for Students & Staff	6.4
University Press	12.2
	<u>542.6</u>

(c) Capital and Special Expenditure

Faculties, Libraries and Works (including £4,500 for Student care & welfare)	32
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SUMMARY OF RECURRENT EXPENDITURE

	£000
Departmental Charges	453.9
Other Heads of Expenditure	542.6
Capital and Special Expenditure	32
	<u>1,128.5</u>

N.B. The initial intake cannot be up to 1,500 Students so that the amount estimated above would not be needed or expended at once but spread over a period of years.

C. STAFF POSITION

Faculty	Number of Dept.	Establishment	Present Staff	Vacancies
Arts	8 + 1 Research Dept.	67	56	11
Science	5	42	37	5
Medicine	12	66	50	16 This includes Consultant Staff in Hospital.
Agriculture	1 with sub Dept	11	10	1
Inst. of Educ.	1	10	8	2
Extral Mural	1	14	9	5
Research Inst.	1	7	5	2
Library	1	10	8	2
Adm & Tech Staff	8	31	30	1
Technicians	-	25	18	7

Total Staff Strength: 220 Academic Staff
plus 56 Non-Academic

Ratio of Academic Staff to Students = 1:7

The Junior Staff position has not been examined here.

D. COSTINGS

(a) Recurrent Expenditure

$$\frac{£1,140,000 \text{ approx.}}{1,500 \text{ Students}} = £760 \text{ per annum per Student}$$

(b) Average Capital Expenditure per Student
(Assuming all capital resources expended at once)

$$\frac{£4,746,000}{1,500 \text{ Students}} = £3,160 \text{ per student}$$

NOTE: The above is a rough estimate as the capital works and buildings are expected to last many years and depreciation will reduce capital expenditure per student proportionately as time goes on.

E. Estimate of sums required to provide for different numbers of students based on the financial budget examined above:

1. Assuming that the University is entirely residential and that Halls instead of Hostels are provided for students :

<u>Amount Available</u>	<u>Recurrent Exp. per annum</u>	<u>No. of Students that these sums will provide for</u>
£2m	£478,800	630
£2.5m.	£608,000	800
£3m	£722,000	950

2. Assuming that the University is partially residential and only two Halls are built (one for male and one for female (undergraduates) with facilities for non-residential students to take lunch on the campus.

£2m	£473,900	700
£2.5m.	£591,698	874
£3m.	£711,650	1,050

3. Assuming that it is entirely non-residential

£2m.	£494,210	730
£2.5m.	£621,910	930
£3m.	£737,930	1,090

IV. Investigation of possible economy measures.

(a) Accommodation:

In order to achieve economy, the committee accepts the sound principle that accommodation for staff and students as well as administrative offices should be functional and attractive but NOT luxurious. Some savings may also be made by encouraging indigenous building contractors to take part in the construction of buildings.

Staff Housing Scheme

1. The present practice all over the country, of charging rent in proportion to income leaves much to be desired. After careful consideration, the committee believes that economical rent should be charged for staff accommodation except in certain special circumstances (e.g. in the case of non-Nigerian members of staff), when rent may be allowed to be a percentage of salary.

2. Those Nigerian members of staff who wish to own houses should be encouraged to build their own houses. The University can stand as surety for the initial capital required by the West Regional Housing Corporation whilst the house is being built after which it will be mortgaged and the guarantee by the University will lapse. The transaction between the University and the Western Region Housing Corporation should be by special arrangement and should not involve the University in cash expenditure on behalf of staff. For the purpose of making this workable, the main University campus should be separate from the housing estate. Members of staff who retire or resign may, if they wish, sell their houses to the University authorities who can then re-sell or let to replacing staff. All such property should be on a long term

leasehold basis and the lease should be reasonable. It is important to note that a scheme similar to the above is at present operated by the University College, Ibadan, to encourage staff to live outside the College campus.

3. The Housing Corporation may be approached to build houses for rent near the University. Any of these three proposals should reduce the burden of initial expenditure on housing.

Student Accommodation:

Accommodation for students should be planned in such a way that they can help themselves at some of their meals. Dining rooms and kitchens should be designed to take account of this. Breakfast and lunch should be served on the cafeteria system. In this way, expenses on the engagement of domestic staff will be considerably reduced. The cost of building a hostel to accommodate 600 students in a modern tropical University is £250,000, whereas the cost of building a hall for 200 students in the same University is £106,464. Three such halls which will accommodate 600 student will therefore cost £310,400 approximately; this is £60,400 more expensive than a hostel for the same number of students. The reason for this extra cost is to be found in the difference in architectural design of both. The figures quoted above exclude cost of furniture which works out at £40,000 for 1,500 students.

(b)(i) Part-time student work:

It is considered important to encourage students to do some work on the College campus even during term. This will not only help to reduce the number of junior and intermediate staff employed by the University, but it will also provide students with an opportunity to earn part of their keep. It is obvious, that the Western Regional Government cannot always find it possible to award generous bursaries to students as it does at present and poor students will find this avenue a useful way of paying part of their way through college. Besides, this is an important character training device particularly desirable in a young nation. Facilities should therefore be provided for students who wish to do so, to work part-time in College (say two hours or so a day) during term. Jobs suitable for this kind of arrangement can be found in the registry, library, printing department and the halls or hostels.

(ii) Vacation jobs for students:

Students should be encouraged to organise, through their national union and with the help of the registry, a labour bureau which will make vacation jobs available to them. In this way, they should be less dependent on bursaries for sustenance in College. The faculty of agriculture of the University will no doubt be interested in this scheme as a source of educated labour.

(c) Staff leave conditions:

The present practice in most modern tropical Universities is to allow academic staff leave abroad (especially to the United Kingdom) annually and allow technical staff leave abroad once in 15-18 months. The administrative staff of lower cadre than Assistant Registrar usually follow the pattern of technical staff; the others are treated as academic staff for this purpose. The University at Nsukka proposes to grant leave with the usual financial benefits for all senior staff and their families once in two years. The committee, while considering this step a welcome one, believes that it has not gone far enough. It is necessary here to examine the various purposes for which leave is granted in a University before making any recommendations. These reasons are :-

- (i) To enable members of staff to rest mentally and physically and so remain intellectually alert.
- (ii) To enable staff to enjoy social contact with their families, friends and relatives.
- (iii) To enable staff to keep in academic touch with the outside world as for example in the reading of theses for higher degrees, attending learned conferences and seminars etc. visiting laboratories and libraries to consult colleagues in other universities on research problems.
- (iv) Travel is part of education and university teachers, like other teachers, should themselves continue to be educated throughout their tenure of office.
- (v) There is a fifth reason which is peculiar to the Nigerian situation and that is that the more frequently Nigerian members of staff go abroad on useful academic study leave, the more rapidly will they be able to learn to take over from non-Nigerian staff. Although it is desirable for there to be a sufficient number of non-Nigerian staff to make the University international in character yet a preponderance of indigenous staff turns out eventually to be more permanent and less expensive to keep than others.

A careful analysis of the five reasons given above shows clearly that annual leave abroad for all senior members of staff is indefensibly expensive. To support this statement, it is worthwhile to mention that in one of the most modern Universities in the tropics, leave facilities for senior staff and their families cost £150,000 annually for 276 senior members of staff. This represents a substantial fraction of the total recurrent income of the university. In order to achieve economy on this item, leave conditions are recommended to be on the following bases :-

- (1) Leave abroad for non-Nigerian staff (to their homes) once in 2 sessions.
- (2) Research leave abroad for Nigerian staff once in 3 sessions
- (3) Research leave abroad for non-Nigerian staff .. once in 6 sessions
- (4) Leave for Nigerian staff in Nigeria .. once every session

In working out the cash entitlements of staff during leave, attention is drawn to the fact that wholesale permission to take wife and children on leave abroad at the expense of the University is an exorbitant practice which should be dropped. Travel by sea should be by first class ticket and by air, tourist class. Consultation with other universities in Nigeria should be undertaken so as to streamline conditions of service as closely as possible and make recruitment easy for all. Monetary grant for leave inside Nigeria should not be less favourable than is offered by the Western Regional Government to its staff. It is important to observe that curtailment of these fringe benefits may necessitate appropriate increase in salaries. Since these salaries will be taxed, the Regional Government will still make some savings.

An analysis of suggested student intake and distribution into faculties on the basis of the financial analysis previously made on pages 3 to 6: in the first phase of the university development.

An analysis of suggested student intake and distribution into faculties on the basis of the financial analysis previously made on pages 4 to 6; in the first phase of the University development

Faculty	Scheme (a) (Entirely residential) No. of students	Scheme (b) (partially residential) No. of students	Scheme (c) (non-residential) No. of students
Arts	235	270	300
Science	300	325	430
Social Studies	50	65	120
Engineering	30	50	50
Agriculture	60	90	120
Medicine (pre-clinical	25	50	50
Total	700	850	1,070

N.B. It is more economical to take a 'not-too-small' number of students into the departments teaching theoretical disciplines than to take too few.

Generous provision has been made for agriculture on account of the needs of the country to train not only agricultural officers but also other workers with agricultural background in their training.

Medicine and Engineering have been made small because of expense. It is intended that these faculties should always remain at maximum yearly intake of 50.

V Recommendations:

1. In order to ensure that the Federal government will grant financial aid to the University, the committee recommends that the Western Regional Government, having studied the Ashby report on Higher Education, should urge that a National University grants committee be set up with Regional representation to enable the new University to have a fair share of whatever grants may be contemplated to the other Regional Universities.

2. The University should devote most of its funds to building and equipping first class laboratories and library and recruiting excellent staff in adequate numbers so as to provide excellent teaching and research facilities by which the standard of the University shall be judged. Luxury in buildings, in conditions of service of staff and in standard of living of students should be discouraged.

3. In order to assist endowment fund collection, it should be one of the duties of the Principal or one of his deputies constantly to look for grants for his University. To do this efficiently, a good public relations officer will be needed to liaise between the public and the University and vice-versa. Constant endowment fund drives should be made.

4. Hostels are cheaper than Halls and therefore it is recommended that hostels rather than halls should be built if it is decided to make the University partially or wholly residential.

5. There should be one dining room with facilities for self-service to a student population of 1,000. It is recommended that U.S.A. practice in this connection should be investigated and followed if suitable.

6. If the University will be partially residential or non-residential, a students' union building with dining facilities is imperative from the start. On the other hand if the University is fully residential, then the building of a student .../00

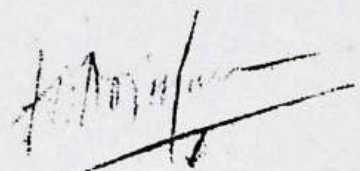
union can wait till a later phase of development.

7. The relative costs of a central mechanised laundry vis-à-vis separate laundry units or manual laundry should be looked into and the cheaper method adopted.

8. Bulk purchase through a central catering department which will distribute food to hostels is likely to be cheaper than separate catering by individual hostels and should be adopted.

9. A per capita annual charge of not less than £5 per student should be made extra to fees but included in total bill to cover cost of general maintenance especially the cost of electricity, because students are usually very wasteful of light. Experience shows that in a comparable university with a student population of 1,300 the annual electricity bill approximates to £30,000. The committee, before reaching the above recommendation investigated various means by which savings could be made on this item but found that no method discussed is tidier than the above which is least likely to be objectionable to students as the amount chargeable is not large.

10. Staff should pay their own electricity bills directly to the supply authority and not through the University. This will obviate the need to employ meter readers and clerks to deal with college electricity bills.



Chairman

SECRET

S.155/8/1

4 November, 1960.

S.L. Durosaro, Esq.,
Chairman,
Western Region Marketing Board,
Ibadan.

Sir,

I am directed by the Honourable the Premier, Chief S.L. Akintola, to call your attention to the public announcement which has already been made to the effect that the Government of Western Nigeria proposes to establish a University somewhere in the Region. As you are aware, the Government is already committed to undertaking several projects but it has been emboldened to contemplate this important project only because it feels sure that it can count on the support and loyal assistance of the Marketing Board.

2. I am directed to say that the need for a University in this Region is not only obvious but urgent. The number of persons who are qualified for and are desirous of obtaining higher education in this Region grows daily so also increase day by day our requirements for well-educated men and women both in the Public Service and in the private sector of our economy. It is, therefore, necessary for us to make preliminary arrangements for establishing the University as soon as possible.

3. I am, accordingly, to inquire what assistance your Board is prepared to render to the Government as regards this important and highly beneficial project. The magnitude of the financial assistance required can best be imagined by realisation of the cost of erection and maintenance of the existing Universities in Nigeria especially the University College, Ibadan and its Teaching Hospital. It is not expected, however, that the total amount should be disbursed immediately but the financial assistance could be phased. A substantial amount will be required almost immediately in order that the work might start and similar amounts will also be required in the first two years; thereafter assistance could be at a much reduced rate covering a number of years.

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- 2 -

4. The Honourable Premier is confident that you and the members of your Board will give this appeal for help due consideration and he hopes that you will let him know the result of your deliberation with minimum delay.

I remain, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

(Sgd) S. O. BIOBAKU

(S.O. Biobaku)

Secretary to the Premier
and Executive Council.

Issued
4/11

SECRET

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1/11
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5/1

WESTERN REGION MARKETING BOARD

(Established under Western Region Law No. 10 of 1954)

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: WESTMARK, IBADAN

TELEPHONE No.: IBADAN 464

HEADQUARTERS,

STONES ROAD,

PRIVATE MAIL-BAG No. 5032,

IBADAN, NIGERIA.

Please quote the following reference in your reply

C/W.1560/S.1/5.

SECRET

18th November, 1960.

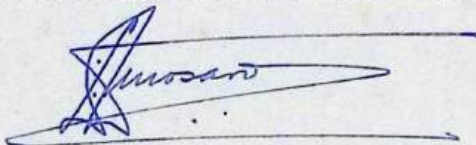
Secretary to the Premier and
Executive Council,
Premier's Office,
Western Region,
IBADAN

PROPOSAL TO ESTABLISH A UNIVERSITY IN WESTERN NIGERIA

P.1
I refer to your S.155/8/1 of 4th November seeking the Board's financial assistance for the University which the Government of Western Nigeria proposes to establish in the Region.

2. This matter will be considered by the Board at its meeting this morning and I feel confident that the Board will be prepared to give the project its fullest possible financial support.

3. The Board's decision will be communicated to you in due course. It would probably be early in December, however, before I am in a position to indicate the manner in which any financial assistance agreed upon by the Board at its meeting this morning would be made available.



CHAIRMAN
WESTERN REGION MARKETING BOARD.

US/PA C-1
18/11/60

CONFIDENTIAL

TELEGRAMS : PERMEDUCAT

TELEPHONE : IBADAN 2250 EXT. 14



MINISTRY OF

EDUCATION

IBADAN • WESTERN NIGERIA

Your Ref. No.

All communications on this matter should
be addressed to the Permanent Secretary
(private office) quoting

Our Ref. No.

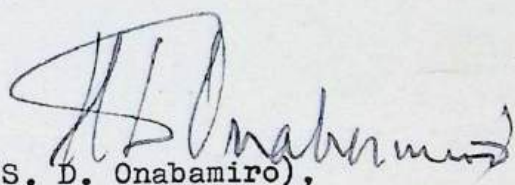
Date 21st Feb., 1962.

The Secretary to the Premier
& Executive Council,
Premier's Office,
Ibadan.

Financial Arrangements in respect of
outstanding Nigerian College Courses
at the former Ibadan Branch

PFS-11
I forward herewith copy of a letter, written to me
by Dr. Oladele Ajose, Vice Chancellor and Principal
of the University of Ife, concerning the financial
arrangements in respect of outstanding Nigerian
College Courses at the former Ibadan Branch of the
Nigerian College and a copy of my letter to the
Federal Minister of Education, Hon. Aja Nwachuku on
the same subject.

I should be grateful if you would bring this to
the notice of the Hon. Premier.


(S. D. Onabamiro),
Minister of Education.

CONFIDENTIAL

21 February, 1962.

My dear Minister,

Financial Arrangements in respect of
outstanding Nigerian College Courses
at the former Ibadan Branch

I wish to address you on the subject of certain courses which are now being pursued at the former Ibadan Branch of the Nigerian College of Technology, now the Ibadan Branch of the University of Ife. As you are aware, the University of Ife Authorities have undertaken to ensure that all courses which are being pursued in the college now, will be completed by the students concerned following the guarantee which I, on behalf of the University of Ife, gave to the Federal Government in this connection. The problem now concerns the financing of such courses which will not be University courses but have been initiated by the Federal Government in furtherance of the objectives of the former Nigerian College of Technology.

It has been suggested that grants might be made by the Federal Government, on the advice of the proposed National Universities Commission, to the Regional Universities in respect of the liabilities arising from the incorporation of the Branches of the Nigerian College but this proposal will undoubtedly complicate the work of the new Commission when it has been set up and, at all events, the Commission might not be appointed in time to deal with the problem of the continuance of certain Nigerian College courses at this University and elsewhere. I consider that the best procedure therefore, would be that these courses be dealt with separately and for this reason, I am hereby making an approach to you on behalf of the University of Ife for the necessary funds to be included in the Federal estimates for 1962/63.

At Ibadan, there are two courses that will not be completed by June this year. They are the Secretarial Course and the Pharmacy Diploma Course. There is a third course, that for Accountants, which is a sandwich course; in the normal circumstances the students would go back for practical work with their various sponsors after taking the Intermediate Examination in June and return to College after a period to pursue courses leading to the Part II. In the present circumstances, it will not be possible for them to undertake the second part of their institutional training in this branch and it has been suggested by the University of Ife authorities that the

Hon. Aja Mwachuku,
Federal Minister of Education,
Ministry of Education,
Lagos.

students might pursue that part of their courses at the Regional Technical Colleges or the Technical Institute, Yaba. This suggestion has my support.

I come now to the Secretaries and the Pharmacy Courses in respect of which it is desirable that the Federal Government should make specific financial provision for the University of Ife for the next three years. The Secretarial Course is to last for another year and for this, a provision of £7,502 is required. The break-down of this amount is shown in Appendix I to this letter. The Pharmacy Diploma Course deserves some fuller explanation at this stage. It is a 3-year course and at present, there are 2nd Year and 1st Year students. There are also some 25 Pre-Pharmacy bonded students who will, if successful at their qualifying examinations, begin their 1st Year Diploma Course in October this year. Thus, in order to fulfil the College's commitment in respect of the Pharmacy students, the last batch will qualify for their Diploma in June, 1965. Provision should, therefore, be made for this and the amounts required are as follows:-

1962-63	£76,125	
1963-64	£52,052	
1964-65	£31,549	£159,726

The break-down of these figures is shown as Appendix II to this letter.

The basis on which the general overheads have been apportioned between Pharmacy and Secretarial students is set out at Appendix III to this letter. The total estimated cost is:-

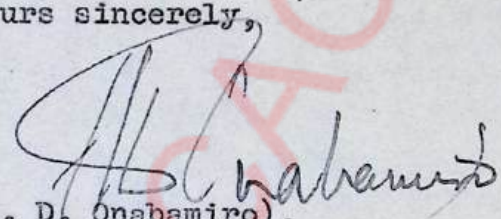
1962-63	Secretarial	£7,502
" "	Pharmacy	£76,125
1963-64	"	£52,052
1964-65	"	£31,549
		£167,228

A commitment will arise towards Nigerian College staff in all departments in respect of leave accrued but not taken up to 31st March, 1962. There will be a further commitment in respect of gratuities for all Nigerian College staff up to the end of the current academic session, a commitment not provided for in the Branch Budget which has formed the basis of the estimates made of overhead costs. The University of Ife would look to the Federal Government to accept both those commitments. Neither commitment is provided for in the estimates contained in the preceding paragraph.

I shall be grateful if you would give consideration to this matter and let me have your views as to what the Federal Government intends to do to solve these problems. Before I close, I would like to say that Dr. Oladele Ajose, the Vice Chancellor and Principal of the University of

Ife would gladly come to your office in Lagos to discuss the details of these estimates with your financial officials if you so desire that he should come.

I am,
Yours sincerely,


(S. D. Onabamiro),
Minister of Education,
Western Nigeria.

ARCHIVES OF OYO STATE

COMPLETION OF PHARMACY DIPLOMA COURSES

If the present College commitments are fulfilled the last students will qualify in June, 1965.

2. They are disposed as follows:-

(a) Pre-Pharmacy Banded Students

There are 25 students who will take their G.C.E. in June, 1962, and those who are successful in June, 1962, will proceed to the Pharmacy Department and will qualify in June, 1965. It is unlikely that more than 20 students will pass.

(b) Pharmacy Department Students

1st Year - 25 will qualify in June, 1964
2nd Year - 29 will qualify in June, 1963.

3. The estimated student population will be:-

1962/63 - 80
1963/64 - 45
1964/65 - 20

4. Staffing

The present staff consists of a Head of Department, 9 Senior Lecturers and Lecturers, 2 part-time Lecturers, 1 Demonstrator and 1 Chief Technologist.

This includes Mr. Ikotobosin who is on study leave in U.K. until September, 1962.

The staff will not be adequate for the three year course and the minimum staff requirements are as follows:-

In 1962/63	1 Head of Department
	16 Senior Lecturers and Lecturers
	1 Chief Technologist
	1 Technologist
In 1963/64	1 Head of Department
	11 Senior Lecturers and Lecturers
	1 Chief Technologist
	1 Technologist
In 1964/65	1 Head of Department
	6 Senior Lecturers and Lecturers
	1 Chief Technologist
	1 Technologist.

5. The estimated cost of running this course will be:

(a) For 1962/63

	£
19 Senior Members of Staff	
@ £1,850	35,150
Gratuity of 14 expatriates	
@ £150	2,100

	£
Passages for 14 families @ £540	7,840
Baggage Allowances for 14 families @ £120	1,680
Junior Staff Salaries	2,000
Students Subsistence 80 @ £90	7,200
Departmental Expenses, Materials and minor	10,000
add Share of Overheads (See Appendix III)	<u>20,715</u>
	86,685
less Fees Receivable 80 @ £132	<u>10,560</u>
NET COST	<u>76,125</u>

(b) For 1963/64:

14 Senior Members of Staff @ £1,850	25,900
Contract Gratuity for say 9 @ £150	1,350
Passages for 9 families @ £540	4,860
Baggage Allow. for 9 families @ £120	1,080
Junior Staff Salaries	2,100
Students' Subsistence 45 @ £90	4,050
Departmental Expenses, Materials and Minor Equipment	<u>7,000</u>
	46,340
add Share of Overheads (see Appendix III)	<u>11,652</u>
	57,992
less Receivable 45 @ £132	<u>5,940</u>
NET COST	<u>52,052</u>

(c) For 1964/65:

9 Senior Members of Staff @ £1,850	16,650
Gratuity for say 6 expatriates @ £150	900
Passages for say families @ £540	3,240
Baggage Allowances for 6 families @ £120	720
Junior Staff Salaries	2,200
Students' Subsistence 20 @ £90	1,800
Departmental Expenses, Materials and Minor Equipment	<u>3,500</u>
add Share of Overheads (See Appendix III)	<u>5,179</u>
	34,189
less fees receivable 20 @ £132	<u>2,640</u>
NET COST	<u>31,549</u>

(d) Summary:-

1962/63	-	£76,125
1963/64	-	£52,052
1964/65	-	£31,549
		<u>£159,726</u>

10

APPENDIX 1

Completion of Secretarial Course

There are 17 students attempting Part I of the Final A.C.I.S. in June, 1962. The successful candidates will sit for Part 2 in June, 1963. It is assumed that all will pass Part I.

2. It is proposed that Mr. W. H. Bell be invited to remain to supervise these students, with some help from part-time lecturers.

3. The estimated cost of running this course will be:-

Salaries - Mr. W. H. Bell	2,060	
Gratuity	150	
Part-time Lecturers	500	
Junior Staff	<u>250</u>	2,960
Passages and Baggage		
Allowances		450
Students' Subsistence 17		
@ £90		1,630
Departmental Recurrent		
Charges		<u>100</u>
		5,140
and share of Overheads		
(see Appendix III)		<u>4,402</u>
		9,542
Less Fees Receivable 17		
@ £120		<u>2,040</u>
ESTIMATED COST		<u>7,502</u>

ALLOCATION OF OVERHEAD COSTS
TO PHARMACY AND SECRETARIAL STUDENTS

The total cost (excluding capital expenditure and staff gratuities) of running the Ibadan Branch of the Nigerian College of Technology is taken to be £266,070 (Budget figure). The total student population is (1961/62) 292. It is assumed that £266,070 is the level of current expenditure appropriate to such a student population.

Total current expenditure (292 students) £266,070
Less items separately costed in
Appendices I & II:-

Salaries	£125,736	
Passages and Baggage Allowances	32,724	
Students' Subsistence	23,000	
Materials and Minor Equipment	2,000	190,460
Overheads to be Apportioned		75,610

1962/63

Pharmacy	$£75,610 \times \frac{80}{292} =$	20,715
Secretarial	$£75,610 \times \frac{17}{292} =$	4,402

1963/64

Pharmacy	$£75,610 \times \frac{45}{292} =$	11,652
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1964/65:

Pharmacy	$£75,610 \times \frac{20}{292} =$	5,179
		41,948

S U M M A R Y

Estimated Cost of Secretarial Courses	7,502
Estimated Cost of Pharmacy Courses	159,726
	<u>£167,228</u>

S.P.E.C.

Page 4. Our Minister of Education has written to the Federal Minister of Education concerning the financing of certain courses (Secretarial Course, Pharmacy Diploma, Accountancy) which are being run at the Ibadan Branch of the Nigerian College of Technology. Since the College is being handed over to the University of Ife, it is ^{requested} ~~required~~ that courses which are not of University standard should be financed by the Federal Government until such a time that the last batch of students in these departments complete their training. Financial provision will have to be made for the running of these courses during the next three years and it is estimated that provision of £7,502 will be required in respect of the Secretarial Course and £159,726 in respect of the Pharmacy Course.

2. Attention of the Federal Minister of Education is also invited to the fact that commitment will arise towards the Nigerian College staff in all departments in respect of earned leave not taken up to the 31st March, 1962; there will be a further commitment in respect of gratuity in respect of all Nigerian College staff up to the end of the current Academic Session. So far, no provision has been made for these two items by the Federal Government and they are not taken into account in the financial estimates given in the preceding paragraph.

1/10/65
S.D. Asabia.
U.S.
1/8

24/2/62

U.S.

The Hon. P. has been informed of the contents of the Mr. K.D.'s letter.

P.Q.

W2 27/2.

RA 1/10/65 25/2

THE UNIVERSITY OF Ife, NIGERIA

Ibadan Branch.

Ibadan.

Vice-Chancellor :-

GLADELL A. AJOSI, O.B.E., M.D. (GLAS), D.S.E., J.P.

Pro-Vice-Chancellor :-

S. O. BIOMAKU, C.M.G., M.A. (CANTAB), PH.D. (LOND.)

Registrar :-

A. Y. EKE, M.A. (CANTAB), B.Sc. (LOND.)

OUR REF.

YOUR REF.

DATE 16 FEBRUARY 1962

The Hon. Dr S.D. Okebasiro,
Minister of Education,
Ministry of Education,
IBADAN.

My dear Minister,

Financial Arrangements in respect of
outstanding Nigerian College Courses
at the former Ibadan Branch.

I wish to address you on the subject of certain courses which are now being pursued at the former Ibadan Branch of the Nigerian College of Technology, now the Ibadan Branch of the University of Ife. As you are aware, we have undertaken to ensure that all courses which are being pursued here now will be completed by the students concerned following the guarantee which you gave to the Federal Government in this connection. The problem now concerns the financing of such courses which will not be University courses but have been initiated by the Federal Government in furtherance of the objectives of the former Nigerian College of Technology.

2. It has been suggested that grants might be made by the Federal Government, on the advice of the proposed National Universities Commission, to the Regional Universities in respect of the liabilities arising from the incorporation of the Branches of the Nigerian College but this proposal will undoubtedly complicate the work of the new Commission when it has been set up and, at all events, the Commission might not be appointed in time to deal with the problem of the continuance of certain Nigerian College courses at this University and elsewhere. It would seem best to us, therefore, that the question of these courses be dealt with separately and an approach made to the Federal Government in time for the necessary funds to be included in the Federal Estimates for 1962/63.

3. At this University there are two courses that will not be completed by June this year. They are the Secretarial Course and the Pharmacy Diploma Course. There is a third course, that for Accountants, which is a sandwich course: in the normal circumstances the students would go back for practical work with their various sponsors after taking the Intermediate Examination in June and return to College after a period to pursue courses leading to the Part II. In the present circumstances, it will not be possible for them to undertake the second part of their institutional training in this University and we suggest that they might do this at the Regional Technical Colleges or the Technical Institute, Yaba. I should be grateful if you could advise

The/

THE UNIVERSITY OF IFE, NIGERIA

Medical Branch

Medicine

14

Vice-Chancellor

CLAUDE A. ADEGBE, O.B.S., M.B. (GLASGOW), D.P.H., I.F.

Pro-Vice-Chancellor

S. O. BODAYO, C.M.O., M.A. (CAMBRIDGE), PH.D. (LONDON)

Registrar

A. Y. EKE, M.A. (CAMBRIDGE), B.Sc. (LONDON)

OUR REF

YOUR REF

DATE 16 February, 1962

the Federal Government of the position in regard to the Association of Certified and Incorporated Accountants Course so as to ensure the completion of the Course by those concerned in due time.

4. I come now to the Secretaries and the Pharmacy Courses in respect of which it is desirable that the Federal Government should make specific financial provision at this University for the next three years. The Secretarial Course is to last for another year and for this a provision of 27,502 is required. The break-down of this amount is shown in Appendix I to this letter. The Pharmacy Diploma Course deserves some fuller explanation at this stage. It is a 3-year course and at present there are 2nd Year and 1st Year students. There are also some 25 Pre-Pharmacy bonded students who will, if successful at their qualifying examinations, begin their 1st Year Diploma Course in October this year. Thus, in order to fulfil the College's commitment in respect of the Pharmacy students, the last batch will qualify for their Diploma in June, 1965. Provision should, therefore, be made for this and the amounts required are as follows:

1962-63	£76,125	
1963-64	£52,052	
1964-65	£31,549	£159,726

The break-down of these figures is shown as Appendix II to this letter.

5. The basis on which the general overheads have been apportioned between Pharmacy and Secretarial students is set out at Appendix III to this letter. The total estimated cost is:-

1962-63	Secretarial	27,502
1963-64	Pharmacy	£76,125
1964-65	"	£52,052
	"	£31,549
		£187,228

6. A commitment will arise towards Nigerian College staff in all departments in respect of leave accrued but not taken up to 31st March, 1962. There will be a further commitment in respect of gratuities for all Nigerian College staff up to the end of the current academic session, a commitment not provided for in the Branch Budget which has formed the basis of the estimates made of overhead costs. This University would look to the Federal Government to accept both those commitments. Neither commitment is provided for in the estimates contained in the preceding paragraph.

7. There is one further word of explanation necessary in respect of Pharmacy; that is, that we have come to the conclusion that it is best to plan for the retention of the Diploma Course and the staff specifically appointed for it without prejudice to our own intention to upgrade the course to the degree status and the reorganizing of our own University.

THE UNIVERSITY OF IFE, NIGERIA

Unifun House,

Ibadan.

Vice-Chancellor -

GLADISLE A. AJOSE, D.B.S., M.D. (SEAS), D.P.H., F.R.C.

Pro-Vice-Chancellor -

S. O. BIODAKU, C.M.D., M.A. (CANTAB), Ph.D. (LOND)

Registrar -

A. Y. EKE, M.A. (CANTAB), B.Sc. (LOND)

OUR REF.

YOUR REF.

DATE 15 FEBRUARY 1962

Pharmacy staff. With the students pursuing the course for which they were admitted and the staff enjoying their special conditions of service the sailing will be smooth; otherwise, complications arising from the change-over will undoubtedly endanger the continuance of the course.

8. I should be grateful if you would consider the points raised in this letter with a view to making the necessary approach to the Federal Government as soon as possible. If you would like any further explanation, I am prepared to come and see you to discuss the matter in greater detail if you would indicate a time convenient to you.

Yours sincerely,

Gladsle A. Aiose
Vice-Chancellor and Principal

Completion of Secretarial Courses

There are 17 students attempting Part I of the Final A.C.I.S. in June 1962. The successful candidates will sit for Part 2 in June 1963. It is assumed that all will pass Part I.

2. It is proposed that Mr. W.H. Bell be invited to remain to supervise these students, with some help from part-time lecturers.

3. The estimated cost of running this course will be :-

Salaries - Mr. W.H. Bell	2,000	
Gratuity	150	
Part-time Lecturers	500	
Junior Staff	210	2,960
Passages and Baggage Allowances		450
Students' Subsistence 17 @ £50		1,650
Departmental Recurrent Charges		100
		5,160
and share of Overheads (see Appendix III)		4,102
		9,542
Less Fees Receivable 17 @ £120		2,040
ESTIMATED COST		7,502

CONTINUITY OF PHARMACY DIPLOMA COURSES

If the present College commitments are fulfilled the last students will qualify in June 1965.

2. They are disposed as follows :

(a) Pre-Pharmacy Bonder Students

There are 25 students who will take their C.C.F. in June 1962 and those who are successful in June 1962 will proceed to the Pharmacy Department and will qualify in June 1965. It is unlikely that more than 20 students will pass.

(b) Pharmacy Department Students

1st Year = 25 will qualify in June 1964

2nd Year = 29 will qualify in June 1965.

3. The estimated student population will be :-

1962/3 = 80

1963/64 = 45

1964/65 = 20

4. Staffing

The present staff consists of a Head of Department, 9 Senior Lecturers and Lecturers, 2 part-time Lecturers, 1 Demonstrator and 1 Chief Technologist.

This includes Mr. Iketokoin who is on study leave in U.K. until September 1962.

The staff will not be adequate for the three year course and the minimum staff requirements are as follows :-

In 1962/65 : 1 Head of Department

16 Senior Lecturers and Lecturers

1 Chief Technologist

1 Technologist

In 1963/64 : 1 Head of Department

11 Senior Lecturers and Lecturers

1 Chief Technologist

1 Technologist

In 1964/65 : 1 Head of Department

6 Senior Lecturers and Lecturers

1 Chief Technologist

1 Technologist.

5. Costing:

The estimated cost of running this course will be :

(a) For 1962/63 -

19 Senior Members of Staff @ £1,850 ... 35,150

Gratuity for 14 expatriates @ £150 ... 2,100

Passages for 14 families @ £540 ... 7,540

18

Baggage Allowances for 14 families @ £120	...	1,680
Junior Staff Salaries	...	2,000
Students' Subsistence 80 @ £90	...	7,200
Departmental Expenses, Materials and Minor		10,000
add Share of Overheads (See Appendix III)	...	20,715
		<u>88,685</u>
less Fees Receivable 80 @ £132	...	10,560
		<u>76,125</u>
	NET COST	

(b) For 1963/64 -

14 Senior Members of Staff @ £1,950	...	25,900
Contract Gratuity for say 9 @ £150	...	1,350
Passages for 9 families @ £540	...	4,860
Baggage Allowances for 9 families @ £120	...	1,080
Junior Staff Salaries	...	2,100
Students' Subsistence 45 @ £90	...	4,050
Departmental Expenses, Materials & Minor Equipment	...	7,000
		<u>46,340</u>
add Share of Overheads (See Appendix III)	...	11,652
		<u>57,992</u>
less Fees Receivable 45 @ £132	...	5,940
		<u>52,052</u>
	NET COST	

(c) For 1964/65 -

9 Senior Members of Staff @ £1,850	...	16,650
Gratuity for say 6 expatriates @ £150	...	900
Passages for say families @ £540	...	3,240
Baggage Allowances for 6 families @ £120	...	720
Junior Staff Salaries	...	2,200
Students' Subsistence 20 @ £90	...	1,800
Departmental Expenses, Materials and Minor Equipment	...	3,500
		<u>34,172</u>
add Share of Overheads (See Appendix III)	...	3,189
		<u>37,361</u>
less Fees Receivable 20 @ £132	...	2,640
		<u>34,721</u>
	NET COST	

(d) Summary :-

1962/63	=	£76,125
1963/64	=	£52,052
1964/65	=	£34,721
		<u>£162,898</u>

19

ALLOCATION OF OVERHEAD COSTS
TO PHARMACY AND SECRETARIAL STUDENTS

The total cost (excluding capital expenditure and staff gratuities) of running the Ibadan Branch of the Nigerian College of Technology is taken to be £266,070 (Budget figure). The total student population is (1964/65) 292. It is assumed that £266,070 is the level of current expenditure appropriate to such a student population.

Total current expenditure (292 students) ...	£	266,070
Less items separately costed in Appendices I & II :-		
Salaries ...	£125,736	
Passages and Baggage Allowances	32,724	
Students' Subsistence ...	23,000	
Materials and Minor Equipment ...	9,000	190,460
Overheads to be Apportioned ...		75,610

1962/63:

Pharmacy	$£75,610 \times \frac{30}{292} =$	20,715
Secretarial	$£75,610 \times \frac{17}{292} =$	4,402

1963/64:

Pharmacy	$£75,610 \times \frac{45}{292} =$	11,652
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1964/65:

Pharmacy	$£75,610 \times \frac{30}{292} =$	5,179
		<u>41,948</u>

SUMMARY:

Estimated Cost of Secretarial Courses ...	£	7,502
Estimated Cost of Pharmacy Courses ...	£39,726	
	<u>167,228</u>	



THE TREASURY
FINANCE DEPARTMENT
FINANCE.....DIVISION
IBADAN · WESTERN NIGERIA

Your Ref. No.....
All communications on this matter
should be addressed to the Permanent
Secretary to the Treasury (.....
Finance Division) quoting
Our Ref. No. F.428/193.....

Date 17 November, 1962.

The Secretary to the Administrator,
Office of the Administrator,
Western Nigeria,
Ibadan.

Further to my letter No. F.428/184 of 7th November, 1962 and with reference to your letter No.G.692/11 of 12th November, 1962, I attach herewith one copy of the final minutes of the meeting held on the financial requirements of the University of Ife on the 24th October, 1962. His Excellency's amendments have been duly incorporated in the final version of the minutes.

Adebayo Adedeji
(Adebayo Adedeji)
for Permanent Secretary
to the Treasury.

Red 19/11
PM

P. a. WY 19/11

21

MINUTES OF A MEETING HELD IN THE ADMINISTRATOR'S
OFFICE ON THE FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF IFE AT 9.30 A.M. ON WEDNESDAY
24TH OCTOBER, 1962.

PRESENT

Hon. Senator (Dr.) M. A. Majekodunmi, His Excellency, the
Administrator.
(In the Chair)

UNIVERSITY'S REPRESENTATIVES

Chief F. R. A. Williams, Q.C., Chairman Provisional Council.
Prof. O. Ajose, Vice Chancellor.
Dr. J. A. Adegbite, O.B.E., Member, Provisional Council.
Dr. S. O. Biobaku, C.M.G. Pro Vice Chancellor.
T. O. Shotunde, Esq., Acting Registrar.
P. A. Towsey, Esq., Bursar.

OFFICIAL ADVISERS

Chief I. O. Dina, O.B.E., Permanent Secretary to the Treasury.
T. O. Ejiwunmi, Esq., I.S.O., Secretary to the Administrator.
H. A. Ejueyitchie, Esq., Secretary for Finance.
A. Adedeji, Esq., Acting Senior Assistant Secretary (Revenue).

His Excellency, the Administrator, opened the meeting by welcoming the University representatives. He did not think it would have been necessary for the Chairman of the Provisional Council to have attended the meeting since only the details of how the funds so far made available to the University had been spent were to be examined and discussed. However, he was happy that Chief Williams had been able to spare the time. He expressed his disagreement with the reservation which the Pro Vice Chancellor was reported to have made about government officials examining in detail the estimates of the University. University finances cannot be regarded as sacrosanct. He thought that there should have been representatives of the Treasury and the Ministry of Education on the Provisional Council. In any case it would

always be necessary for the Treasury to examine the University's estimates in order to be able to discover ways and means of effecting economies.

2. In reply, Chief F. R. A. Williams said he was happy to be present at the meeting. Dr. S. O. Biobaku explained that the University did not resent the scrutiny of its estimates by the Treasury. What he sought to point out at the meeting held in the Treasury on September 18, 1962 was that the University should not be made to operate as a Government Department. The normal procedure was for the Government to give the University a grant on a five-year basis and for the University later to account for the way such grant had been spent.

3. The Administrator assured the University authorities that he would do everything possible to ensure that the development of the University was not retarded for lack of money. However, the present financial position of the Region did not permit the giving of grant on a five year basis as suggested by Dr. Biobaku. While he would do everything possible to see that the University was not starved of funds, he also wanted to see every financial request was fully justified. He would therefore like the present exercise of scrutinising the estimates of the University to continue and he hoped that the University authorities would co-operate fully. The Vice Chancellor expressed the University authorities' gratitude to the Administrator for his interest and promised full co-operation.

4. The Administrator expressed surprise at the expenditure of over £63,000 for the clearing of the new site in view of the decision to delay the development of the site until the Region's finances had improved. It was explained that Government had given out the contract before the Provisional Council came into existence. In any case, it was added, the faculties of Agriculture and Science would have to be started at Ife and if the students now studying agriculture were not to suffer academically it was important to start the farm at Ife.

5. The Chancellor raised the question of the drawing of the Plans of the buildings proposed for the new site. It was explained that the contract for the job was given to

A.M.Y. firm of Architects by the Government and the bill up to date was £109,000. The Administrator reiterated the need to go very slow on the development of the new site. As it would be unrealistic to assume that Government was in a position to provide the money necessary for executing the Plans, he thought it would neither be prudent nor economical to continue with the drawing. He would therefore like the University authorities to take up immediately with the Commissioner for Works and Transport a re-examination of the agreement with a view to limiting the Region's commitments and cutting its losses. Only Plans which would be immediately executed should drawn.

6. As the meeting drew to a close, the question of official representation on the Provisional Council was again raised. Chief Williams said that while he would welcome having the representatives of the Treasury and the Ministry of Education on the Council, he thought that the implementation of the Bill passed at the Budget Session of the suspended Legislature would turn the Council into an unwieldy body. At present the Council has a membership of 15 which the Bill sought to increase by 9. The Administrator while agreeing that the Council should not become unwieldy, said he would like to be properly briefed on the matter before making a decision. He however stressed the need to have official representation on the Council.

7. The Administrator, before bringing the meeting to a close, informed the University authorities that he would authorise that a sum of £50,000 should be made available to them immediately. This amount would tide the University over pending further examination of their estimates.

8. After the University authorities had expressed their appreciation to His Excellency for his interest in the development of the institution, the meeting was brought to an end at 10.10 a.m.

UNIVERSITY OF IFE, IBADAN BRANCH, IBADANLIST OF ACADEMIC AND ADMINISTRATIVE
HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS

- ✓ Prof. Oladele A. Ajose - Vice-Chancellor
✓ Dr. S.O. Biobaku - Pro-Vice-Chancellor
✓ Mr. T.O. Shotunde - Acting Registrar
✓ Mr. R.S. Burkett - Librarian
✓ Mr. P.A. Towsey - Bursar
Dr. V.A. Oyenuga - Professor of Agriculture
Dr. R.H. Carnie - Professor of English
Dr. H.I. Davies - Acting Head of the Department of
Comparative Religion
✓ Dr. S.D. Onabamiro - Professor of Zoology
✓ Dr. N. Polunin - Professor of Botany
Mr. T.O. Fayiga - Acting Head of the Department of Chemistry
✓ Dr. D.F. Ojo - Acting Head of the Department of Physics
✓ Dr. R. Kurth - Professor of Mathematics
Dr. R. Hardman - Acting Head of the Department of Pharmacy
Mr. J.H. Price - Acting Head of the Department of Economics
and Social Studies
✓ Dr. H.G. Hanbury - Professor of Law
Mr. M.A. George - Catering Manager



Ref: NUC.004/18.

PREMIER'S OFFICE
RECEIVED
24 JAN 1963
WESTERN REGION
NIGERIA

12th January, 1963.

The Secretary to the Premier and
Executive Council, **WESTERN REGION**
Premier's Office,
Ibadan.

*My dear Sir,*FINANCE FOR UNIVERSITY OF IFE.

Members of the National Universities Commission will be at Ibadan from Tuesday the 15th to Friday the 19th of January, 1963, inclusive to undertake a visitation of the University College, Ibadan. The Chairman is anxious to take that opportunity of meeting the Premier of Western Nigeria or any other Minister charged with responsibility for the University of Ife in order to discuss the question of the financing of the University.

2. The present position, as far as I know, is that the University has not received most of the £1 million which it expected to have for a start and application has been received by me from the University for assistance from the Federal Government.

3. The Commission is anxious to know how much of both the Capital and Recurrent needs of the University are likely to be provided by the Regional Government before making a recommendation for grants from the Federal Government. The Chairman would also like to take this opportunity to discuss the question of Government scholarships for under-graduate courses. The view of the Commission on this matter is that, in order to improve the free income-position of the Nigerian Universities, all Governments in the Federation should be persuaded to make most of their scholarships for under-graduate studies tenable within Nigerian Universities except in those faculties where facilities are not available in the Country.

4. I should be grateful if you would be good enough to arrange an interview with the Premier or the appropriate Minister any day during the week. The Chairman will be accompanied by the Secretary to the Prime Minister and myself. I will be staying in the premises of the University of Ibadan and should be grateful if you would let me know when it will be convenient to meet the Premier.

Okoi Arikpo

Okoi Arikpo,
Secretary to the National
Universities Commission.

SPEC.

*H.P. will be willing to meet
members of the Commission on 9/1/63
at 10.0 am, pl.*

ceo 16/1.

P.T.O.

1224B

SPEC.

We spoke. H. P. now requests that the interview with him be put off for a few more months to enable him have enough information on the subject for discussion as he has just returned to Madan.

C.C.O.
17/1/63

NUC.004/18

18
240
19th Jan. 1963.

S.155/5/13.

Mr. Okoi Arikpo,
Secretary to the National
Universities Commission,
5, Oil Mill Street,
LAGOS.

I was very happy to see you once again at the University College campus last Friday, and was particularly glad for that opportunity of holding an informal discussion with you on the finances of our Universities in different parts of Nigeria.

As I told you, I am not in a position to speak with authority or to negotiate on behalf of the University of Ife. The Honourable Premier had given me a message to you and the members of the Commission that he regretted he would not be able to meet you on this occasion as requested in your letter No. NUC.004/18 of the 12th January. I was to let you know that he had currently under discussion with his advisers, the needs of the University of Ife and the amount of financial assistance that the Government could give ~~to~~ to the University over the next five to ten years. This discussion had not been finalised but it is hoped that before your Commission returned in May a decision would have been reached and he would then be in a position to answer some of the questions that you might wish to put to him. Meanwhile, if there is any urgent information you want about the University, which the University Authorities themselves are not able to supply, the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, should be able to help.

With every good wish.

Yours sincerely,

21
[Signature]
(T.O. Ejiwunmi)
Secretary to the Premier &
Executive Council

No. S.155/5/13A
Ibadan 19th January, 1963.

Copy to:-

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Education,
IBADAN.

For information.

W
(T.O. Ejiwunmi)
Secretary to the Premier and
Executive Council

pg.

FINANCE

Finance

15 January, 1963.

F.428/Vol.II/213

The Vice Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan Branch,
Ibadan.

✓ Secretary to the Premier
and Executive Council,
The Treasury,
Ibadan.

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Economic Planning
and Community Development,
Ibadan.

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Works and Transport,
Ibadan.

University of Ife:
1962/68 Capital Programme

I am directed to invite you to a meeting in the Treasury Conference Room at 10.30 a.m. on Thursday, 17th January, 1963, at which the 1962/68 Capital Programme of the University of Ife will be discussed in the light of the present financial position of the Region.

2. I shall be grateful if you will please confirm by telephone (21011/359) to the undersigned that you will be able to attend.

Adebayo Adedeji
(Adebayo Adedeji)
for Permanent Secretary
to the Treasury.

Nov. £200,000.

p.a.
W
29/1

SPEC.

TELEPHONE.....

THE UNIVERSITY OF IFE, NIGERIA

Ibadan Branch,

Ibadan.

Chairman of Provisional Council :-

CHIEF F. R. A. WILLIAMS, Q.C., M.A. (CANTAB)

Secretary of Provisional Council :-

~~XXXXXX (XXXXXXXXXX) (XXXXXX)~~

T.O. Shotunde

OUR REF. **FRAW/HT**

YOUR REF.....

DATE **15th January, 1963**

S E C R E T

*Use file up. n.
WZ
26/2.*

The Hon. ^{/Chief} S. L. Akintola,
Premier of Western Nigeria,
Premier's Office,
Secretariat,
Ibadan.

My dear Premier

26-33

During our last discussion on the progress of the University of Ife I informed you that we had submitted to the Administrator a rough estimate of our financial requirements up to 30th September, 1963, and that I would let you have a copy of this.

2. I am informed that after these Estimates were submitted there were discussions and it was agreed that some economies could be effected. Since these discussions the University has received grants from Government in two lots of £50,000 and £ 100,000.

3. I am anxious that a meeting should be arranged as early as possible, at which we could ascertain from Government some indication of the allocations that could be made available to the University in future so that we could make our plans accordingly.

FRAW Williams

CHAIRMAN

Provisional Council - University of Ife

ENC.

- c.c. 1. The Hon. Deputy Premier,
2. The Hon. Minister of Finance.
3. The Hon. Minister of Education
4. The Vice-Chancellor, University of Ife.
5. The Pro-Vice-Chancellor, University of Ife.
6. Bursar, University of Ife.

26

UNIVERSITY OF IFE
SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL REQUIREMENT FOR THE
PERIOD 1st AUGUST 1962 TO 30th SEPTEMBER 1963

Personal Emoluments (including all other fixed allowances) for 12 Professors	)	
65 Senior Lecturers and Lecturers	)	406,632
19 Administrative Staff	)	
General Administrative Expenses (i.e. Printing and Stationery, Insurance, New York and London Offices etc)		46,490
General Services (i.e. Motor Vehicle maintenance, Electricity, Water etc.)		175,416
Transport and Travelling		41,983
Miscellaneous Expenses		45,405
Essential Additional Houses in Ibadan		50,000
Capital Expenditure other than buildings		171,000
Extension of Science and other Departments to accommodate university teaching and research		46,000

2954,926

Bush Clearing and Farm Buildings at the Ife Site in order to establish the Faculty of Agriculture for October 1

50,000

31,004,926

UNIVERSITY OF ILL
PERSONAL EXPENDITURES

27

		2 months from 1/8/62 to 30/3/62		1962/63	TOTAL
		£		£	£
<u>Senior Administrative Staff</u>					
<u>at present actual cost</u>					
(including all fixed allowances)					
Vice-Chancellor		4,450			
Pro-Vice-Chancellor		3,500			
Registrar		3,277			
Librarian		3,477			
Surser		3,322			
Superannuation @ 10%					
basic-salary		1,510	5,275	19,636	22,909
Professors	12 @	63,722	7,424	44,564	52,108
<u>Senior Lecturers, Lecturers</u>					
<u>and non-teaching</u>					
auxiliary staff	24 @	62,527	17,689	212,555	229,957
<u>TOTAL SENIOR STAFF</u>			28,406	276,555	304,971

Junior and Intermediate Staff

Are used total cost of one
third of Senior Staff
emoluments

9,469	92,189	101,658
37,875	363,757	406,632

UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS
DETAILED STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

Period from 1/1/62 to 12/31/62 1962 1961

	\$	\$	\$
Printing and Stationery	1,700	10,200	11,900
Newspapers and Periodicals	100	600	700
Postals Telegrams & Telephones	1,100	6,600	7,700
Advertisements	583	3,500	4,083
Bank Charges	833	1,400	1,833
Uniforms	133	600	933
Travel	375	2,250	2,625
Insurance	583	3,500	4,083
London Office	833	5,000	5,833
New York Office	1,000	6,000	7,000
	<u>6,640</u>	<u>39,850</u>	<u>46,490</u>

UNIVERSITY OF ILL
DETAILS OF GENERAL EXPENSES

	\$	\$	\$
Motor Vehicle Maintenance	2,333	14,000	16,333
Electricity	4,333	26,000	30,333
Water	2,000	12,000	14,000
Students' Food	5,917	31,300	36,917
Consumable Catering Equipment	1,333	11,000	12,333
General Other Expenses	1,200	6,600	7,700
Post Office	520	3,200	3,720
Maintenance of Plant and Equipment	230	1,400	1,630
Maintenance of Buildings, Roads, etc.	5,800	23,000	31,800
Minor Works and Repairs	3,000	15,000	18,000
	25,195	149,500	173,416

UNIVERSITY OF ILM
DETAILS OF TRANSPORT AND TRAVELLING

	2 months from 1/8/62 to 30/9/62 1962/63		TOTAL
	£	£	£
Local (Staff)	1,333	8,000	9,333
Passages (Overseas)	4,400	17,500	21,900
Travelling (Council)	1,000	6,000	7,000
Leave Bonuses & Travelling Grants	750	3,000	3,750
	7,483	24,500	31,983

ARCHIVES OF OYSCAC

MINISTRY OF THE
PROSECUTIONS

	2 months from 1/5/62 to 31/5/62	1962/63	TOTAL
	£	£	£
Salaries	81	500	581
External Auditor	125	750	875
Staff Training	333	2,000	2,333
Medical Services	1,085	6,500	7,585
Hospitality	710	4,440	5,150
Membership of professional bodies	200	1,200	1,400
Examinations and Miscellaneous Fees	84	500	584
Other Visitors from Overseas	166	1,000	1,166
Gratuities	3,700	22,000	25,700
	6,345	36,890	43,235

UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS
ANNUAL REPORT - 1952/53
EXPENDITURES AND CONVERSIONS

1952/53

Disbursements and additions to existing teaching
 buildings and laboratories to meet minimum
 departmental needs

18,000

Cost of new and used buildings
 and sites

30,000

48,000

ESTIMATED TOTAL

ARCHIVES OF OYSCAC

UNIVERSITY OF IFE
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (OTHER THAN BUILDINGS)

	1962/63
	£
Furniture and Equipment (Offices)	10,000
Furniture and Equipment (Quarters)	15,000
Catering Equipment	3,000
Maintenance Equipment	2,000
Motor Vehicles (Purchase of)	15,000
Library Books	20,000
Scientific Equipment and Sundry	100,000
Farm Machinery and Equipment	1,000
Mechanisation of Accounts	5,000
	<u>£171,000</u>

17
33A

FINANCE

Finance

F.428/Vol.II/218

30 January, 1963.

The Vice Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan Branch,
Ibadan.

Secretary to the Premier
and Executive Council,
The Treasury,
Ibadan.

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Economic Planning
and Community Development,
Ibadan.

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Works and Transport,
Ibadan.

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Education,
Ibadan.

University of Ife:
1962/68 Capital Programme

33B-19

I am directed to forward herewith a copy of the minutes of the meeting held here in the Treasury on Thursday the 17th of January, 1963. I shall be grateful if you will please confirm that these minutes are an accurate record of the proceedings of the meeting. If I do not receive suggestions for amendments between now and Monday the 4th of February, 1963, I will presume that the minutes are accurate.

C.O. Bajulaiye
(C.O. Bajulaiye)
for Permanent Secretary
to the Treasury.

p. 9. W
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335

MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD BY THE HEAD OF THE SERVICE
WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF IFE IN THE
TREASURY CONFERENCE ROOM AT 10.40 A.M. ON
THURSDAY 17TH JANUARY, 1963.

PRESENT

- | | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Chief I.O. Dina, O.B.E. | - Acting Head of the Service and Permanent Secretary to the Treasury - Chairman. |
| Professor O.A. Ajose, O.B.E. | - Vice Chancellor of the University of Ife. |
| Dr. S. Biobaku, C.M.G. | - Pro-Vice Chancellor of the University of Ife. |
| Chief T.O. Ejiwunmi | - Secretary to the Premier and Executive Council. |
| M.A. Macaulay, Esq. | - Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Works and Transport, |
| T.M. Aluko, Esq. | - Controller of Works Services Ministry of Works and Transport. |
| P.A. Towsey, Esq. | - Bursar, University of Ife. |
| T.O. Sotunde, Esq. | - Acting Registrar, University of Ife. |
| Mrs. F.M. Ighodalo | - Acting Under Secretary, Ministry of Education. |
| S.U. Chukujekwe, Esq. | - Senior Assistant Secretary, Ministry of Economic Planning and Community Development. |
| Adebayo Adedeji, Esq. | - Acting Senior Assistant Secretary (Revenue), Treasury. |

IN ATTENDANCE

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| C.O. Bajulaiye, Esq. | - Assistant Secretary, Treasury. |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|

UNIVERSITY'S PROGRAMME

1. The Chairman said that he had called the meeting because, following a letter written by the University Authorities to AMY, the latter had sent a memorandum to the Honourable Premier about the Ife University project and the Premier had directed that the University's development programme be carefully re-examined in the light of the present financial position of the Region. It was in order to carry out such a realistic reappraisal of the development plan of the University that the meeting had been summoned. The Chairman recalled that at a similar meeting held with the University representatives on 18th September, 1962, one of the decisions made was that the University's programme should be rephased so that the

21
330

total financial requirements during the 1962/63 Plan period would not exceed the Plan allocation of £5 million. Although the rephasing had been done, the capital programme alone would still cost nearly £3 million during the current Plan period whereas both the capital and the recurrent expenditure should have been contained within the £5 million allocated to the University in the Plan.

2. In reply, both the Vice Chancellor and the Pro-Vice Chancellor of the University expressed their surprise. It had been their understanding, they said, that the Plan allocation of £5 million was for capital development only. But in view of the statement of the Chairman, the whole programme would have to be drastically reduced in order to contain recurrent and capital expenditure within this allocation. The Vice Chancellor warned that such reduction in programme might involve putting the development of the Ife site into cold storage.

3. Both the Chairman and the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Works and Transport, thought that it would be a pity if the development of the Ife site were to be put into cold storage. It was felt that this might not be necessary since the finance for the establishment of the Faculties of Agriculture and Science at Ife might be coming from the U.S.A.I.D. All indications were that the A.I.D. would not pay for the whole cost of the project and would expect Government to contribute half of the cost. The Chairman in reply said that he had never understood this to be the intention of the U.S.A.I.D.

4. The Vice Chancellor also maintained that even if U.S.A.I.D. were to bear the whole cost of establishing the two faculties at Ife together with the cost of the necessary ancilliary projects, the fact that such cost would be deductible from the £5 million allocation would make imperative the need to think twice before accepting it.

5. In reply, the Chairman said that although one of the basic assumptions of the Plan was that 50% of the Plan's projected outlay would come from external sources, the University authorities should not regard the Plan as sacrosanct. What should concern everyone at the moment was how to get the assistance for the University project. Whether the value of such assistance should be regarded part of the allocation of £5 million or as additional to it would then be considered by the Government in the light of information available. In view of the importance which is attached to the University, Government would no doubt do its best to keep the University going. In any case, the newly established University Grants Commission should be able to provide the bulk of the recurrent expenditure of the Universities. It was pointed out that the Commission had already made an ad hoc grant of £20,000 to the University of Ife although the magnitude of future assistance from the Commission was still unknown.

/as

6. In conclusion, the Vice Chancellor promised to revise the University's programme in the light of the above discussion as soon as the Treasury has confirmed in writing that only £5 million would be made available to the institution for both its capital and recurrent needs.

II. THE STOPPAGE OF "AMY" FROM FURTHER DESIGN WORK

It was recalled that at the meeting held by the University Authorities with the Administrator in October last year, the Administrator directed that the University Authorities should take up immediately with the then Commissioner for Works and Transport the question of re-examining the agreement between University and the AMY firm of consultants in view of the decision to go slow on the development of the new site and the need to limit the University's commitments to AMY. The Vice Chancellor then pointed out that on the advice of the experts in the Ministry of Works and Transport the Provisional Council decided to ask AMY to stop work on all drawings except those for the faculties of Agriculture and Science. He thought that if the stoppage was to be a permanent one, the University might be called upon to pay damages to the tune of about two hundred thousand pounds for a breach of contract.

2. The Controller of Works Services informed the meeting that it was the view of the experts in his Ministry that it would be cheaper in the long run if AMY were stopped permanently from continuing with the drawings of the building. His Ministry has always felt that the terms of agreement were unfavourable to the University and the earlier the agreement could be set aside the better. He thought that the question of compensation for breach of contract was not likely to arise. However, he thought that AMY might limit or prohibit the use of the design so far completed as a basis for continuing with the project since it has a copy-right on its drawings.

3. The Chairman then remarked that it was for the Provisional Council of the University to make up its mind as to whether AMY should be stopped temporarily or permanently but in doing so the Council would no doubt take into consideration all the points raised by the Controller of Works Services as well as the financial implications involved.

4. Before the meeting adjourned at about 12 noon, ^{??} members reiterated the view that it would be a pity if the University project was to be put in cold storage. The Chairman reassured the meeting that the Government would do all it could within its financial resources to get the University going but urged the University authorities to continue to explore the possibility of getting outside assistance. In the meantime, he went on, the University Authorities should complete as soon as possible all the preliminaries in regard to the faculties of Agriculture and Science so that the formal application for assistance for their construction could be made to the A.I.D. Authorities.

23 34A

FINANCE

Finance

F.428/Vol.II/275

21 February, 1963.

The Vice Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan Branch,
Ibadan.

Secretary to the Premier
and Executive Council,
Premier's office,
Ibadan.

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Economic Planning
and Community Development,
Ibadan.

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Works and Transport,
Ibadan.

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Education,
Ibadan.

University of Ife:
1962/68 Capital Programme

33A
Add
34B-D
I am directed to refer to my letter No. F.428/Vol.II/218 of
30th January, 1963 and to forward herewith the final version of the
minutes of the meeting held in the Treasury on Thursday the 17th of
January. As you will see the minutes have been slightly amended.

G.O. Bajulaiye
(G.O. Bajulaiye)
for Permanent Secretary
to the Treasury.

24 34 13

MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD BY THE HEAD OF THE SERVICE
WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF IFE IN THE
TREASURY CONFERENCE ROOM AT 10.40 A.M. ON
THURSDAY 17TH JANUARY, 1963.

PRESENT

- | | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Chief I.O. Dina, O.B.E. | - Acting Head of the Service and Permanent Secretary to the Treasury - Chairman. |
| Professor O.A. Ajose, O.B.E. | - Vice Chancellor of the University of Ife. |
| Dr. S. Biobaku, C.M.G | - Pro-Vice Chancellor of the University of Ife. |
| Chief T.O. Ejiwunmi | - Secretary to the Premier and Executive Council. |
| M.A. Macaulay, Esq. | - Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Works and Transport. |
| T.M. Aluko, Esq., | - Controller of Works Services, Ministry of Works and Transport. |
| P.A. Towsey, Esq. | - Bursar, University of Ife. |
| T.O. Sotunde, Esq. | - Acting Registrar, University of Ife. |
| Mrs. F.M. Ighodalo | - Acting Under Secretary, Ministry of Education. |
| S.U. Chukujekwe, Esq. | - Senior Assistant Secretary, Ministry of Economic Planning and Community Development. |
| Adebayo Adedeji, Esq. | - Acting Senior Assistant Secretary (Revenue) Treasury. |

IN ATTENDANCE

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| C.O. Bajulaiye, Esq. | - Assistant Secretary, Treasury. |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|

1.

UNIVERSITY'S PROGRAMME

The Chairman said that he had called the meeting because, following a letter written by the University Authorities to AMY, the latter had sent a memorandum to the Honourable Premier about the Ife University project and the Premier had directed that the University's development programme be carefully re-examined in the light of the present financial position of the Region. It was in order to carry out such a realistic reappraisal of the development plan of the University that the meeting had been summoned. The Chairman recalled that at a similar meeting held with the University representatives on 18th September, 1962, one of the decisions made was that the University's programme should be rephased so that the total financial requirements during the 1962/68 Plan period would not exceed the Plan allocation of £5 million. Although the rephasing had been done, the capital programme alone would still cost

nearly £8 million during the current Plan period whereas both the capital and the recurrent expenditure should have been contained within the £5 million allocated to the University in the Plan.

2. In reply, both the Vice Chancellor and the Pro-Vice Chancellor of the University expressed their surprise. It had been their understanding, they said, that the Plan allocation of £5 million was for capital development only. But in view of the statement of the Chairman, the whole programme would have to be drastically reduced in order to contain recurrent and capital expenditure within this allocation. The Vice Chancellor warned that such reduction in programme might involve putting the development of the Ife site into cold storage until the financial position improved.

3. Both the Chairman and the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Works and Transport, thought that it would be a pity if the development of the Ife site were to be put into cold storage. It was felt that this might not be necessary since the finance for the establishment of the Faculties of Agriculture and Science at Ife might be coming from the U.S.A.I.D. All indications were that the A.I.D. would not pay for the whole cost of the project and would expect Government to contribute half of the cost. The Chairman in reply said that he had never understood this to be the intention of the U.S.A.I.D.

4. The Vice Chancellor also maintained that even if U.S.A.I.D. were to bear the whole cost of establishing the two faculties at Ife together with the cost of the necessary ancilliary projects, the fact that such cost would be deductible from the £5 million allocation would make imperative the need to think twice before accepting it.

5. In reply, the Chairman said that although one of the basic assumptions of the Plan was that 50% of the Plan's projected outlay would come from external sources, the University authorities should not regard the Plan as sacrosanct. What should concern every one at the moment was how to get the assistance for the University project. Whether the value of such assistance should be regarded as part of the allocation of £5 million or as additional to it would then be considered by the Government in the light of information available. In view of the importance which is attached to the University, Government would no doubt do its best to keep the University going. In any case, the newly established University Grants Commission should be able to provide the bulk of the recurrent expenditure of the Universities.

6. In conclusion, the Vice Chancellor promised to revise the University's programme in the light of the above discussion as soon as the Treasury has confirmed in writing that only £5 million would be made available to the institution for both its capital and recurrent needs. The Chairman then promised to let the Vice Chancellor have the confirmation in writing of the fund likely to be made available.

II. THE STOPPAGE OF "AMY" FROM FURTHER DESIGN WORK

It was recalled that at the meeting held by the University Authorities

with the Administrator in October last year, the Administrator directed that the University Authorities should take up immediately with the then Commissioner for Works and Transport the question of re-examining the agreement between University and the AMY firm of consultants in view of the decision to go slow on the development of the new site and the need to limit the University's commitments to AMY. The Vice Chancellor then pointed out that on the advice of the experts in the Ministry of Works and Transport the Provisional Council decided to ask AMY to stop work on all drawings except those for the faculties of Agriculture and Science. He thought that if the stoppage was to be a permanent one, the University might be called upon to pay damages to the tune of about two hundred thousand pounds for a breach of contract.

2. The Controller of Works Services informed the meeting that it was his view that it would likely be cheaper in the long run if 'AMY' were stopped permanently from continuing as Consultants on the project. His Ministry has always felt that the terms of the agreement with 'AMY' were unfavourable to the University Authorities. It advised against the agreement right at the beginning. He thought that the question of compensation for breach of contract in the stoppage of Consultant's work like this was not likely to arise. However, he thought that 'AMY' might exercise its copyright over the use of all drawings that it has prepared before the stoppage of work. This would mean that another Consultant could not continue to complete part designs of certain of the buildings which 'AMY' has started. This however does not mean that the University Authorities cannot use designs that have been completed by 'AMY' for the purpose of construction.

3. The Chairman then remarked that it was for the Provisional Council of the University to make up its mind as to whether AMY should be stopped temporarily or permanently but in doing so the Council would no doubt take into consideration all the points raised by the Controller of Works Services as well as the financial implications involved.

4. Before the meeting adjourned at about 12 noon, members reiterated the view that it would be a pity if the University project at Ite should at any time be put in cold storage. The Chairman reassured the meeting that the Government would do all it could within its financial resources to get the University going but urged the University Authorities to continue to explore the possibility of getting outside assistance. In the meantime, he went on, the University Authorities should complete as soon as possible all the preliminaries in regard to the faculties of Agriculture and Science so that the formal application for assistance for their construction could be made to the A.I.D. Authorities.

P. a.

W
26/2

THE UNIVERSITY OF IFE, NIGERIA

IBADAN BRANCH,

IBADAN

Vice-Chancellor:

Oladele A. Ajose, O.B.E., M.D. (Glas), D.P.H., J.P.

Pro-Vice-Chancellor:

S.O. Biobaku, C.M.G., M.A. (Cantab), Ph.D. (Lond).

Registrar:

Ref. No.

5 May, 1964

My dear Sege.

I was instructed by the Hon Premier to draft a letter to the American Ambassador after a meeting which we had with (USAID) representatives HMF &c last Thursday at the Premier's Lodge and to send the draft to you for further action. The Premier was sorry that you were not present yourself at the meeting. I now attach the draft hereunder for your action.

Yours ever
[Signature]

117
35

SECRET

Ref. S.155/11/117

8th May, 64

His Excellency
Mr. E.G. Mathews,
The Ambassador of the United
States of America,
American Embassy,
King's College Road,
Lagos.

Your Excellency,

U.S. Aid to the University of Ife.

*Original delivered
to me in Lagos. W 13/5/64*

As you are aware, the possibility of our Regional University of Ife, at present functioning at its Ibadan Branch, receiving financial assistance from the U.S.A.I.D. has been long mooted. At one time it appeared as if the assistance would readily be forthcoming. I understand that the projected assistance was to be twofold: a capital loan to the Government in the normal way for establishing the Faculty and constructing the farm buildings of the Faculty of Agriculture at Ife, and, a grant for equipment, training, and exchange of academic personnel. In both cases, we understand that a contracting University would have to be found to undertake assistance project from the United States. One reason for the delay in implementing the scheme which has been agreed in principle since the inception of the University in 1961 has been the difficulty of finding an American University that is willing to accept the assignment, especially since Cornell University decided, most regretfully, to decline the offer, owing to commitments elsewhere. At last, the University of Wisconsin, following the initiative from the University of Ife itself, appeared to be willing to consider the contract. A second mission from that University has just completed a visit to Western Nigeria in this connection.

I am writing to you now, as my Government and myself are concerned at the delay in arriving at decisions in this important aid programme, especially as an interview, which the leading representatives of the University of Wisconsin, and some officials of the U.S.A.I.D. had with me and the Honourable Minister of Finance a few days ago, revealed some misconceptions about the University of Ife, which, I understand, might affect the decision of the Wisconsin authorities one way or the other. As you may know, there has been an important episode in the University of Ife which culminated in the termination of the appointment of the former Professor of Agriculture, for persistent flouting of the

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authority of the Provisional Council of the University, of which he was a member, and for gross indiscipline arising therefrom. This was followed by voluntary resignation, howbeit, in protest, by some of the lecturers who chose to support the Professor.

This regrettable affair was entirely a matter for the University Authorities, and I made it clear at the time, and again I am assuring you to that effect, that neither myself nor my Government interfered in any way in the matter. It was merely in subtle attempt to muster public support that those concerned sedulously employed the Press to give political colouring to a purely internal University affair.

Secondly, the question of the change in membership of the University Provisional Council in July last year was raised. It was supposed that the provision in the University of Ife (Provisional Council) Law which made it possible for the Government as the appointing authority of the Council to replace all its members at once would raise the question of instability of the University administration in the minds of the Wisconsin authorities and perhaps lead them to hesitate in committing themselves to the project. I assured the delegates, and again assure you now, that my Government and myself are fully conscious of the value of steady administration in a University, and would do nothing to endanger the stability of the University which is so clearly in the best interests of the University, the Government and the people of this Region.

As regards the publication case of 1963, I made it clear that the membership of the University Provisional Council has become so reduced that the former Chairman of the Council, Chief F.R.A. Williams, had requested the Government to make new appointments to the Council. In fact, the enlargement of the Council, for which an amendment to the Law provided, could not take place without reconstructing the membership. Moreover, the reconstruction did not, and could not, affect the permanent membership of the Vice-Chancellor and the Pro-Vice-Chancellor, nor the representation of the Academic Board which is entirely a matter for that Board. At all events, the present Law is only provisional and a Committee wholly appointed by the University is now working on the Draft Statutes which would provide the University with its permanent Council. It is my intention, and that of my Government, that the autonomy of the University would be firmly secured in the new Law embodying the statutes.

I apologise for writing at such length, but, as I said earlier, I regard the affairs of the University of Ife as of the first importance in this Region, and my Government is anxious for the task of building a first class institution of higher learning in the Region to proceed with the utmost speed. In the light of this

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disposition, we shall be grateful for immediate action on the part of the U.S.A.I.D., as the protracted negotiation in regard to this project is causing us much anxiety. If we knew definitely that the promised help was not forthcoming, we would be able to look elsewhere for assistance. I am sure you will agree that it is to our mutual benefit that we should eschew dilatoriness.

I should like to seize this opportunity to let you know that we are looking forward to your visit to Western Nigeria and that we extend to you the same warm welcome that your predecessor always received whenever he visited us. We also wish you a successful mission to Nigeria, and an enjoyable time in our country. Assuring you of our highest esteem and consideration;

Yours sincerely,

Sent
16/5

Sgd

(S.L. Akintola)
Premier.

No. S.155/12/119A.
Ibadan, 8th May, 1964.

C.C.

Director,
U.S.A.I.D.,
Lagos.

Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan.

For information.

Sgd
(T.O. Ejiwunmi)
Secretary to the Premier and
Executive Council

Sent
18/5

SECRET

THE UNIVERSITY OF IFE, NIGERIA

TELEPHONE: IBADAN 22251

CABLES & TELEGRAMS: 'IFEVARSITY'

720
38

Principal & Vice-Chancellor:

Oladele A. Ajose, O.B.E., J.P. M.D. (Glas), D.P.H.

CONFIDENTIAL

IBADAN BRANCH.

IBADAN.

Ref No. Conf. VC.138/3

May, 1964.

Secretary to the Premier and Executive Council,
Secretariat,
Western Nigeria.

U.S.AID to University of Ife

37
P.119

P.117
35

With reference to your SL55/11/119^A of the 8th I should be grateful if you would please convey my appreciation to the Premier for his Secret Letter ref. SL55/11/117 of 8th May, 1964, to the Ambassador of the United States of America on the above subject and which you copied me.

The letter is most welcome and I do hope that an early decision would be taken by U.S.A.I.D. as the present situation is interfering with help from other sources such as from the Federal German Republic.

Oladele A. Ajose

Oladele A. Ajose,
Vice-Chancellor.



PA.



SPIC
OK
Please take a
copy of this for
me. WR 7/7
39
EMBASSY OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Lagos, May 29, 1964.

Dear Mr. Premier:

117
35
I was very glad to receive your frank and thoughtful letter of May 8, 1964 (Ref. S.155/11/117) concerning United States assistance to the University of Ife. I appreciate your concern that decisions on this important project be made as rapidly as possible.

The United States assistance program to Nigeria accords high priority to agricultural development, and within that field there can be no more essential task than the education and training of Nigerian agricultural manpower. Because of our deep interest in this area of development, we want to be certain, as I know you do, that the important objectives in agricultural education and research can be met successfully and effectively. The assistance to the University of Ife from the United States now being discussed would represent a very major commitment of United States funds and technical manpower resources over many years. Careful and often time consuming deliberation is therefore inevitable and essential, as there will need to be complete understanding and agreement by all the parties concerned in the sizeable tasks that are involved in establishing a new university. Educational philosophy, arrangements for steady and autonomous administration and forward planning for orderly growth and development are, for example, critical considerations in these deliberations. Your letter is very helpful in this connection, and I am taking the liberty of sending a copy to the University of Wisconsin.

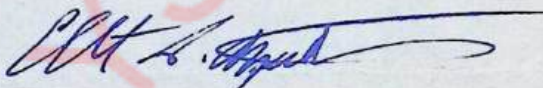
I understand the present situation is that the report of the Wisconsin University Team is now in the hands of Ife University officials and that we shall be receiving shortly the latter's views on the conclusions and recommendations in

Chief the Honorable
S. L. Akintola,
Premier of Western Nigeria,
Premier's Lodge,
Ibadan,
Nigeria.

the report. Concurrently, the Wisconsin Team is reviewing its report with other officials of its University.

By the latter half of June, when I look forward to calling upon you in Ibadan, the views of the two Universities should be further clarified, and we can discuss the prospects and problems of United States assistance as they then appear.

Sincerely yours,



Elbert G. Mathews

ARCHIVES OF OCSAC

Ibadan.

19 June, 1964. 41

Copy to:

Chairman of the Council,
c/o Ministry of Education,
Ibadan.

For information.

Secretary to the Premier,
Premier's Office,
Ibadan. ✓

For information of the Honourable Premier.

Permanent Secretary and
Controller of Agricultural Services,
Ministry of Agriculture,
Ibadan.

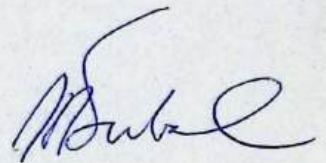
For information.

Head of the Economic Department,
Premier's Office,
Ibadan.

For information.

Head of the Faculty of Agriculture,
University of Ife,
Ibadan.

For information.



(S. O. Bichaku)
Pro-Vice-Chancellor

✓
27/6.

42
June 1964.

29-36
Dear Dr. Reed,

Thank you for your letter of May 12 with which you enclosed the Report prepared by a Team from the University of Wisconsin, U.S.A., which recently visited us.

I am grateful to you for giving us an opportunity to comment on this Report and I now transmit herewith a schedule of our comments (3 copies). I trust that the frank statement of our policies and needs stated therein will assist U.S.A.I.D. in deciding whether or not to help us and doing so without further delay.

With all best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

Cladele A. Ajose
Vice-Chancellor

Dr. W. E. Reed,
Assistant Director,
United States Agency for International Development,
Private Mail Bag No. 5102,
IBADAN.

43

Schedule of Comments on the Report of the Wisconsin
Team entitled "Educational and Economic Feasibility
Study of the University of Ife, Nigeria"

The Report is an impressive document, detailed, comprehensive and analytical; it represents the diligence and thoroughness with which the team approached their task. It is not proposed, however, to comment on the Study in every detail since there appears to have emerged a misunderstanding of the basic principles underlying the University of Ife's request for assistance from the U.S.A.I.D. The comments that follow will therefore, be limited to the elucidation of these principles and also to the salient aspects of the Study that touch the University of Ife most intimately in contradistinction to those that are of interest principally to the Regional Ministry of Agriculture and Natural Resources. Moreover, although the Summary of recommendations at pages 85 to 96 of the Report will form the basis of the Comments, it will not be dealt with seriatim for the reason already stated; only significant items will be embodied in the comments.

Objectives in seeking U.S.A.I.D. assistance.

2. It is important to recognise the objectives of the University in seeking assistance. As an autonomous institution established under Regional Law, the University cannot divest itself from responsibility for its own development and in academic matters its Senate (now Academic Board) is supreme in determining its policies. Owing to shortage of trained Nigerians, however, the University is unable to 'develop' all its Faculties on its own and so must rely on assistance from abroad in regard to recruitment of staff and training opportunities for its inexperienced Nigerian staff. Accordingly, since essential equipment is not as yet manufactured in Nigeria, the University is also obliged to seek help from abroad in obtaining its requirements. With these objectives in mind both the Government of Western Nigeria and the University authorities approached U.S.A.I.D. and we understood that assistance from this source would depend upon finding a suitable contract-university from America

through whose organisation any agreement on aid would be implemented. Hence the second exploratory visit of the Wisconsin team.

3. Since the proposals in the Report have gone far beyond our objectives in regard to our Faculty of Agriculture, it is essential that the objectives of aid be restated as follows :

- (i) the procurement of teaching and research personnel;
 - (ii) the training of indigenous teaching and research staff based principally upon a staff exchange programme between the University of Ife and the co-operating American University;
 - (iii) the procurement of field and laboratory equipment for teaching and research;
- and (iv) grants and/or loans for buildings.

Items (i) - (iii) which relate to the general educational policy of the University and the development of the profession of Agriculture in the country will be dealt with in the paragraphs that follow immediately and item (iv) later.

4. In the view of this University the proposals made by the Wisconsin Team are too elaborate and expensive in the long run for the purpose of achieving our objectives (i) - (iii). To start with, the suggestion that American advisory personnel be supplied with a relatively large number of counterparts is unrealistic since it ignores our real need for teaching and research personnel and shortage of Nigerians who can be appointed as counterparts. You must have the "doers" first before they can be advised. We do not need "advisors" who will carry on a minimum teaching load; our urgent need is for qualified teaching and research personnel who will work with such indigenous staff as we have and can recruit while others are being trained. Such staff would be fully responsible for handling their particular subjects; they would be accorded the academic status appropriate

to their qualifications and experience and would enjoy all the rights and privileges that pertain to permanent members of the University staff. They would be in a position to exercise their influence on the academic policies of the University through the customary frame-work of the Academic Board or Faculty Board of which they will be eligible for membership in accordance with the rules. The arrangement could be framed in such a way as to ensure that they render valuable assistance within the Faculty of Agriculture and withdraw as suitable Nigerians become available to replace them.

5. Such American staff as are supplied by the co-operating University would, of course, be available to participate in the selection of equipment that are to be ordered and in their installation and maintenance after they have been supplied. They will have in every respect the role of active participants in a joint-venture and not that of "advisors" in a parallel administrative organisation.

Integration of Research

6. Having established the required pattern of co-operation between the two Universities in regard to the developing of Agriculture as a university subject at Ife we would like to endorse whole-heartedly the views of the Wisconsin team that there should exist the closest possible collaboration between the University Faculty of Agriculture and the Research Division of the Regional Ministry of Agriculture and Natural Resources. We believe, however, that having regard to the realities of the situation at present obtaining in Nigeria, it is not expedient for the Faculty to absorb the Research Division immediately. Realising that the distinction between fundamental and applied research may some time be merely hypothetical, we nevertheless hold that it is the prime responsibility of a University Faculty to embark upon fundamental research without undue concern as to

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immediate practical results whereas it is the business of a Government or commercial research station to concentrate upon applied research and deal with specific lines that promise quick results. Both types of research tend to merge in the long run and therefore there must exist a close but clear relationship between them. In the circumstances, therefore, we are of the opinion that a co-ordinating agency is what is needed immediately and accordingly propose the establishment of a Western Nigeria Agricultural Research Council, whose responsibility would include the allocation of research programmes and resources to both the Faculty and the Government Ministry.

7. Such a Council as is envisaged would have its members appointed by the Regional Minister of Agriculture and Natural Resources with equal representation of the Ministry and the Faculty on it. In addition other interested parties and experts could be appointed to the Council as full or co-opted members. It will not, however, have any ultimate control over the Faculty policies since this is reserved by Law to the Academic Board or Senate of the University nor could the University seek to control the Council. The relationship which is one of co-operation and co-ordination in research, would nevertheless result in a better flow of qualified teaching and research staff, in the availability of more research facilities and in better communication between the Faculty and the Ministry in research matters. It would permit exchange of staff whereby Faculty personnel could move to the Ministry for periods during which they wish to concentrate on research in exchange with Ministry Research personnel who desire to combine teaching with research for limited periods. In order to facilitate this arrangement suitably qualified Ministry research staff could be accorded appropriate academic status in the University and, in fact, offered honorary or part-time University appointments.

8. It should be emphasised, however, that co-operation and co-ordination in research through the agency of an Agricultural Research Council is only a 'half-way house' which is necessary in the present circumstances of the two organisations concerned and during the period when the University is developing its facilities and consolidating its Faculty. The ultimate objective is the conversion of the Research Division of the Ministry into the Agricultural Research Institute of the University of Ife which, while leaving the Institute free to undertake applied and sponsored research, would guarantee the maintenance of high standards by ensuring that the calibre of its staff is the same as that of the University with its widely recognised canons of appointment and conditions of service which are free from Civil Service disabilities.

Integration of Extension and Training

9. We support the team's recommendation for close liaison with the Extension Division of the Ministry of Agriculture which has the responsibility for communicating the results of research to the farmers in Western Nigeria. It is impracticable, however, for the Faculty to take over the extension activities of the Ministry immediately and it is debatable whether it should do so in entirety in the future in view of the necessary involvement of this activity in Regional politics. It is expected, with the Ministry's blessings, that when the Faculty moves to its permanent site at Ife, its Department of Agricultural Extension would take over the extension responsibilities in the Ife district from the Ministry. This will afford a valuable guide for the evolution of future policies in this field.

10. With regard to the team's recommendations on Ministry of Agriculture's training programmes it is not our policy to be involved in the administration of the Ministry's schools of Agriculture. We consider it sufficient for the time being for us to be

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concerned in the establishment and maintenance of high standards in the schools through rendering assistance with the drawing up of syllabi and curricula and moderating the Diploma Examinations. In order to ensure this we would suggest an affiliation arrangement, the details of which should be worked out as quickly as possible between officials of the Ministry and the University Faculty Board of Agriculture.

Student Enrolment

11. Another point raised in the Report which has an important bearing on the development of the Faculty of Agriculture is the current poor enrolment of students. We would assure all concerned that every effort will be made to increase the enrolment and towards this end various schemes are under consideration to ensure that all those who qualify for admission will not be denied their opportunity owing to inability to pay fees. These schemes include provision of full and loan scholarships by the Regional Government and the Marketing Board and proposals for work-scholarships whereby students can pay their way by undertaking paid jobs in their spare time at the University.

Links with other Universities

12. It seems necessary to emphasise that the policy of the University is to forge links with various Universities in specific fields since no single Universities can meet the needs of all our Faculties. Such a link does not imply "adoption" or "sponsorship" by the particular University and it is not exclusive in the sense that similar help must not be obtained from another source. Rather it is based upon the realisation of a particular need and is mainly concerned with supply of teaching or research personnel, provision of training opportunities for our younger staff or assistance with the provision of equipment. Now the University is forging a link with the University of Heidelberg in respect of the Science Departments and the University of Giessen (both in Western Germany) in respect of certain of the needs of the Faculty of Agriculture clearly specified; and with the Universities of Sheffield and Edinburgh

in the United Kingdom in respect of joint-appointments in Law and History respectively so as to facilitate recruitment of competent expatriate staff. It should be noted that much of the additional expense involved in the link arrangement with British Universities is to be borne by the British Department of Technical Co-operation.

The University Law

13. One other point which the team has stressed is the apparent vulnerability of the University to Governmental interference as judged by the composition of its present Provisional Council. All that we wish to do is to confirm the assurance given to the Team by the Honourable Premier of Western Nigeria that his Government has never interfered in the running of the University and that the new Law which would provide the University with its permanent Statutes will place the autonomy of the Institution beyond doubt.

Assistance with Buildings

14. In dealing now with the objective of obtaining either grant or loan for building purposes it must be stated that this falls within the category of direct assistance to the Regional Government which is primarily responsible for providing the University with its funds. It has been confidently expected that U.S.A.I.D. would provide funds for erecting the buildings for the Faculty of Agriculture at Ife (and some time the Science buildings were also mentioned by U.S.A.I.D. officials as feasible) early enough to enable the University to realise the highest priority which it attaches to the move of the Faculty to the Ife site. Experience has now shown that despite the fact that negotiations and appraisals of the building proposals began in 1961, the procedure for deciding on capital assistance is such that with the best will in the world we cannot hope to start building at Ife for at least a year from now. It is clearly impossible for us to wait that long now and so the Government has decided to provide funds for the Faculty of Agriculture buildings from other sources. This item should, therefore, be deleted from the U.S.A.I.D. assistance programme.

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General

15. From the foregoing the objectives of this University in seeking assistance from abroad should be clear and it must be emphasised that it is neither willing nor in a position to accept aid on such terms as are contained in the Wisconsin Team's Report. In the circumstances it may be that the University of Wisconsin will be unwilling to accept the U.S.A.I.D. contract of assistance; in that event another University might be sought with the objectives of this University placed before it. We would welcome an opportunity of sending a small delegation from this University either to Madison or the seat of the new University in order more fully to explain our points of view and clear up any further apprehensions that may arise or stand in the way of a quick decision.

16. In conclusion, we would like to thank the authorities of the University of Wisconsin for their interest in this project and the enthusiasm with which it has been pursued. We regret that the misunderstanding as to our basic objectives in seeking assistance had not been cleared up earlier and we hope that the way is now open for fruitful co-operation with an American University in building up not only a first class Faculty of Agriculture at Ife with increasing opportunities for playing a commanding role in the destined agricultural revolution in this Region of Nigeria but also a University which will be second to none in maintaining academic standards, safeguarding academic freedom and serving the most urgent needs of its area in the best tradition of the land-grant Colleges of the United States of America. It is our belief that our objectives can be achieved only through multi-lateral co-operation with Universities all over the world which would lead eventually to the evolution of a truly Nigerian University personality at Ife. We still cherish the hope that we can count on U.S.A.I.D. assistance in this most exciting adventure.

UNITED STATES

for

INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

PHONE
1951-4

A.I.D. MISSION TO NIGERIA
C/O AMERICAN EMBASSY • P.O. BOX 2193 • LAGOS, NIGERIA
REGIONAL OFFICES:
ENUGU
LEADAH
KADUNA

Dear Dr. Ajoso,

Thank you for your letter of June 1964 and for the attached schedule of comments on the report of the University of Wisconsin Team. The several points discussed in your schedule of comments are most helpful in clarifying the University of Ife's views and, in general, we find them fully acceptable to the USAID. We believe they would also be acceptable to an American university.

I wish to emphasize, however, that the purpose of AID technical assistance would be to assist in the development of the Faculty of Agriculture and not merely fill teaching and research positions. In fulfilling this purpose the practical arrangements for the use of technical assistance personnel must be worked out in such a way as to permit them to have ample opportunity to be involved in the planning and development of the Faculty and related programs, training of Nigerian staff and an influence on overall policy as it pertains to their area of responsibility. This does not mean that they would not be "Users". It would be fully expected, as has been the pattern of U.S. technical assistance in other institutions in Nigeria, that they would roll up their sleeves and go to work on tasks of immediate interest to the University of Ife. Thus, the American university would want to and would be prepared to provide staff for such positions; if not already filled by Nigerian faculty, as Dean, Director of Research, Heads of Faculty Departments, and other essential staff requirements. In these positions they would be "Users" and at the same time have adequate scope for their developmental and training responsibilities. We emphasize the developmental and training role, however, because it is essential to the creation of an effective quality institution and education program as well as to the early phase in of full Nigerian staff and program leadership. I do not believe that we differ on this point except perhaps in emphasis. I fully agree, as was stated in your comments, that the American university should have "in every respect the role of active participants in a joint-venture".

Note
Action taken re p-53.
as requested
11/17

PA

Replace p. 53
with final draft
17/7

52

Ajose

- 3 -

June 1964

The Deputy Director (Acting), the Food and Agriculture Officer and I are willing to meet with you at the earliest possible date to discuss in more detail the specific role and arrangements for American university assistance. Presently, we feel the best prospect for fruitful action is with the University of Wisconsin, and that, as you have indicated, you should send a small delegation to that University. The delegation, however, should be prepared to discuss the University of Ife program with other U.S. universities in the event Ife, Wisconsin and USAID cannot arrive at a common agreement.

I see no problems in working out a suitable arrangement for training of Nigerians for teaching and research positions and in the procurement of field and laboratory equipment under USAID contract, if we are able to secure the required personnel under a university contract.

We have noted that you are not now requesting any assistance from the USAID for buildings.

Sincerely yours,

William E. Reed
Assistant Director

Dr. Gladele A. Ajose
Vice-Chancellor
The University of Ife
Ibadan

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Interview between the Hon. Premier and the Secretary to the
National Universities Commission held at the Premier's
Lodge on Friday, 12th June, 1964, at 10 a.m.

PRESENT:

Chief S.L. Akintola, Honourable Premier
Oba C.D. Akran, Honourable Minister of Finance
Mr. D.O. Arikpo, The Secretary to the National
Universities Commission.
Mr. H.M.B. Somadé, Chairman, Provisional Council
of Ife.
Chief T.O. Ejiwunmi, Secretary to the Premier and
Executive Council

The Hon. Premier opened the discussion with the information which he had received that the grants which the Commission should give to the University of Ife, in accordance with the decisions of the Government of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, vide the White Paper Sessional Paper No.4 of 1964, would not be paid for certain reasons. He asked the Secretary for clarification of this point.

2. The Premier also referred to the question of the transfer of the University of Ife from Ibadan to its permanent site and explained that the policy of Government is to phase the programme of transfer in relation to prospects of availability of funds. He assured the Secretary that the Government appreciated that in the interest of the University, this transfer should be completed as soon as possible. The Government, since it has no ready funds available, is agreeable to the proposal that the development of the University in Ife should be undertaken by contractor finance arrangement.

3. He then went on to stress that the Government did not interfere in any way with the academic policy and the academic work of the University; that it did not interfere with the appointment or discipline of staff but it certainly considered it as its responsibility to assist the University with its financial administration and, particularly, as it would need to guarantee the University in order to obtain funds from external sources. To this extent it would be necessary that the Government should have considerable say in regard to the terms of the contractor finance agreement and ensure that the conditions are the best available in the market. He added that it must be appreciated that the University is not competent to negotiate for loans

- (a) because it lacks expert staff and
- (b) because it would not be in a position to know to what extent the Government should be committed in entering into an agreement with the lenders.

The Honourable Premier was anxious to impress upon the Secretary to the Commission that the University enjoyed absolute freedom in regard to its academic pursuits. He, therefore, asked the Secretary to use his good offices to convince would-be benefactors of the University, and external institutions which are interested in extending assistance of all kinds to the University, that the Government is never interfered with the academic activities of the University in any way but certainly, and quite understandably, reserves to itself the right to exercise some control over the financial administration of the University in relation to its pace of development, but not with regard to the

day-to-day running of the University.

4. The Secretary, replying, stated that the Commission was not in doubt at all that the University enjoyed complete academic freedom and he agreed with the Premier that there was need for close collaboration between the Government and the University in the financial administration of the Institution. He told the Premier that the Federal Government had agreed that the Lagos University should be developed through contractor finance arrangement. He, therefore, saw no reason why anybody should object to a similar arrangement being made in respect of Ife. He added that he himself had heard the rumour that the Commission would refuse to pay the portion of grant from the Federal Government to which Ife is entitled if Ife resorted to raising loans for development by contractor-finance. He assured the Premier that this rumour was unfounded and that the only reason why Ife had not received its allocation of grant was because the money was not yet released by the Federal Government, and that as soon as the Commission got the money from the Federal Government it would release the \$200,000 due to Ife as soon as possible thereafter.

5. He pointed out that the Commission proposed, with the assistance of the C.C.T.A. to assemble expert staff which would be made available to the various Universities in the Federation for purposes of advising on the building programme and other technical development of the University.

6. He concluded by saying that the Commission realised that the American institutions which were offering technical and financial assistance to the Universities of the Federation appeared to be imposing on the Authorities of the University, unacceptable conditions which have resulted in the offer of assistance being rejected. From the Commission's knowledge and experience, this reaction of the Universities was considered to be wise, under the circumstances. The Chairman of the Provisional Council, Mr. Somade, confirmed this last statement and said that as far as his Council was concerned, the Council had agreed to issue a letter to U.S.A.I.D. saying that Wisconsin University was unacceptable after reading their report and had informed the U.S.A.I.D. that this decision was irrevocable and if the U.S.A.I.D. was still interested in assisting the University they should approach other institutions.

Atb.c

ARCHIVE

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

UNITED STATES A.I.D. MISSION TO NIGERIA
AREA OFFICE FOR WESTERN NIGERIA
IBADAN NIGERIA.

TELEPHONE
24101-2

W. R. FINANCE CORP. BLDG.
P. M. B. 5102, IBADAN.

May 12, 1964

The Honorable Chief S.L. Akintola, Premier
Western Nigeria
Ibadan

Dear Sir:

*attd. at
b.c.*

I am enclosing for your information a copy of the report entitled "Educational and Economic Feasibility Study of the University of Ife, Nigeria". This report was recently prepared by a team from the University of Wisconsin, U.S.A.

Copies of this report have been sent to the Vice Chancellor, Pro-Vice Chancellor, and Head of the Faculty of Agriculture, University of Ife. I am also sending copies to the Honorable Minister of Finance, Permanent Secretary of Education, Permanent Secretary of Agriculture and the Head of Economic Department, Premier's Office.

Sincerely yours,

William E. Reed

William E. Reed
Assistant Director

Encl. a/s

WEReed:jbc

PP
WV
12/29

F.428/Vol.III/444.

4 February, 1965.

The Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan Branch,
Ibadan.

Dear Sir,

University of Ife: Estimates of Expenditure
for 1965/66 Financial Year.

On the 12th of January, we met at your office to discuss the finances of Ife University with special reference to the Draft Estimates of Expenditure for next financial year. I have since had the opportunity of seeing the draft minutes of that meeting and I have already forwarded my comments thereon in my letter Reference No. F.428/Vol.III/439 of 23rd January, 1965. A few days after the meeting, your Bursar called at my office and submitted the financial requirements of the University between now and the end of March. He also gave me a summary estimated expenditure of the University for the next financial year.

2. At the meeting held in your office, I have attempted as much as possible to put across what I consider the stand of this Government as far as financial relations between the Government and the University are concerned. It seems to me that matters have now reached a stage where it is necessary for me to re-state this financial relation both for record purpose and for future guidance.

3. From the figures submitted by the University Bursar, I observe that this Government is required to release a further sum of £377,307 for the use of the University during the last three months, January to March, of this year. In addition, I observe that this Government is required to find a sum of £1,042,400 for the University for next financial year. I think I may be permitted in observing that these staggering figures appear rather fantastic.

4. There are a number of reasons which lead one to conclude that the estimated figures submitted by the University appear rather fantastic. In the first place, you will recall that I mentioned at the meeting held in your office that the annual release of funds for the University by the Government during the last three or four years has averaged around £250,000 to £300,000. It would therefore appear reasonable to expect the University, when drawing up its Estimates of Expenditure, to have at the back of its mind this indicator annual release average and be guided by it. In the second place, and this is a very important reason, the Draft Estimates prepared by the University does not appear to take into account the

estimated .../2.

59

estimated projections of expenditure prepared by the National Universities Commission in their Report published in 1963. The recommendations of this Report, as you are fully aware, were accepted by the Federal Government in the Sessional Paper No. 4 of 1964. It follows therefore that when the Federal Government announced that it would give a grant of 30% of the recurrent expenditure of Ife University, it was to be a percentage of the estimated expenditure recommended by the Commission. As things now stand, however, the University has budgeted for an expenditure which is about double what the Commission has recommended and the Federal Government has accepted. By so doing, the University has created an immense gap between its budget and its anticipated resources. As I mentioned at the meeting held in your office, I would like to emphasize again that this Government would be guided, not so much by proposed Estimates prepared by the University, but by the recommendations of the National Universities Commission which have already been accepted by the Federal Government and has neither been revised nor rescinded. Then in the third place, I have had the opportunity of seeing Estimates of Expenditure prepared by Universities very much older than Ife University and it seems to me quite clearly that in the light of the estimated expenditure of these Universities, that of Ife appears rather fantastic.

5. I now come to the question of the release of funds for the University for the rest of this financial year and also for the next year. Government has, during the current year, released to date the sum of £250,000 to the University. As I emphasized at the meeting held in your office, the finances of Government itself are very precarious at the moment. It had not been intended to release any more funds to the University this current year but in view of the representation recently made on the matter, Government will be hard put to it to find about £50,000 as further release to the University. Every effort is being made to be able to find this extra sum of £50,000 and it is hoped that this release may be made before the end of this month. As for the next financial year, the University may, in the light of previous annual releases and in the light of the recommendations of the National Universities Commission, expect a release of about £350,000 to £400,000.

6. As I explained at the meeting held in your office, we are taking into account the fact that the Federal Government gives an annual grant of £200,000 to the University in respect of capital projects. Since Government is directly executing the capital projects of the University, it follows that the grant from the Federal Government ought normally to be passed on to this Government. In releasing funds for the recurrent expenditure of the University, Government will take into account that the University is keeping £200,000 which should normally have been passed to Government. For this reason, the actual release to be made by Government will be correspondingly reduced by the sum of £200,000 which the University is keeping but which should have been passed on to Government. In other words, the release to be made by Government to Ife University during the next financial year will be around £150,000 to £200,000.

Yours sincerely,

A. O. Adebayo

(A. O. Adebayo)
Secretary for Finance.

SECRET

.... / 3.

SECRET

- 3 -

58
Ref. No. F.428/Vol.III/446.

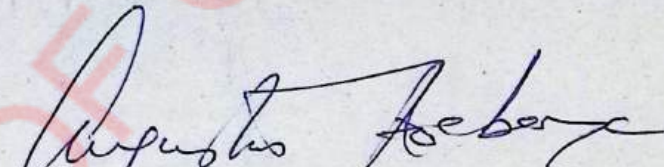
Ibadan. 4 February, 1965.

Copy to :-

The Secretary to the Premier
and Executive Council,
Premier's Office,
Ibadan.

Above for information. The finances of the University are in a rather disturbing state at present and I fear that before long, the University may find itself in very serious financial trouble. I have therefore had to send the above letter to the Vice-Chancellor.




(A. Q. Adebayo)
Secretary for Finance.

SECRET

Seen by.

RA -

WV
9/4

ARCHIVES

59

VC.56/Sec.9

27 February, 1965.

Secretary for Finance,
The Treasury,
Finance Department,
Ibadan.

Dear R. Ldeboyo,

Thank you very much for discussing our problems of finance with us and for your F.428/Vol.III/444 of 4th.

I ought to say most emphatically that the estimates prepared by us is not fantastic. They are based on the actual needs not only for running viable departments but also for the provision of adequate teaching and research facilities. It is wrong to compare us with older and well established universities which have become well equipped over the years and whose present capital needs in terms of buildings, teaching and research equipment are comparatively less than our own. These institutions are often highly subsidised by the Foundations. Moreover, it must be remembered that in most of the older Universities they do not have to provide subsidised housing for staff, nor schools, nor rely on transport facilities provided by the University and on other amenities the running costs of which are borne by the universities. Indeed I am sure that you are aware that our Universities in West Africa are small towns in themselves.

The Man-Power Board have expressed disappointment at the small number of Science students in the universities compared with the number taking Arts and similar Subjects, and strongly advocated increase in the number of Science students. The same opinion was expressed by the National Universities Commission at its last meeting. To meet this demand it is obvious that we have to expand and to increase intake into our science courses, - preliminary and undergraduate - providing adequate staff, equipment, and teaching facilities. My heads of departments have therefore drawn up optimum estimates to meet all our various needs.

No one more than myself and my colleagues appreciate the present difficult financial situation in the country and we are aware that we must cut our coats to our measurements. We have done this in the past and will continue to do so. But it is essential that we let the council know from our draft estimates what we regard as our optimum requirements even though we have to cut them.

60

It is pertinent to record here that never at any period have our accounts been in the 'red', and it is not out of place to mention the compliment paid us recently by the Secretary of the National Universities Commission, Dr. Arikpo, that the University of Ife is one of the two Universities in the country that have kept to their estimates and not overdrawn.

With reference to your para. 3 you will see from the attached that the revised sum to meet our commitments from January - March is £164,079. The first estimates sent to you did not include the £200,000 capital grant from Federal Government which was to be added to the £250,000 you gave us, nor did it take into account the 15 per cent cut by the Federal Government which has now been restored. All these have brought the revised figure to £164,079. Since we had our meeting with the Premier the Bursar has informed me that we have received a further capital grant of £100,000 from the Federal Government. This, together with savings from appointments not yet taken up, and drastic cuts, should relieve the need of any further grants being made to us this financial year ending March 31, 1965.

With reference to your para. 6, our total expenditure for the year 1964/65 is £650,000 approximately excluding such expenditure as on the Institute of Administration, Morgan Award, and Ife project (Cocoa Compensation). Ten per cent added to this for increments will mean a minimum requirement of £720,000 recurrent expenditure for the ensuing year 1965/66.

If we are to be guided by the Federal White paper, the suggested Western Nigeria Contribution is £490,000 and the Federal Government £210,000 which will give us £700,000. Fees, rents etc. will make up the £720,000 required. A capital grant of £200,000 is expected from the Federal Government for 1965/66 so that the total sum required of Western Nigeria Government for next financial year 1965/66 should be £290,000 to meet our commitments. If we receive less than this, it is probable that the Federal grant will be cut in the same proportion.

Will you please confirm that commitments in relation to Institute of Administration, and payment of Cocoa Compensation - balance £30,000 - are separate items not included in our normal grants.

Yours sincerely
O.A.

Oladele A. Ajose
Vice-Chancellor.

SECRET

cc: Secretary to the Premier & Executive Council, VC.56/ A
Premier's Office, Ibadan

27 February, 1965.

For information of the Premier.

Oladele A. Ajose
Oladele A. Ajose
Vice-Chancellor.

PA - WY 5/3/65.

FC/18/107.

UNIVERSITY OF IFEFinancial Statements for Period April 1964 - March 1965

I. Overall Actual Expenditure for 9 months, April to December, 1964.

	£
Personal Emoluments	267,909
Other Expenditure (printing & Stationery, transport, advertisements, passages, Council expenses, consumable materials, etc.)	148,358
Special Expenditure (Lab. and teaching equipment motor-vehicles, buildings, furniture and fittings, etc.)	167,932
	<u>584,199</u>

II. Special Expenditure which probably did not form part of the basis of calculation for the University's financial requirements of £650,000 for 1964/65.

<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Expenditure for period April - December 1964.</u>
Agriculture	12,989	3,688
Geography	11,900	2,431
Bookshop	10,000	10,000
Staff School	11,000	10,586
Extensions to Arts, Science, Kitchen & Bursar's Offices	3,188	-
	<u>49,077</u>	
		26,705
<u>Housing</u>		12,133
<u>Ife Project</u>		21,193
<u>Institute of Administration</u>		15,039
<u>Morgan Award</u>		10,645
<u>Payment for litigation</u>		6,247
		<u>91,962</u>

III. Estimated Expenditure for period January to March, 1965

One-third of I minus II above 164,079

IV. Income for period April - December, 1964.

	<u>Received</u>	<u>Expected</u>	
	£	£	£
Federal Govt. ($\frac{3}{4}$ of 30% £650,000).	120,000	146,250	
Regional Govt. ($\frac{3}{4}$ of 70% of £650,000)	288,000	341,250	
	<u>408,000</u>		487,500
Others:-			
Fees		50,160	
Rent, Interest and other income		18,292	68,452
			<u>555,952</u>

V. Expected Income for period January to March, 1965.

Federal Government		48,750
Regional Government		113,750
Others:-		
Fees	28,000	
Rent, Interest and other income	6,300	
		<u>34,300</u>
		<u>196,800</u>

CONCLUSIONS

A. For 9 Months, April to December, 1964.

Expenditure

Overall expenditure as in I above	584,199
<u>Less</u> Special expenditure as in II above	91,962
	<u>492,237</u>

Expected Income - As in IV above

555,952

It can be seen from the above that if the Special Expenditure (II) is excluded and had we received the total amount expected, our income would have exceeded our expenditure.

B. For 12 Months, April 1964 to March, 1965

Expenditure - As in A

492,237

Plus

164,079

656,316

Income - As in IV

555,952

Plus as in V

196,800

752,752

Again, it can be seen that for the whole year the University's Income should be more than its expenditure.

It should be noted that we would have larger reserves to cover unexpected expenditure had we received our full allocations in the past. In the academic year 1962/63 the Western Government allocated us £623,000 but only paid £512,500, a shortfall of £110,500. Then in the Government year 1963/64 we should have received 70% of £600,000, i.e. £420,000, according to the National Universities Commission. We actually received £300,000, excluding £20,000 specifically for the Institute of Administration which was not in the Commission's estimates, a shortfall of £120,000.

Salient Points arising from the discussion had with
Dr. Arikpo, the Secretary to the National Universities
Commission, on 10th February, 1965, in the Vice-
Chancellor's Lodge.

Cuts in Universities' Budgets by the Commission

The Secretary explained that the Commission cut the Budgets submitted by each University for the quinquennium, 1963/64 to 1967/68, in a manner they thought that can fit into the National economic positions for the period. The present experience we here are therefore having is not peculiar to us and it was not a case of under-estimation of our needs by this Universities Authorities. The Secretary promised, however, that all the Universities' needs will be reviewed satisfactorily for the next quinquennium beginning 1968/69.

Condition for Release of Funds by the Commission

The Secretary emphasized once more the all-important condition for the release of funds by the Federal Government, which is that the readiness of the Federal Government to release funds to each University is dependent on the Regional Governments' fulfilment of the Commission's recommendations as it affects their own share of grants to the University. He confessed that hitherto he has not been rigorously applying this condition, but hope to be able to discuss the point with Mr. Adebayo, Secretary to Finance.

Capital Grant

The Secretary revealed that there is sometimes some surplus with the Commission at the end of each year in respect of Capital Grants. Such a surplus can be shared between Universities if the Commission is made aware of additional needs before the end of the year. He, therefore, said that the 1964/65 surplus had already been allocated to a certain University so that this University should not expect any share of this year's surplus. The Commission feel that we may not start to move to Ife in 1966/67 Session as originally thought, and have therefore decided to give us a sum of £10,000 for necessary extension works out of the 1965/66 surplus that may arise. On seeing our projected building plans amounting to about £40,000, the Secretary sympathised with us and firmly promised that he would try his best to see that the proposed £10,000 be increased to say, £15,000, or

65

something slightly over. He however stated that if it is intended to carry out the proposed extension works, we should find money for it from other source.

The Vice-Chancellor suggested that it would be beneficial if the Secretary could meet the Secretary for Finance and the Chairman of the Provisional Council, before he returned to Lagos. The Bursar was thereupon authorised to book appointment with both the Secretary of Finance and the Chairman for a meeting to be held on Friday, the 12th February, 1965.

ARCHIVES OF OYO

F.428/Vol.III/514.

27 July, 1965.

Mr. Okoi Arikpo,
Secretary,
National Universities
Commission,
Cabinet Office,
Lagos.

Payment of Capital Grant to the
University of Ife.

The Acting Vice-Chancellor and the Bursar of the University of Ife held a meeting with me last week to discuss the position about the payment of capital grant to the University by the Federal Government. I was given to understand that the University can expect to receive the capital grant due for this financial year from the Federal Government on condition that the University will submit an account of how the grant of £300,000 made to the University last financial year was expended and also on the further condition that the University will show how it intends to spend the grant of £200,000 payable for this financial year.

2. I am addressing this letter to you in order to offer explanation in connection with the situation described above as regards the stipulations which the Commission expects the University of Ife to satisfy. As you may perhaps recall, capital works for the Ife University Buildings are being undertaken directly by the Government of Western Nigeria. The reason for this is obvious. The position of the University of Ife is not exactly the same as other Universities of the Federation as regards capital works programme. The other Universities of the Federation are already on their permanent site and a considerable part of their main buildings have already been erected. Their annual capital works programme therefore consists essentially of expansion and addition to the existing main structures on the campus. For this purpose, the level of grant receivable from the Federal Government and amounting to between £200,000 to £300,000 annually may be found reasonably adequate for these Universities to carry on with the task of expansion and addition which is a continuing process of a growing University.

3. The position as regards the buildings for Ife University is however completely different. The University is to move to a permanent site, fifty-five miles away from the present temporary site. It has to convert a virgin forest into a complete University Campus. As you will no doubt appreciate, there are certain indispensable and inescapable minimum number of buildings which must have been completed before any part of the University can move to the Permanent site. These minimum requirements have to include class-rooms, laboratories, students hostels, dining room and a few other indispensable structures. I

am sure /2.

228 67
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- 2 -
am sure you will agree that even these minimum requirements cannot be erected within a given time-table for the University to move in, with the level of grant coming annually in trickles of between £200,000 to £300,000 from the Federal Government.

4. By the nature of the essential minimum buildings required by a University before any part of it could move to a permanent site, the buildings have to be given out on contract together at the same time. Not only will it be wasteful and expensive but it will result in years of interminable delay were the buildings to be constructed by the University itself on the basis of the annual grant from the Federal Government. It is for these considerations that the Government of Western Nigeria undertook to finance the capital works buildings for the University of Ife. To this end, the entire building programme of the University was divided into two phases and a contract was immediately awarded in respect of the first phase consisting of buildings which form the minimum requirements and are indispensable for any part of the University to move to the permanent site.

5. From the above, I trust you will appreciate the peculiar position of the University of Ife as compared with the other Universities and also the compelling reason for Government to undertake the capital works. For these reasons, you will, I am sure, appreciate why the University cannot submit separate little accounts year by year of how capital grants paid by the Federal Government to it were spent. The intention is that in the prevailing circumstances of the University, capital grants paid to it will be used to offset the cost of the contract building works being undertaken by Government.

6. In order to satisfy you as to the nature and volume of the work now in progress on the permanent site and the value of the contract, I attach to this letter a copy of the contract agreement signed by Government with the firm of Nigersol Construction Company Limited to which the contract for the buildings was awarded. I regret the length of this letter but I thought I should explain fully the background of the peculiar position of our University here and I trust that you will find the explanation satisfactory and approve the release of the capital grant due to the University of Ife.

A. O. Adebayo
(A. O. Adebayo)
Permanent Secretary, Finance.

SECRET

.... / 3.

Ref. No. ^F428/Vol.III/516.
Ibadan. 27 July, 1965.

227
63

Copy to :-

The Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan Branch,
Ibadan.

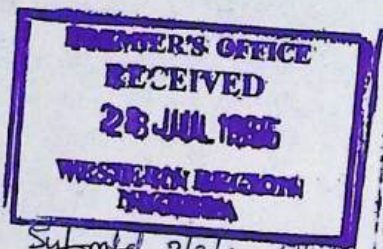
For information, with reference to the meeting
which you held with me at my office on the 12th of July,
1965.

The Secretary to the Premier
and Executive Council,
Premier's Office,
Ibadan.

For information.

The Hon. Mr. Justice E.O.A. Morgan, C.F.R.,
Chairman, Provisional Council,
University of Ife,
High Court of Justice,
Ibadan.

For information.



A.O. Adebayo

(A.O. Adebayo)
Permanent Secretary, Finance.

SECRET

PK

THE UNIVERSITY OF IFE, NIGERIA

VICE CHANCELLOR:

Professor H. A. OLUWASANMI, M.A., Ph.D.

SP/S. 175

OUR REF. CS.1/554

YOUR REF.

DATE 28/6/66

The Registrar, H.J. Balmond, B.A. (Lond.)

CONFIDENTIAL

The Secretary to the Military Governor,
Western Group of Provinces,
Secretariat,
Ibadan.



Sir,

The Provisional Council of this University, at its meeting held on Wednesday, 22 June, 1966 noted with great pleasure the allocation by the Government of a sum of £1.9 million for the University's Capital development.

The Council directed me to convey to His Excellency, the Military Governor, its deep appreciation of the grant and of the ready cooperation which the University has received from the Government in other respects.

Yours sincerely,

Registrar and Secretary to
the Provisional Council.

U.S.

Sub'd pl -

5/7/66.

C.R.

STG

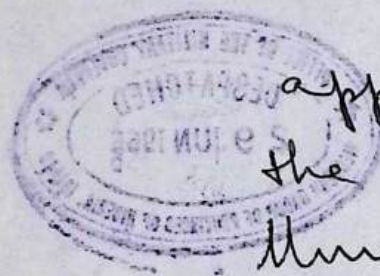
You may wish to bring letter above to H.G.'s
notice please. Indict
5/7/66. see P. 71

70

08.1.58

Y.E.

(Lord) ... E. Belmont



may wish to see letter of appreciation ~~overleaf~~ from the Provisional Council of the University of Ife.

The Provisional Council of this University at its meeting held on Wednesday, 22 June, 1966 noted with great pleasure the allocation by the Government of a sum of N1.0 million for the University's Capital Development.

[Signature]

S.M.C. 8/7/66

The Council directed that the Secretary to the University should be requested to write to the Ministry of Education, Lagos, to request the Government to release the sum of N1.0 million for the University's Capital Development.

Noted.

Sanjay
a July 66.

W.S.

Pls. ack. receipt of letter overleaf and seize opportunity to remind the Registrar of my correct title.

ARCHIVES

SP/S.195/71

11 July, 1966.

The Registrar and Secretary
to the Provisional Council,
University of Ife,
Ibadan.
Nigeria.

Dear Sir,

I am directed to refer to your letter No. CS1/554 of 28th June, 1966, and to inform you that His Excellency the Military Governor acknowledges with thanks the appreciation of the Provisional Council for Government financial provision for the University capital development.

2. May I seize this opportunity to call your attention to my correct official designation? It is 'Secretary to the Military Government' and not 'Secretary to the Military Governor'.

Yours faithfully,

(J. M. Akinola)
for Secretary to the Military
Government.

Sent
11/7/66
E.A.

11/7/66

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UNIVERSITY OF IFE · NIGERIA

Vice-Chancellor:

H. A. Oluwasanmi, M.A., Ph.D. (Harv.)

In reply, please quote

Ref. No. VC. 90/



Telephone: Ibadan 22261 Ext. 4

Cables & Telegrams: 'Ifeversity'

IBADAN BRANCH

30 October, 1966

Mr. P. T. Odumosu,
Secretary to the Military Government,
Governor's Office,
Ibadan.



Dear Mr. Odumosu,

PP. 73-6
Further to our telephone conversation of yesterday,
I attach herewith copies of correspondence between me and
the Ministry of Finance on the finances of the University.

As these letters raise fundamental issues of policy
about the relation between our Government and the
University, both the Chairman and I would like to have
an opportunity of discussing the matter with His
X Excellency, the Military Governor, possibly before he
leaves for Addis Ababa.

Yours sincerely,

H. A. Oluwasanmi
H. A. Oluwasanmi
Vice-Chancellor.

*EDS.
31/10*

30/x/66

*Discussed with PSMF. who promised to
examine and report.*

31/x

UNIVERSITY OF IFE · NIGERIA

Vice-Chancellor:

H. A. Oluwasanmi, M.A., Ph.D. (Harv.)



Telephone: Ibadan 22261 Ext. 4

Cables & Telegrams: 'Ifeversity'

In reply, please quote

Ref. No.

VO. 354/

IBADAN BRANCH

30 October, 1966

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance,
The Treasury,
Ibadan.

(For the attention of Chief I. O. Dina).

I am astonished by your letter of 18 October, ref. P.428/S.6/T/4, which is a direct violation of the spirit of the discussion I had with you in your office on 17 October, 1966, on the finances of this University.

I made it quite clear during the discussion with you that the University cannot operate as an arm of the Ministry of Works in the matter of its building programme. I understood you at the end of the meeting to have instructed the subordinate official who wrote me this letter of fundamental policy to release to us funds to enable the University to start work on the construction of the buildings without which we cannot move to Ife in January.

It is a sad disappointment to me when I returned from Lagos to find this official obstruction in the way of the University.

Your proposition that funds for our capital works should issue from the Ministry of Works is totally unacceptable. As you are aware yourself, this runs against University practices both in Nigeria and abroad.

There is nothing in the compilation of this year's capital estimates or in the Law which establishes the University to support your position. As far as I can recall from memory, the capital vote of the University was not shown under the capital estimates for the Ministry of Works. The University of Ife Law does not subordinate us to the Ministry of Works as one of its Divisions.

For purposes of financial accountability the Provisional Council of the University is directly responsible to the Government. The Treasury is always represented on our Tenders Board. This is to satisfy itself that the money given to us is used for the purpose for which it is intended. We have even gone further than Treasury representation and have invited a representative of the Military Governor to attend at meetings of our Tenders Board. Representatives of the Ministry of Works have always worked with our Tenders Board.

As you are aware, all Nigerian universities derive part or all of their capital funds from the Federal Government. The Federal Government has never insisted that funds appropriated to the universities for capital works should issue from the Federal Ministry of Works. Funds are issued directly to the universities and the National Universities

Commission is represented on the Tenders Boards of these universities to ensure that federal funds for capital works are spent for the purposes for which they are appropriated. This is the practice throughout the university world and this is all I ask for the University of Ife.

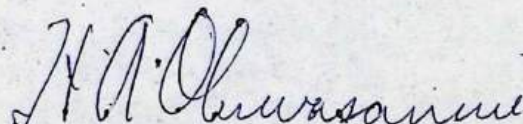
I am surprised to learn that after making personal representations to you more than two weeks ago, arrangements are just now "being made in this Ministry to work out a suitable method of fund release" to the University. I cannot see the necessity for working out new methods of releasing funds to us. The procedure followed by the Federal Government is to release funds to the universities by quarterly instalments. This method has been adopted by other governments in the country. I referred to this practice during my visit to your office on October 17.

I must emphasise what I told you during our discussion that unless this University has control of its finances as well as of its building projects, its development programme will be seriously handicapped. Right now, the refusal to release money to us in the acceptable manner has caused delay in the construction of the buildings -- staff schools, sports field, staff club, and medical centre -- which are essential to the move to Ife.

What I ask for the University of Ife in its financial relations to the Government is nothing more than the procedure used by the National Universities Commission and by other Governments in the country in releasing funds to Nigerian Universities. I ask for this procedure to be followed today -- during the present financial year. Any other procedure will be against the best interests of the University and will be calculated to delay our move to Ife.

Finally, I wish to observe that the University of Ife was almost grounded to a halt by undue political interference in the past. I can only hope that now the Civil Service has control of our affairs the University will not be made to suffer by the imposition of financial practices that are alien, and therefore, inimical to the proper functioning of a University.

For easy reference I attach a copy of the letter from your official.


H. A. Oluwasanmi
Vice-Chancellor.

cc. Mr. P. T. Odumosu, Secretary to the Military Government ✓
Chief T. T. Solaru, Chairman, Ife Univ. Prov. Council
Dr. F. A. Ajayi, Solicitor-General & Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Justice.



MINISTRY OF FINANCE

THE TREASURY

PRIVATE MAIL BAG 5001 · IBADAN · WESTERN NIGERIA

75

Your Ref. No.....
All communications on this matter
should be addressed to the Permanent
Secretary quoting

SUPPLY DIVISION

Our Ref. No. F.4128/S.6/T/4

Date 18th October, 1966.

The Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan.

(87)

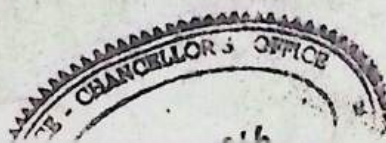
(For the attention of Prof. H. O. Oluwasanmi)

Ife University: Building Project

I am directed to refer to the discussion which you had with Chief Dina yesterday on the mode of payment for capital works on the University Project. While this Ministry appreciates and notes the point you have made about leaving the University autonomous enough to carry out its Building Project, there is not much we can do this financial year other than to allow funds for your capital works to issue through the Ministry of Works and Transport in view of the manner in which the Capital Estimates of the current financial year have been compiled. For purposes of financial accountability and audit, the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Works and Transport has to satisfy himself that work is being carried out as planned and has to certify that payments are made for work done. This, however, does not mean that the Ministry of Works and Transport is being superimposed on the University for the day-to-day execution of the Building Project.

2. Arrangements are being made in this Ministry to work out a suitable method of fund release which will take account of the points of view of both the University and the Ministry of Works and Transport.

3. A copy of this letter is being addressed to the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Works and Transport for his information.



(T. A. Arinyele),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.

76

UNIVERSITY OF IFE (PROVISIONAL COUNCIL) LAW, 1961

Powers of the Provisional Council

X X X X X X X X

9. The Council shall have control and superintendence over all aspects of the policy and over all property of the University, and in any matter in respect of the University not provided for by this Law, the Council may act in such manner as may appear to it to be in the best interests of the University.

10. The Council may enter into such contracts as may appear to it to be necessary, advantageous or expedient for the purpose of its powers and functions under this Law.

11. (1) The Council may employ such academic and administrative staff as may appear to it to be necessary for the purposes of the University and for the due exercise of the powers and functions of the Council under this Law.

(2) The terms and conditions of service (including terms and conditions as to salary, allowances, other remuneration and disciplinary control) in respect of academic and administrative staff employed pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall be such as the Council may determine.

12. The Council shall have power to receive sums of money and any other description of property (movable or immovable) by way of grant or donation from any source whatsoever and to expend such sums or dispose of such property in any manner it may deem expedient for the purposes of the development and maintenance of the University;

Provided that the Council shall not be obliged to accept any grant or donation for a particular purpose unless it approves of the terms and conditions attaching to such grant or donation.

13. The Council may, with the prior consent of the Governor-in-Council, borrow by way of loan or otherwise such sums of money as it may require for meeting its obligations and for discharging its functions under this Law and such sums may be borrowed from such person or persons, institution or authority, and upon such terms and conditions, as may be approved by the Governor-in-Council.

14. All monies received by the Council by way of grant, donations, loan, or otherwise shall be paid into a bank or banks in Nigeria for the credit of the general or current or deposit account of the Council.

X X X X X X X X X

X X X X X X X X

Y.E.,

Please see the papers at pp.72-76 from the Vice-Chancellor, University of Ife. I have taken up this matter with Chief Dina to whom I have also expressed my own views on the impropriety of the letter at p.75 issued to Professor Oluwasanmi by an S.A.S. in his Ministry.

2. On the other points of complaints made by Prof. Oluwasanmi, Chief Dina informed me that the stand of the Ministry of Finance is that in the case of projects being financed with funds in the Estimates, funds will have to be made available to the University through the Min. of Works & Transport, but that in cases of other projects being handled by the University itself, it will be possible to release funds direct to the University.

3. I shall be grateful if Y.E. will indicate if it is possible to meet the request of the Chairman and the V-C. of Ife University as contained at 'X' of p.72.



(P. T. Odumosu),
S.M.G.,

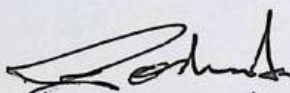
1 /11/1966.

Yes
12.30
T. 2/11/66
2/11/66

78

NOTE:

P.77. The matter was discussed today with H.E. when Chief Solaru, Professor Oluwasanmi, Chief Dina and I were present. The point was made that the difficulty had arisen over the release of funds in respect of capital works for University of Ife which had been shown under Ministry of Works Head of current Estimates. After some discussion and the point had been made that to release the funds through Ministry of Works ~~it~~ would make it impossible for the University to complete its building programme at the target date, it was agreed that P.S.M.F. should explore with P.S.M.W.T. an arrangement whereby the funds will be released direct to the University even though it ~~was~~^{is} shown under the Ministry of Works Head of Estimates. It was noted that both M.W.T. and M.F. are represented on all Tenders Board set up by the University. It was also agreed that in future funds intended for the University should no longer be shown under Ministry of Works Head even if they are meant for capital building works.


(P. T. Odumosu),

S.M.G.,

2/11/1966.

P. A.

Sar D. Onabamiro
TEL. IBADAN 21443

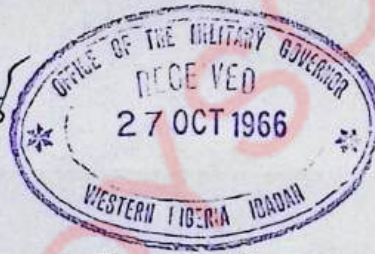
P384

OTENA LODGE,
IDISHIN,
JERICHO RESERVATION,
PRIVATE MAIL BAG NO. 5300,
IBADAN.

H. E. The Military Governor,
Western Region,
Ibadan

24/10/1966

SP/S. 1985



Sir

~~PP80-6~~ Enclosed is a copy of a letter I have written to the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Ife containing some suggestions as to how the University may claim its legitimate share of the funds made available by the Federal Government for the development of the Universities in Nigeria.

I thought you might like to take up the matter directly with the Federal Military Government in Lagos.

Sam.

Yours faithfully,

D. Onabamiro

Sam D. Onabamiro
TEL. IBADAN 21443

Copy.
SECRET

OTENA LODGE,
IDISHIN,
JERICHO RESERVATION,
PRIVATE MAIL BAG NO. 5300,
IBADAN.

24th October, 1966.

Professor H. A. Oluwasanmi,
The Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife,
IBADAN.

Dear Sir,

Federal Grant for the University of Ife Development

As a Citizen of Western Nigeria origin interested in the fortunes of the University of Ife, I am writing to make some suggestions on the matter of Federal Grant for the development of the University to which you referred in your address to the Graduation audience at Ife on Friday, 21st October, 1966.

2. Perhaps I should reiterate some background facts which will recall to you how I came to be in possession of the knowledge and information I am wishing to pass over to you.

3. As you will probably remember the University of Ife owes its origin to the vision and indefatigable efforts of two men: Chief Obafemi Awolowo and the late Chief S. L. Akintola in the years 1960 and 1961 and, perhaps, to a little part which I had the honour to play.

4. You will remember that the Majority Report of the Ashby Commission recommended the establishment in Nigeria of only four Universities: Ibadan, Lagos, Zaria and the Nsukka - Enugu Complex, all four of which were to be wholly federally built and maintained. The Report further added that the present temporary site of the University of Ife was to be merged with the University of Ibadan. (Page 30 of the Report)

5. The Minority Report of the Commission, of which I was the sole signatory, recommended the establishment of Regional Universities, emphasising the need for the Western Region to have one of its own.

6. You will remember how, through the vision and energy of both Chief Obafemi Awolowo and the late Chief S. L. Akintola in 1960, land was acquired for the University at Ife, the Mission to Mexico and other countries which I had the honour to lead and of which you were a valued member was launched and the necessary measures to give legal enactment for the establishment of the University were carried through the Western Legislature.

7. We were not very surprised, therefore, when the Federal Government, faced with this fait accompli, published a White Paper in April 1964 on 'Educational Development, 1964-1970' in which it registered its acceptance of the recommendation of my Minority Report with reference to the erection of three Regional Universities and further went on to say - "The existing Colleges of Arts, Science and Technology at Zaria, Ibadan and Enugu will be assimilated to or integrated or affiliated with the Regional Universities".

/2.

See P-95 **SECRET**

#481

8. I think you are not unaware of the subsequent difficulties which confronted us before we eventually took over the present site of the University of Ife. A lot of correspondence went between the late Prime Minister and Chief S. L. Akintola and between me and Mr. Aja Nwachuku, the former Federal Minister of Education, but in the end we succeeded.

9. But to come now to the real purpose of this letter. The Nigerian Daily Sketch of Saturday, 22nd October, 1966, reported you as calling "on the National Universities Commission to make an unbiased assessment of the capital works already executed on the campus (of the University of Ife) and pay its share of 50 per cent of the capital costs as it had done in the case of other Regional Universities".

10. I am surprised to note that you have found it necessary to make this appeal for I was under the impression that Ife was receiving its share of Capital grant from the Federal Government all along with its other two Regional Universities. I have a feeling that somewhere down the line, the National Universities Commission are failing to implement decisions which have been taken sometime ago at the highest level and I would like you to call the attention of the Commission to one particular document which I think is of importance.

11. The relevant portion of this document is as follows:-

"Ashby Recommendations and University Development"

"The Ashby Recommendations and the Federal White Paper on the development of higher education settle down to the conclusion that five university institutions will be operating in Nigeria by October 1962. The overall capital costs, according to Archer, will amount to £10,750 million in 1970 while the recurrent cost will rise from £3.14 million in 1962 to £5.92 million in 1970. As a result of the Federal Government decision, the University of Lagos has been recosted and the figures arrived at give £6.5 million for the capital, while the recurrent cost rises from £0.8 million to £2.6 million when fully developed. The UNESCO Commission is at present examining the whole problem of founding the University of Lagos. Regional Ministries are requested to re-examine in detail the University programme along lines similar to the Federal Ministry of Education Paper on the University of Lagos, a copy of which is circulated for the information of members of the Co-ordinating Committee. Members may also want to know the extent to which the new universities would like to avail themselves of the assistance of a consortium of universities in the matter of staff recruitment. Negotiations along these lines have reached a very advanced stage in regard to the Lagos University".

"The Co-ordinating Committee is requested to authorise the drafting of applications for technical and financial assistance for the university development programme between 1961 and 1970". (Page 1, paragraphs 2 and 3)

12. This document is a secret memorandum, No. CC9/61, laid before the inaugural meeting of the Co-ordinating Committee for External Aid for Education, of which I was a member, which took place in Lagos on Wednesday, 16th August, 1961.

13. You may like to advise the Military Governor of Western Nigeria to take this matter up with the Federal Military Government and suggest the digging up of the records on the University of Ife in the Cabinet Office in

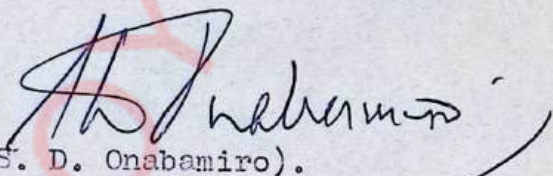
82

Lagos, with special reference, for instance, to a secret letter from the Cabinet Office, Lagos, to the late Chief S. L. Akintola, Ref. No. S.P.M.35 dated 14th September, 1961, and signed by the Prime Minister, the late Alhaji Abubakar Balewa, a copy of which was endorsed to me.

14. Before closing I like to express my sincere congratulations through you to the University of Ife on the passing out of its first crop of Graduates last week and to wish the Institution continued progress.

15. I am sending a copy of this letter to the Military Governor, Western Region, who may like to take action as suggested above and to your Registrar for the purpose of his records.

I am,
Yours faithfully,


(S. D. Onabamiro).

ARCHIVES OF

U.S.

From p.79 for information, please.


ASG
2/11/66

SAS(I)

Pl examine these papers.


3/11
Ag. U.S.

CR

Have we a Secret File on Univ. of Ife? If so, pl. attach.

 3/11/66
SAS(I)

Have discussed. Pl. see from p.79 herein.

 3/11/66
CR

CR

Pl. refer me to the letter quoted in the first para. of p.82.

 4/11/66
SAS(I) I'm sorry, I am unable to trace the letter referred to in the first para of p.82.

2. You may however wish to consider the suggestion that the ~~signing~~ writer of p. 79 be asked to be good enough to send a copy of the letter to us since, as admitted by him, a copy was endorsed to him.

D 5/11/66
CR.

CR.

I have spoken to Dr. Onabanno who said that all his files had been taken away by the Police including the letter in question.

2. It is likely that the letter is in this Office or Min. of Finance. Pl. trace again. Thanks.

D 5/11/66

SAS (1)

You called for this file this afternoon. The search for the paper referred to at p. 82 still continues.

D 9/11/66
CR.

CR.

File returned to enable you continue with the search.

D 10/11/66

85
S.A.S. (I).,

I have again looked through all the relevant files in this Registry but I am sorry that I have, inspite of all efforts been unable to trace the letter to which reference is made on p.82.

2. During ^athe discussion which I had this morning with one Mr. Adejoro a member of staff of Secret Registry in the Ministry of Education, I was informed that a Federal Government Memorandum No.CC.6/61 dated 16/8/61 entitled "Channels and Procedure for obtaining External Aid for Educational Programme" forwarded to Chief Semade from Lagos exists on that Ministry's file entitled "Bureau of External Aid for Education". It seems to me that this Memo. might possibly have some relevance to that mentioned in para.12 p.81.

3. You may therefore wish that we ask the Ministry of Education to submit a certified copy of the Memo. to us.

W.A.
(W. A. Adesina)

C.R.

16 /11/66.

CR.

Your para - 3 agreed - Thanks.

K 18/11/66

86
SP/S.195/86

19^{1/2} November, 1966

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Education,
Ibadan.

External Aid for Educational Programme

I am directed to request you to be good enough to make available for use by this office copy of a Federal Government Memorandum No. CC.6/61 dated 16th August, 1961, entitled "Channels and Procedure for obtaining External Aid for Educational Programme" believed to have been forwarded to your Ministry by the Federal Government Bureau of External Aid for Education, Lagos.

2. It will be greatly appreciated if this request may be given early attention.



W. A. Adesina
(W. A. Adesina)

for Secretary to the Military Government

Rec. 29/11/66

19/11

ARCHIVES

87

UNIVERSITY OF IFE
IBADAN BRANCH
IBADAN

Office of the Bursar

Bursar: C. D. SAMPSON, F.C.A.

Our Reference BC.4/15

Your Reference _____

SECRET

Telephones :-

General Enquires 22261/12

Bursar's Office.....

House 23374

28th. November 1966

The Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife.

SP/S. 195

Dear Sir,

Finance for Recurrent Expenditure

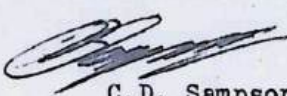
I must give formal warning of the very serious financial position of the University due to non-payment of subventions due from the Western Government.

In my last letter to the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Finance, Reference FC.17/37 of 11th. November, I pointed out that out of £.513,000 due from the Western Government for the period 1.4.66 to 31.12.66, only £.99,000 has been received, leaving £.414,000 owing. I also stated that the reserves we had and which are fully committed for capital expenditure at Ife, were almost exhausted and the maximum bank overdraft I could obtain would be only about £.10,000.

Unless we receive a substantial sum in the very near future, I shall be forced to suspend all payments on recurrent budget items. Alternatively, I must use grants given by both Federal and Western Governments for specific projects at Ife, in which case I must suspend payments to contractors.

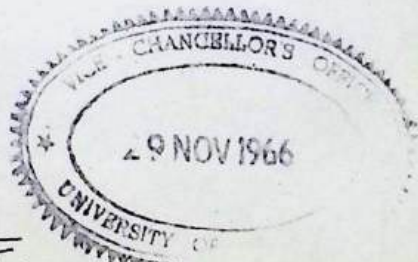
I submit that this is a matter which can only be dealt with at the highest level.

Yours faithfully,


C.D. Sampson
Bursar

Shade Water Project

*Discussed with HE.
and PSMF. later. PSMF.
assured me £100,000 for recurrent
and £150,000 for capital will be
released to Unife by 2 or 3 days' time.
Reported to HE. and V.C. Unife.
File away.*



*1/12/66
smc.*

ABDULAI AND AWOMOLO

CIVIL ENGINEERING CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS
UNIVERSITY COLLEGE ROAD IBADAN.

MANAGERS:-

M. S. A. ABDULAI

A. A. AWOMOLO

Telegrams "ABDAWO" Ibadan

Phone No. 23851

BANKERS:-

The National Bank of Nigeria
Limited, Ibadan & Lagos.

Barclays Bank D.C.O. Ibadan.

P. O. BOX 671,

IBADAN.

Our Ref. No. 240/407.

23rd November, 1966.

The Vice-Chancellor
University of Ife,
Ibadan Campus,
Ibadan.



Dear Sir,

Staff Housing at Ife Campus
Contract No. WPA/66/1/c.h.

Payments:

We refer to your meeting of Tuesday, November 8, 1966 at which you complained about failure of contractors to complete the various contracts at the specified date. The necessity was stressed of completing the jobs within the extension of time granted at the meeting.

In pursuance of the above it was agreed that any foreseeable difficulty that may militate against the completion of the jobs at the agreed time should be brought to your notice with a view to finding a solution.

In this respect we would like to point out that it appears that stage payments for work completed are going to be delayed and this will seriously affect the progress of the work.

Since our last meeting with you we have redoubled our efforts and, all things being equal, we are hopeful of completing the houses in our contract by the end of December. This will however be conditional on having prompt payments for work completed. Last week we submitted a claim certified for payment by the Architect. The value of the claim is a little over £7,000. Not only have we not been able to receive this payment up to now but the paying officer said he could not give any indication of the probable time of paying. Another claim is about to be submitted by us and as a matter of fact more claims will be submitted in quick succession during the next few weeks in consequence of the accelerated pace of work.

In order to be able to maintain the present tempo of operation on the site it is very essential that payments be made very promptly. We would like to place on record the very active co-operation of the Chief Architect and the Senior Architect of the Ministry of Works and Transport. They do all their best to process and certify claims for payment. But the claims get bogged between the Accounts and the Treasury.

89
18

We appeal to you therefore to take up seriously with the Treasury the matter of releasing substantial money for prompt payment of certified claims in respect of the Staff Housing Scheme at the Ife Campus. As it is a crash scheme it will be necessary to have claims settled within, say, about three days of being certified. This is the only way the strenuous efforts being made now by all parties concerned can be successful.

Prompt action on this matter would be greatly appreciated.

Yours faithfully,
for: ABDULAI AWOMOLA,

.....
JOINT MANAGER.

AA/LIO.

c.c. The Chief Engineer,
University of Ife,
Ibadan Campus,
Ibadan.

ARCHIVE

S. M. DUZE

BUILDING & CIVIL ENGINEERING CONTRACTOR.

TEL 23667

P. O. Box 3252,
Ibadan.

28th. November 1966.

Ref. B.27/251

The Vice Chancellor
University of Ife
Ibadan.

Dear Sir,

University of Ife Staff Housing

Contract WRA/66/1/C.5

It is with all due humility that I am writing you this letter and I shall be grateful if you will take it that I am doing so more in compliance with the instruction which you gave to us at the meeting we held with you earlier in the month than with a view to reporting anybody. At that meeting we were instructed to report promptly anything likely to impede the rapid progress of work on the buildings given to each and every one of us to construct.

I may be correct to say that the main complaint made by the contractors at that meeting was about delay in honouring certificates even though some of us fought shy of the issue. I beg to inform you that I have again come up against this obstacle. The Architects issued a certificate on my behalf around the 20th. of November with a view to enabling me take delivery of a large quantity of fittings held by a firm through whom I had ordered them at the beginning of the contract but up to the time of writing I have not got the money. The Manager of this firm is now furious because I have not been able to pay for fittings already collected and the amount outstanding is already more than treble my credit limit with that firm. It is essential that something be done to help me out of the fix by seeing to it that the money is not delayed much longer and that is why I am putting the matter before your Honour.

If I may illustrate my point a little more, my expenditure on my own contract up to the present is a little under £20,000 whereas the total money paid to me to date is precisely £10,501. It is this disparity between expenditure and revenue that has militated against me in my endeavour to give my employers any measure of satisfaction in so far as rate of progress is concerned. Once a cure is found for this delaying factor, I can promise to justify the trust you placed in me when you gave me the job.

I remain,
dear Sir,
Your obedient servant

S. M. Duzé
S.M.Duze

cc: The Chief Engineer
University of Ife.

29 NOV 1966



S E C R E T

Telephone: IBADAN 21011/8172

Telegrams: PERMEDUCAT

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
EDUCATION ADMINISTRATION DIVISION

IBADAN · WESTERN NIGERIA

Your Ref. No.....
All communications to be addressed
to the Permanent Secretary quoting

Our Ref. No..... C.3047/118.

24th November, 1966.
Date.....

SP/S.195

The Secretary to the Military Government,
Office of the Military Government,
Ibadan.



External Aid for Educational
Programme

P. 86
Page 92-93
I am directed to refer to your
letter No. SP/S.195/86 of 19th November,
1966 and to forward for the use of your
office a copy of a Federal Government
Memorandum No. CC6/61 dated 16th August,
1961.

[Signature]
for Permanent Secretary,
(Education Administration Division).

M 29/11
S E C R E T.

INAUGURAL MEETING OF COORDINATING
COMMITTEE 16TH AUGUST 1961

Memorandum CC6/1961

Channels and Procedure for Obtaining External
Aid for the Educational Development Programme

As a result of discussions between the Permanent Secretaries for the Federal Ministries of Education, Finance and Economic Development, the following channels and procedure for the submission of applications for external aid have been proposed for adoption by the Coordinating Committee.

Incorporation in the Economic Programme

The Ministry of Education was to put forward their development proposals on the basis of the White Paper for incorporation in toto in a special section of the Federal Government Economic Programme. It was felt that the arrangement sufficiently met the wish of the Council of Ministers that the implementation of the Ashby Proposals should form a parallel exercise with that of the Economic Programme.

Channels for Procuring External Aid

The Coordinating Committee for External Aid for Education and its Bureau should constitute a single channel for procuring external aid, both finance and technical assistance, on behalf of all Ministries of Education in the Federation. The Bureau would be authorized to approach external aid agencies direct with projects proposed by Ministries of Education and likely to attract assistance. The balance of the finance for educational sources, including the proceeds of external and internal loans. In considering the allocation of loans and other finance, consideration will be given to the amount of external aid already procured for each region for special projects.

Coordination of the External Aid Bureau with the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Economic Development.

The Bureau would keep in close consultation with the Ministries of Finance, Economic Development and External Affairs and provide them with papers prepared for the consideration of the Coordinating Committee. Copies of applications for external aid from time to time will also be supplied to the Ministries. The Federal Ministers of Finance, Economic Development and External Affairs and Commonwealth Relations should be members of the Committee or represented by their officials. Procedures agreed between the Federal Government and the Regional Governments for approaching particular agencies, e.g. Special Fund, I.D.A., should be observed.

Channels for the Submission of Applications

The Federal Ministry of Education would prepare applications for external aid for its own activities and send them forward to the External Aid Bureau, copy to the Ministry of Economic Development, Ministry of Finance. These projects would be taken from the plan of implementation of the White Paper. The Regional Ministries of Education should clear their projects generally and specifically with their Ministries of Finance and Economic Planning before submitting their applications to the Bureau. The Bureau would undertake the necessary exploratory discussions with external aid agencies and put proposals forward for the consideration of the Coordinating Committee. The Coordinating Committee would authorize the transmission of proposals and indicate priorities.

89
93

The Coordinating Committee is requested to approve the channels and procedures embodied in this memorandum for the procuring of external aid for education.

MINUTE OF MEETING

Channels and Procedure for Obtaining External Aid for the Educational Development Programme

The Committee had before it Memorandum CC6/1961 on the "Channels and Procedure for Obtaining External Aid for the Educational Development Programme". During discussions the following points were made :-

1. That the last sentence in paragraph 3 be deleted, i.e. "In considering the allocation of loans and other finance, consideration will be given to the amount of external aid already procured for each Region for special projects".
2. That the last sentence but one in paragraph 4 be deleted, i.e. "The Federal Ministers of Finance, Economic Development and External Affairs and Commonwealth Relations should be members of the Committee, or represented by their officials".

Conclusion: Subject to the above amendments, the Committee approved the channels and procedures embodied in Memorandum CC6/1961 for the procuring of external aid for education.

SAS (1),

91-93

I now resubmit pp. 87-89 wrt.

~~to~~ pp. 85-88

D 29/11/66
CH

U.S.

You asked me at p. 83 to examine Dr. Onabanjo's letter at pp. 80-82, p. 83-6 and 91-3.

2. I have discussed with SAS (Supply), Min. of Finance, in the absence of records here and he has advised that if Dr. Onabanjo's points are true, we shd. be able to get confirmation from the V.C., Univ. of Ife.

94
3. He does not consider Dr. Anabamiro's submission an important or helpful one, or worth pursuing, especially since the documents he quoted have been superseded by the Fed. Govt. White Paper on Grants to Universities and the policy laid down by the National Universities Comm.

4. I am certain that if Govt. intervention is reqd., Dr. Oluwasanmi will not hesitate to seek for it. If on the other hand you consider it necessary, his comments on Jp-80-2 (a copy of which he has) can be called for.

19/12/66

SAS(I)

I think that it would be worth-while if we asked Prof. Oluwasanmi to let us know what action he has taken on the matter, especially as he has been told in the correspondence that a copy was being sent to us.

2. I will sign the letter.

U.S.

Letter at b/c. for your signature

22/12

SAS(I)

Signed. Thank you.

23/12

SP/S.195/95.

23rd. December, 1966

Professor H. A. Oluwasanmi,
The Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan.

Dear Sir,

Federal Grant for the University of Ife
Development

I am directed to refer to Dr. D. S. Onabamiro's letter of 24th October, 1966, addressed to you on the above-mentioned subject, a copy of which was forwarded to this Office.

2. I shall be grateful to know what action you have taken on this matter.

Yours faithfully,

(J. O. Afolabi)
for Secretary to the Military Government.

S E C R E T

Issued

12/23/12

Rev. 30/1/67 To check reply.

For signature, 23/12

UNIVERSITY OF IFE · NIGERIA

Vice-Chancellor:

H. A. Oluwasanmi, M.A., Ph.D. (Harv.)



In reply, please quote —

Ref. No.

VC. 90/9

Telephone: Ibadan 22261 Ext. 4

Telegrams: 'IFEVARSITY, IBADAN'

Cablegrams: UNIVIFE

VICE-CHANCELLOR'S OFFICE

IBADAN BRANCH

10 January, 1967

Mr. P. T. Odumosu,
Secretary to the Military Governor,
Secretariat,
Ibadan.



Dear Mr. Odumosu,

I enclose herewith the Recurrent and Capital Budgets for the University of Ife for the year 1 April, 1967 to 31 March, 1968, together with a Financial Memorandum on these Budgets.

In reply to your letter No. SP/S.195/95 of 23 December, 1966, I wish to call attention to paragraphs 9, 11, 12 and 27 of the Financial Memorandum which answer fully Dr. Onabamiro's letter of 24 October, 1966.

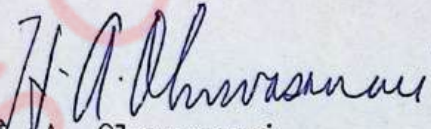
X | The point which I made in my address to Congregation on 21 October, 1966 was not that the Federal Government has not been paying what it agreed to contribute to the capital expenditure of the University. I was calling attention to the fact that the actual contribution by the Federal Government to the capital development of the University falls far short of the 50% of actual capital expenditures which the Federal Government in its Sessional Paper No. 4 of 1964 undertook to contribute to our capital development.

Y | As you will see from paragraph 9 of the Financial Memorandum this Region would have incurred approximately £4.8 million by 31 March, 1967 on the capital development of the University at Ife. By that date Federal Government's contribution to the capital project will total £1 million or approximately 20% of the total capital expenditure incurred in developing the permanent campus. It is to this under-estimation of the capital needs of the University of Ife by the National Universities Commission that I called attention in my address.

I have taken this matter up with the Secretary to the National Universities Commission who informed me that at the time the capital budget for the Universities was being considered it was felt that this University did not have the "executive capacity" to spend more than £2 million during the present quinquennium which ends in March 1968. He promised, however, that the situation will be rectified during the next quinquennium.

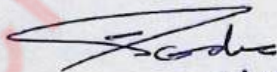
I do hope that with the information contained in the Financial Memorandum Government will continue to press for reimbursement of the 50% of the capital expenditure incurred at Ife. A copy of the Financial Memorandum has already been forwarded to the National Universities Commission and I shall be grateful if you will bring the contents of the Memorandum to the attention of His Excellency, the Military Governor.

Yours sincerely,


H. A. Oluwasanmi
Vice-Chancellor.

U.S.

pls. consider on file.



11/1/67

SAS(I)

Pl let me have your comments.


14/1

MEMORANDUM ON THE ESTIMATES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF IFE: 1967-68

98

I. BACKGROUND

The 1967-68 estimates of expenditure of the University of Ife on both current and capital accounts must be viewed against the background of the development of the institution since it was established in 1961. These estimates should also be viewed in relation to the budgets of sister Nigerian Universities particularly those which were established about the same time as the University of Ife was founded.

2. Although it was officially opened in 1961, the University did not begin its first regular academic session until the 1962-63 academic year when it enrolled 180 students. It began operation in the premises of the Ibadan Branch of the Nigerian College of Arts, Science and Technology donated to the Western Regional Government by the Federal Government. The site of the University at Ile-Ife was chosen almost immediately but constructions of buildings did not begin there until 1965.

Student Population

3. The undergraduate student population has increased by more than fivefold between 1962-63 session and the current 1966-67 session from 180 to 923.¹ Table I of this Memorandum shows the distribution of students among the various faculties since 1962. This growth in student population compares very favourably with the other Nigerian Universities. It is expected that the undergraduate student population will increase to about 1,500 during the next academic year.

4. The distribution of students between science (including pure science, technology, agriculture and forestry) and non-science subjects also compares favourably with those of other Universities in Nigeria. Table II is a summary of the distribution of students between science and non-science subjects since 1962.

1

This figure excludes the 22 postgraduate students and other students doing short courses in the Institute of Administration.

TABLE I.

DISTRIBUTION OF STUDENTS AMONG VARIOUS FACULTIES SINCE 1962

Year	AGRICULTURE		A R T S		SOCIAL SCIENCES		L A W		SCIENCE		PHARMACY		POST-GRADUATE*		TOTAL		Grand Total
	Male	Fe-male	Male	Fe-male	Male	Fe-male	Male	Fe-male	Male	Fe-male	Male	Fe-male	Male	Fe-male	Male	Fe-male	
1962-63	11	2	46	5	33	2	15	-	37	12	17	-	-	-	159	21	180
1963-64	23	3	155	14	62	3	61	1	75	15	49	3	10	-	435	39	474
1964-65	36	3	236	17	80	5	93	3	79	28	55	6	16	3	595	65	660
1965-66	41	6	221	18	68	4	101	3	115	44	55	17	19	2	620	94	714
1966-67	62	8	268	31	119	12	91	6	160	32	93	39	21	1	816	129	945
Total	175	22	926	85	362	26	361	13	466	131	269	65	66	6	2625	348	2973

*Institute of Administration students

TABLE II. Distribution of Students between Science and non-Science subjects since 1962 (in percentage)

<u>Academic Year</u>	<u>Science Subjects (per cent)</u>	<u>Non-Science Subjects (per cent)</u>	<u>Total (Percent)</u>
1962-63	44	56	100
1963-64	34	66	100
1964-65	32	68	100
1965-66	40	60	100
1966-67	43	57	100

As more and more students who are qualified to study science become available, the ratio of science to non-science undergraduates will change in favour of the former. To bring this about, the University is planning to establish a science school at its Ibadan Branch in 1968 where preliminary science courses will be offered to about 800 school certificate holders. It is now generally agreed that the ratio of 3:1 of science to non-science students recommended by the National Universities Commission in their 1963 report is not realistic at least in the foreseeable future. The University aims at a ratio of 3:2 during the next three to five years.

Staff

5. The University began with academic staff of 60 in 1962-63. This increased to 73 in 1963-64. Because of the internal problem which gripped the institution in 1963 the staff situation deteriorated. Many members of the academic staff left the institution and replacements were difficult. The position improved considerably during the last and the current academic years. The Faculties of Science and Agriculture

have been considerably strengthened and a comprehensive training programme for Nigerian members of the academic staff has been embarked upon. In three to four years time the core of the academic staff in the University is expected to be Nigerian.

Recurrent Budget since 1961

6. Since it was established in 1961 the University has changed its financial year thrice -- first from a year beginning October to one commencing on 1st July and finally to another running from 1st April of each year. Added to this is the fact that because the University was established on the 1st of July, 1961 its first financial year was for a period of fifteen months.

7. The result of these frequent changes in the financial year of the University is that as against five academic sessions between 1962 and 1967, the University will have had six financial years by the end of March 1967 -- one of fifteen months duration and two of nine months duration each. These changes make a comparative analysis of expenditure by the University a most difficult task. The statistics relating to recurrent expenditure since 1961 are reproduced in Table III below:

TABLE III. Annual Recurrent Expenditure of University of Ife Since 1st July, 1961 (excluding Institute of Administration)

Financial Year		Recurrent Expenditure	Special non- Recurrent Expenditure	Total Recurrent Expenditure	Index Numbers 1961-62 = 100
		£	£	£	
1.7.61 - 30.9.62	15 Mths.	157,508	160,998	318,506	100
1.10.62 - 30.9.63	12 "	344,854	78,168	423,022	132
1.10.63 - 30.6.64	9 "	323,329	103,210	326,539	134
1.7.64 - 31.3.65	9 "	489,125	132,123	621,248	163
1.4.65 - 31.3.66	12 "	643,062	122,361	765,423	240
1.4.66 - 31.3.67	12 "	930,676	133,300	1,063,976	334

8. The recurrent expenditure of the University has thus increased threefold whereas its undergraduate student population has increased five times during the same period. This rate of increase in recurrent expenditure is probably the lowest among all the four Nigerian Universities established since 1960. By the third year of its existence the recurrent expenditure of the University of Nigeria was just below £1 million and had passed the one million pounds mark in its fourth year. The recurrent unit cost per student in 1966-67 is £1,152. This compares more favourably with those of other Universities. For example, the cost per student in the Ibadan University in 1963-64 was £1,037. In that year, that University had 2,016 students.

Capital Expenditure

9. It was not until 1965-66 that the first serious effort was made to develop the Ife Campus of the University. In that year a sum of £1,259,388 was expended on capital projects. By the end of the current financial year, another sum of £3,285,443 will have been spent on buildings and the infrastructure at Ife. Together with the sum of £304,426 spent in 1964-65, the total capital expenditure which will have been incurred by 31st March, 1967 will be £4,849,257. If this is compared with the rate of capital investment in other Universities, the under-investment in capital development in the University of Ife will become obvious. In the University of Nigeria a sum of £5.24 million had been spent on capital investment at the end of the fourth year of its foundation.

10. The capital development which has taken place so far has made it possible for the University to move its Faculties of Arts, Social Sciences and Law and the Institutes of Education and of African Studies to Ife in January 1967. This move has involved 500 students and 80 academic staff not counting administrative,

technical and support staff.

Sources of Finance

11. So far, the financial burden of running the University and of providing funds for its capital development has been borne largely by the Western Nigeria Government. The Federal Government in its White Paper on the Report of the National Universities Commission¹ undertook to provide 50% and 30% of the University's capital and recurrent expenditure respectively.

12. The Federal Government has paid its agreed share of the recurrent budget from year to year. Except for the year 1963-64 the Federal Government has also paid what it has promised to contribute to the capital programme of the University during the present quinquennium. By the end of the quinquennium in 1968, the contribution of the Federal Government to the capital budget will total £1 million or approximately 20 per cent of the total capital expenditure incurred in developing the permanent campus of the University at Ile-Ife. This falls far short of the agreed contribution of 50 per cent of all capital expenditures. The capital needs of the University were grossly under-estimated by the National Universities Commission.

II. 1967-68 ESTIMATE: RECURRENT BUDGET

13. The 1967-68 estimates of expenditure both on recurrent and capital accounts are intended to put the University on a sound basis for future development. There is an increase of 26.5% in the recurrent expenditure over the 1966-67 approved estimates.

¹Decisions of the Government of the Federal Republic of Nigeria on the Report of the National Universities Commission, Sessional Paper No. 4 of 1964 (Federal Ministry of Information, Lagos, 1964).

These increases are due to five main factors:

- (a) the strengthening of the University Library;
- (b) the University will be operating two Campuses (Ile-Ife and Ibadan) during the year;
- (c) the Faculties of Agriculture, Science, and Social Sciences are being strengthened;
- (d) the creation of the Department of Modern Languages; and
- (e) the development of postgraduate studies concurrently with undergraduate.

14. Table IV below compares the proposed recurrent budget with the approved budget for 1966-67 fiscal year.

TABLE IV. Analysis of 1966-67 and 1967-68 Recurrent Budget

	<u>APPROVED</u> <u>BUDGET, 1966-67</u>		<u>ESTIMATES, 1967-68</u>	
	£	Percent	£	Percent
<u>Emoluments:</u>				
Academic Staff, Senior Administrative and Technical Staff -	408,534	38.4	547,993	40.4
<u>Emoluments:</u>				
Subordinate Staff	152,347	14.3	195,475	14.4
Other Recurrent Charges	369,795	34.8	472,285	34.9
Special non-recurrent Expenditure	133,300	12.5	139,999	10.3
	<u>1,063,976</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>1,355,752</u>	<u>100.0</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====

15. It will be seen from the above table that the major increase is in senior staff emoluments. This is at the expense of special non-recurrent expenditure. This is significant since with a new Campus to equip, one would normally expect the cost of providing office and classroom equipment to rise not only in

absolute terms but also as a proportion of total expenditure. In view of its policy of strengthening the academic staff of the University first, and given the limitation of resources because of the other competing claims for the finances of the governments, it has been decided to keep to the minimum the acquisition of additional office and classroom equipment and to share the existing ones between the two Campuses and thereby use them more intensively.

16. A summary of the allocation of the estimated expenditure as between Faculties, Institutes, and Services is as follows:

TABLE V. Analysis of 1967-68 Estimate of Expenditure by Faculty and Institute

Faculty/Institute/Service -----						Per- centage -----
Faculty of Agriculture	...	...	...	...	...	6.5
Faculty of Science	...	...	...	...	...	22.7
Faculty of Social Sciences	...	...	...	...	...	3.7
Faculty of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	7.8
Faculty of Law	...	...	...	...	...	2.1
Institute of African Studies	...	...	...	...	...	2.3
Institute of Education	...	...	...	...	...	0.8
Library	...	...	...	...	...	6.5
Halls of Residence, Ibadan Campus	...	...	...	...	...	3.4
Halls of Residence, Ile-Ife Campus	...	...	...	...	...	3.3
Medical Services, Ibadan Campus	...	...	...	...	...	0.9
Medical Services, Ile-Ife Campus	...	...	...	...	...	2.1
Administration	...	...	...	...	...	27.5
Works and Maintenance	...	...	...	...	...	10.4
Total					...	100.0 =====

The proportionate share of general administration is rather high. This is a legacy of the past which is now being put right. Already some administrative cost has been reduced and a Committee

on Management Improvement has been set up with the responsibility of examining the non-academic staffing of the University and the operations of the Maintenance Department and the Catering Department with a view to achieving substantial economy.

17. 63.4% of the purely academic estimates of expenditure goes to the Faculties of Science and Agriculture; the balance to the non-science departments and institutes.

18. Non-Government Income. The estimated income of the University from fees, interest and other miscellaneous receipts is £170,000. The estimates for the 1966-67 financial year is £125,000.

19. Anticipated Savings. It has been assumed that about five per cent of the estimated expenditure will be saved due to the time lag in filling vacancies and in making purchases. This is reflected in the estimates.

Subventions Required from Government

20. Given the University's non-Government Income and the anticipated savings, the subventions which are required from the Federal and Western Nigeria Governments on the basis of the ratio of 3:7 which the Federal Government has laid down in Sessional Paper No. 4 of 1964 are:

Federal Government	...	£349,639
Western Nigeria Government		815,825
		1,165,464
		=====

IV. CAPITAL BUDGET, 1967-68

21. As it has been pointed out in paragraph 9 above, capital development did not start at the Ile-Ife Campus of the University until 1965. By March 1967, a sum of £4,849,257 will have been invested on construction of buildings and the provision of infrastructure. As a result of this investment, three Faculties and two Institutes of the University have been moved to Ile-Ife.

22. The next phase in the development of the new Campus of the University will be the construction of the Physics/Chemistry buildings and Biological Gardens, the Pharmacy Buildings, the University Farm, more students hostels and more staff houses.

23. This next phase in the development of the University is most crucial. Without it the Faculty of Science cannot move to Ile-Ife. It is planned that this move should take place in January 1968. Without it also the University will lack essential support services -- sports facilities, medical centre, administrative support, etc.

24. When the Faculties of Agriculture and Science move to Ile-Ife, the Ibadan Campus of the University will be occupied by the proposed School of General Studies, the Olunloyo College of Education and the Institute of Administration. As an interdisciplinary postgraduate institution, a rethinking is now going on in the University as to the best permanent abode for the Institute having regard to the fact that it does draw upon other Faculties -- particularly the Faculties of Social Sciences and Law -- for teaching and research. However, since no firm decision has yet been made about its permanent location, there is no provision in the 1967-68 capital budget for the Institute.

25. Between the proposed School of General Studies and the Olunloyo College of Education there will be a student population

of about 1,350. These will more than absorb all the physical facilities currently available in the Ibadan Campus of the University. Additional buildings may be necessary in future particularly if the Institute of Administration remains permanently in Ibadan.

26. Once the capital programme proposed in the budget has been executed, the capital budget of the University in future years will fall substantially to a small fraction of the budgets for 1966-67 and 1967-68.

27. As has been pointed out in paragraph 11, the Federal Government which has undertaken to provide one-half of the capital needs of the University, provided about 20 per cent of the actual capital expenditure incurred in developing the University. It is hoped that the Federal Government will reimburse the Western Nigeria Government up to one-half of the capital expenditure incurred in developing the University Campus at its permanent site at Ile-Ife.

H.A. Oluwasanmi,
Vice-Chancellor.

University of Ife,
Ibadan Branch,
6th January, 1967.

University of IfeFinancial Estimates for the year 1/4/67 to 31/3/68

<u>Summary</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Approved</u>
		<u>1967/68</u>		<u>1966/67</u>
		<u>£</u>		<u>£</u>
<u>Total Expenditure</u>				
Emoluments: Senior Staff	40.4	547,993	38.4	408,534
Subordinate Staff	14.4	195,475	14.3	152,347
Other Recurrent Charges	34.9	472,285	34.8	369,795
Special Non-recurrent Expenditure	10.3	139,999	12.5	133,300
	<u>100.0</u>	<u>1,355,752</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>1,063,976</u>
<u>Add</u> Works and Maintenance for Ife site		50,000		
<u>Less</u> Estimated savings of 5%		<u>1,405,752</u> <u>70,288</u>		
		1,335,464		
<u>Less</u> Non-Government income: £				
Fees	150,000			
Interest and other income	20,000	<u>170,000</u>		
		1,165,464		
<u>Subventions required</u>				
<u>from Governments:</u>				
Federal Government 30%	349,639			
Western Government 70%	815,825	<u>1,165,464</u>		

		<u>Estimate</u> <u>1967/68</u>		<u>Approved</u> <u>1966/67</u>
<u>Institute of African Studies</u>	%	£	%	£
Emoluments: Senior Staff		25,537		16,405
Intermediate and Junior Staff		3,317		2,435
Other Recurrent Charges		2,260		1,605
Special Non-recurrent Expenditure		-		800
	2.3	31,114	2.0	21,245
<u>Faculty of Agriculture</u>				
Emoluments: Senior Staff		59,501		45,626
Intermediate and Junior Staff		19,735		6,752
Other Recurrent Charges		7,155		10,815
Special Non-recurrent Expenditure		950		8,270
	6.5	87,341	6.7	71,463
<u>Faculty of Arts</u>				
Emoluments: Senior Staff		86,400		66,679
Intermediate and Junior Staff		8,001		6,874
Other Recurrent Charges		4,160		3,300
Special Non-recurrent Expenditure		6,675		920
	7.8	105,236	7.4	77,773
<u>Institute and Department of Education</u>				
Emoluments: Senior Staff		8,415		-
Intermediate and Junior Staff		855		-
Other Recurrent Charges		780		-
Special Non-recurrent Expenditure		754		-
	0.8	10,804		-
<u>Faculty of Law</u>				
Emoluments: Senior Staff		25,702		24,409
Intermediate and Junior Staff		2,393		1,814
Other Recurrent Charges		1,030		1,765
Special Non-recurrent Expenditure		32		-
	2.1	29,157	2.5	26,988

		Estimate 1967/68		Approved 1966/67
<u>Faculty of Science</u>		£	%	£
Emoluments:	Senior Staff	195,816		152,965
	Intermediate and Junior Staff	29,921		24,484
	Other Recurrent Charges	40,675		32,285
	Special Non-recurrent Expenditure	40,553		52,790
		22.7	24.6	262,524
<u>Faculty of Social Science</u>				
Emoluments:	Senior Staff	46,338		32,998
	Intermediate and Junior Staff	2,806		1,618
	Other Recurrent Charges	1,010		975
	Special Non-recurrent Expenditure	566		120
		3.7	3.4	35,711
<u>Library</u>				
Emoluments:	Senior Staff	22,400		10,754
	Intermediate and Junior Staff	11,101		1,275
	Other Recurrent Charges	1,800		1,380
	Special Non-recurrent Expenditure	53,070		31,000
		6.5	4.8	50,409
<u>Halls of Residence - Ibadan</u>				
Emoluments:	Senior Staff	1,692		1,609
	Intermediate and Junior Staff	20,410		31,290
	Other Recurrent Charges	25,100		36,700
	Special Non-recurrent Expenditure	350		2,000
		3.4	6.7	71,599
<u>Halls of Residence - Ife</u>				
Emoluments:	Senior Staff (Men's Hall)	3,500		-
	Intermediate and Junior Staff:			
	Women's Hall	2,134		-
	Men's Hall	11,551		-
	Other Recurrent Charges	26,525		-
	Special Non-recurrent Expenditure	1,500		-
		3.3	-	-
<u>Medical Services - Ibadan</u>				
Emoluments:	Senior Staff	3,163		6,105
	Intermediate and Junior Staff	5,734		7,135
	Other Recurrent Charges	3,860		6,000
	Special Non-recurrent Expenditure	-		-
		0.9	1.8	19,240

		Estimate 1967/68		Approved 1966/67
<u>Medical Services - Ife</u>		£	%	£
Emoluments:	Senior Staff	8,800		-
	Intermediate and Junior Staff	10,393		-
	Other Recurrent Charges	7,180		-
	Special Non-recurrent Expenditure	1,750		-
	2.1	28,123	-	-
<u>Administration</u>				
Emoluments:	Senior Staff	52,340		40,615
	Intermediate and Junior Staff	37,843		30,956
	Other Recurrent Charges	273,050		197,070
	Special Non-recurrent Expenditure	7,199		10,800
	27.5	370,432	26.3	279,441
<u>Bookshop</u>				
Emoluments:	Senior Staff	-		1,980
	Intermediate and Junior Staff	-		2,432
	Other Recurrent Charges	-		200
	-	-	0.4	4,612
(Self-supporting)				
<u>Works and Maintenance</u>				
Frozen at 1966/67 figures		-		-
Emoluments:	Senior Staff	8,389		8,389
	Intermediate and Junior Staff	29,281		29,281
	Other Recurrent Charges	77,700		77,700
	Special Non-recurrent Expenditure	26,600		26,600
	10.4	141,970	13.4	141,970
<u>Percentages</u>				
		%		
Faculties of Science and Agriculture to total Academic estimates.		63.4		
As above, including Geography as a Science.		67.3		

University of Ife
Capital Budget for 1967/68

£

1. Administration Block	240,000
2. Physics/Chemistry Building and Biological Gardens	250,000
3. Pharmacy Buildings	280,000
4. Students Hostels: 10 blocks, 2 dining halls	960,000
5. Staff Houses : 172 Units	789,500
6. Sports Facilities: to complete phase I and half phase II	70,000
7. Staff School: to complete phase I	30,000
8. Medical Centre: to complete phase I and start phase II	30,000
9. Staff Club:	10,000
10. University Farm	40,000
Total required	<u>2,699,500</u>

114
S.M.G.,

Via U.S., 17/1

Reference pp.96-113, the Vice Chancellor, University of Ife, has submitted at pp.109-113, a copy each of the University's recurrent and capital estimates for the 1967/68 financial year. A memorandum he prepared on the estimates is filed at pp. 98-108.

2. The University has budgetted for the following grants from the Regional Government:-

- (a) Recurrent Grant: £816,000 (£684,000 in 1967/68)
- (b) Capital Grant: £2.7 million (£1,854,000 in 1966/67)

X | I have checked up from the Ministry of Finance and it has been confirmed that copies of the University's Estimates and Memorandum have been received in that Ministry and necessary action has already commenced on them.

3. Particular attention is ~~also~~ invited to Table I at p.99 showing faculty distribution of the student population and Table V at p.105 showing the relative proportion of expenditure on each faculty or item. I am to invite attention to the third and subsequent paragraphs of Professor Oluwasanmi's letter at pp.96-7 in which he expatiated on the complaint on the Federal Government's failure to pay in full 50% of the actual capital expenditure incurred by the University of Ife.

Y | 4. It is suggested that a copy of his letter at pp.96-7 be forwarded to P.S.M.F., for comments before any further action is taken.

5. In the meantime, you may wish H.E. to see.

(M. S. Adigun),
S.A.S.(I),
16/1/67.

6. I suggest H.E. could see later after action had been completed as at (x) and (y) above.

SAS(G)

Action as in 'y' only pls.
4 27/1

17/1
Ato. U.S.

SP/S.195/115

30th. January, 1967

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance,
Ibadan.

(For the attention of Mr. T. A. Akinyele)

Federal Government's Capital Grant to
Ifé University

I am directed to invite your attention to paragraphs 9, 11, 12 and 27 of the Financial Memorandum to the 1967/68 Annual Estimates of the University of Ifé, copies of which, it is understood, have been forwarded to you. In these paragraphs of the Memorandum as well as in his earlier address to the Congregation of the University of Ifé on the 21st of October, 1966 the Vice-Chancellor of the University raised the complaint that the actual contribution made by the Federal Government to the capital development of the University falls far short of the 50% of actual capital expenditure which the Federal Government in its Sessional Paper No. 4 of 1964 undertook to contribute to the University's capital development.

2. As you, no doubt, have seen from paragraph 9 of the University's Financial Memorandum referred to above, a total expenditure of approximately £4.8 million would have been incurred by the 31st of March, 1967 on the capital development of the University of Ifé. By that date, however, Federal Government's contribution to the capital project, according to the Vice-Chancellor, will total £1 million or approximately 20% of the total capital expenditure incurred in developing the permanent campus. It was to this under-estimation of the capital needs of the University of Ifé by the National Universities Commission that the Vice-Chancellor called attention in his address of the 21st October, 1966 to the Congregation of the University.

3. The Vice-Chancellor has already taken up this matter with the Secretary, National Universities Commission, whose explanation is that at the time the capital budget for all the Nigerian Universities was being considered it was felt that the University of Ifé did not have the "executive capacity" to spend more than £2 million during the present quinquennium which ends in March, 1968. He has, however, assured the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Ifé that the situation will be rectified during the next quinquennium.

4. The purpose of this letter is to request for your comments on the complaint raised by the Vice-Chancellor against the Federal Government before a formal approach should be made to Lagos. A prompt reply will be very much appreciated.



(M. S. Adigun),
for Secretary to the Military Government.

UNIVERSITY OF IFE · NIGERIA

Vice-Chancellor:

H. A. Oluwasanmi, M.A., Ph.D. (Harv.)



Telephone: Ibadan 22261 Ext. 4

Telegrams: 'IFEVARSITY, IBADAN'

Cablegrams: UNIVIFE

In reply, please quote—

Ref. No. VC. 154/36

VICE-CHANCELLOR'S OFFICE

IBADAN BRANCH

27 January, 1967

SP/S.195
P. T. Odumosu, Esq.,
Secretary to the Military Government,
Western Nigeria,
Ibadan.

Dear Mr. Odumosu,

PP. 117-120
I forward for your information copy of the notes of the discussion which Mr. Akinyele of the Ministry of Finance had with me on Wednesday, 25 January, 1967, on our 1967-68 Estimates.

Yours sincerely,

H. A. Oluwasanmi
Vice-Chancellor.

/EK.

Notes of the Discussion between Dr. H. A. Oluwasanmi, Vice-Chancellor, and Mr. T. A. Akinyele, Senior Assistant Secretary (Supply) of the Ministry of Finance, Western Region, on 25 January, 1967.

Mr. Akinyele sought this interview to clarify certain points on the 1967-68 Estimates.

A. Recurrent Expenditure

1. Do the estimates conform with the quinquennial forecasts ?
The fact is that there was no well-considered quinquennial estimates. The NUC merely made projections of what it thought the University would require given a certain rate of growth in student numbers and an assumed unit cost per student.
2. These projections were gross under-estimations. For example, the University should, according to NUC projections, have a student population this year of 750 and 1,000 in 1967-68. There are 945 students in residence this year (1966-67); this is expected to rise to 1,500 in 1967-68, particularly with the certainty that few Western Nigerians will want to go to either Ahmadu Bello University or University of Nigeria, Nsukka. This inevitably raises the total recurrent cost.
3. In calculating the recurrent expenditure of the University for 1962 to 1968 the NUC assumed a unit cost of less than £700 per student. This is an unrealistic assumption and no Nigerian University has yet achieved this feat, not even Ibadan after nearly 20 years of existence and steady rise in student numbers. "The cost per student [in Ibadan] was £1,054 in 1952-53 when enrolments numbered 368; £1,072 in 1959-60 when the 1,000 enrolment target was reached, and £1,037 when the number of students rose to 2,016." (A. Callaway and A. Musone, Financing of Education in Nigeria, p. 105). The fact is that unit cost is bound to be high in the early stages -- particularly during the first ten years -- of development of a University. It is only as student numbers rise relative to fixed charges -- administration, senior and subordinate staff, etc. -- that the unit cost will fall.

B. Capital Expenditure

1. The NUC reckoned that the University of Ife will require £2 million in capital expenditure during the 1962-68 period. This has turned out to be a gross under-estimation, particularly for a new University building in a virgin environment. When I raised this point with the NUC its Secretary told me that it was felt then that the University did not possess the "executive capacity" to use more than this amount. One must understand the attitude of the NUC to the University of Ife against the hostile politics of the period.
2. The question was raised whether a more gradual move of the University to Ife than we now plan would not ease the financial burden the Government is being called upon to bear in building the Ife Campus. This approach will only postpone expenditure to some future date but will certainly not ease the burden. In fact a different policy with regard to the move to Ife will be bound to increase capital cost both because of rising cost of construction and of the necessity to keep on adding to the physical plant at Ibadan. To cite two examples: if the Staff School and the modern bookshop on the Ibadan site had been built on the permanent site the University would not be seeking funds to build duplicate facilities at Ife. It is cheaper in the long run for the University to move its essential faculties and institutes to its permanent site. This will reduce the overhead cost of running two campuses. Both from the point of view of economy and academic policy it is unsound to keep the major faculties separate on two campuses. For example, the Pharmacy Department, which was planned to remain on the Ibadan Campus originally, depends very heavily on the Science Departments. If Pharmacy were to remain as a separate entity the Region will have to bear the additional cost of creating duplicate facilities in Chemistry, Physics, Biology and Mathematics for Pharmacy on the Ibadan Campus.

C. External Assistance

Except for USAID assistance to Agriculture, British grant for the Physics and Chemistry buildings and Ford grants for the Institutes of Administration and African Studies the University has not attracted much external assistance. The reasons are quite obvious: any donor visiting Ibadan will, after seeing our prosperous and established neighbour, prefer to stake his money on Ibadan rather than on Ife with its political troubles and uncertainties. The University of Ife need to develop its own identity. This is one of the powerful arguments for moving the University in its entirety to Ife. Since we have announced our intention to move and the world knows we mean to move, our staffing position has ^{improved} ~~increased~~ markedly. We have already made approaches to Canadian Technical Assistance, USAID and Czechoslovakian Technical Assistance for support for the various faculties of the University. Although we are confident that as we move the University we will attract external assistance, it should be emphasised that the cost of the infrastructure -- students' hostels, staff houses, faculty buildings, etc. -- must still be borne by the Government. Very few countries provide money for these basic physical facilities.

D. The Use of the Present Site

1. Government has accepted our proposal to use the present site primarily for the training of scientists. The aim is to provide adequately trained material for the degree courses of the University of Ife and for those of other Nigerian Universities. The School of General Studies is also intended to create a pool of medium-level scientific manpower ^{from} ~~on~~ which government, industry and business can draw for further professional training. The question was raised during the discussion whether this is the most economical use of the facilities which will be left behind on this campus and whether the Sixth-form course run by the Grammar Schools is not already performing the functions envisaged for the School of General Studies.
2. The truth is that the Sixth-form is not producing the calibre of students required by Nigerian Universities. Our experience has been that our preliminary courses

yield far better results in one year than the 2-year sixth-form course.

3. Partly because of the poor preparation and narrowness of most students holding the Higher School Certificate or the GCE Advanced Level, Nigerian Universities without exception have continued to run preliminary courses and to expand them. Nsukka runs a 4-year degree course and treats the first year as preliminary year. Ahmadu Bello has announced its intention to follow Nsukka. After 18 years Ibadan has continued to run preliminary courses in Science as well as in Arts. Whether the Ibadan site is used for the preliminary courses or not, the University will, in its own interest, continue to run preliminary classes. We do not believe the sixth-form can deliver the goods either in quantity or quality -- at least not in the foreseeable future. The Grammar Schools need to concentrate on doing a better job of the School Certificate course first. In this matter of sixth-form we have copied the British too blindly. The consensus among educators who have studied the problem very closely and whose minds are free from the prejudices of the traditional British practice is that it is cheaper and more efficient to train our pre-university students in a few centres than disperse our resources as we now do in a large number of small but mostly inefficient Grammar Schools.
4. This University has responsibility for producing high-level scientific manpower for agricultural, industrial and technological development of this Region in particular, and of the country generally. Our experience to date is that the sixth-form is a weak foundation for the required superstructure. Our intention is to use the Ibadan site in creating the strong scientific foundation for students wishing to proceed to degree courses in our universities or to professional courses in agriculture, industry or business.

H. A. Oluwasanmi
H. A. Oluwasanmi
Vice-Chancellor.

SAS (G)

27.1.67

/MK.

Sub'd for fi. 116-120

31/1

121

S. M. G.,

Ref. pages 116-120, the notes of the discussions held between the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Ife and Mr. Akinyele, S.A.S.(Supply), Ministry of Finance on the 25th ~~January, 1966,~~ ~~instant~~ on the 1967/68 annual estimates of the University are at pages 117-120. It would appear from the notes that the observations raised by Mr. Akinyele have been satisfactorily thrashed out by the Vice-Chancellor.

2. The only exception is the proposed School of General Studies which will share Ibadan Campus with the Olunloyo College of Education when the University moves to Ife. My reservation against the proposed School of General Studies is based on the following points:

- (a) The proposed School which is to be a one-year preliminary Science Class is designed to do what the Grammar Schools are at present doing in their sixth forms. If their end products have been disappointing, the solution does not lie in setting up a rival School which, in any case can absorb only a limited number. P.S.M.E. is in the best position to explain in detail but one would have thought that a better plan to improve the situation is to improve staffing in the Grammar Schools as well as the School laboratories;
- (b) The proposed School will have to compete for space on the Ibadan campus with the Olunloyo College of Education, thus telling on the future expansion of that College;
- (c) The proposed School will affect administrative cost of the Ife University since it will be at ~~the~~ Ibadan while the main University will be at Ife.

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(d) Government will, in effect, have to finance duplicate services, the sixth forms in the Grammar Schools and the preliminary course at the Ibadan campus of Ife University.

3. From the foregoing, the argument emerges that if the University insists on having a Science Preliminary Class, it will be in the interest of economy to site such a Class at Ife, instead of Ibadan.

4. I would suggest, however, that P.S.M.E.'s comments be obtained on this matter.

(M. S. Adigun),
S.A.S.(I),
1st. Feb., 1967.

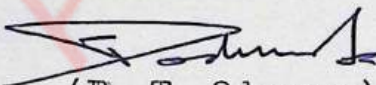
Present
arrange-
ment
already
agreed
last year
Not
necessary

123
Y.E.,

Y.E. may be interested to see notes on discussion between Mr. Akinyele of Ministry of Finance and the Vice Chancellor of Ife University forwarded at pp. 116-120. I am sending the notes for Y.E.'s information in view of Y.E.'s impending meeting with the Vice Chancellor and ^{the} Chairman of Council of University of Ife on their capital and recurrent programmes for the next financial year.

2. Professor Oluwasanmi is peeved - quite justifiably so in my opinion - by the fact that he is being made to deal with an S.A.S. in the Ministry of Finance, especially as this is not the first occasion that he has felt so slighted. I have spoken (again) to Chief Dina on this matter and pointed out that for the sake of harmonious relations with the University of Ife, matters taken up by the V.C. with his Ministry ought to be dealt with by Chief Dina himself. This does not mean that other officers in the Ministry of Finance might not comment or examine papers sent in by the V.C. but it means that if certain requests or proposals by the V.C. are turned down, the letter communicating the negative reply should be signed by Chief Dina himself.

3. Y.E. may find it beneficial to browse through the papers at pp. 96-113 on the University's capital budget for 1967/68 in preparation for Y.E.'s forth-coming meeting with the Chairman of Council and Vice Chancellor.


(P. T. Odumosu)
B.M.G.

18 February, 1967

Thank
will do OR Done.
B/F file 22nd Feb. 67.
2/2/67

CR. B.V. 20/2/67
in hand.

2/2/67 D7/2

UNIVERSITY OF IFE · NIGERIA

Vice-Chancellor:

H. A. Oluwasanmi, M.A., Ph.D. (Harv.)

In reply, please quote—

Ref. No.

VC. 154/39



5/1.195

Telephone: Ibadan 22261 Ext. 4

Telegrams: 'IFEVARSITY, IBADAN'

Cablegrams: UNIVIFE

VICE-CHANCELLOR'S OFFICE

IBADAN BRANCH

9 February, 1967

Chief T. T. Solaru,
Chairman,
University of Ife Provisional Council,
Oxford University Press,
Dugbe,
Ibadan.

My dear Chairman,

When I returned from Ife yesterday I received the attached from the Bursar. The financial situation is very, very grave. As I must return to Ife today I wonder if you would discuss this matter with the Chancellor and maybe together arrange to see the Military Governor.

As you can see we have spent federal funds meant for the building of the Library. We were promised in November a sum of £150,000 to enable us start work on the sports field, the farm and the staff school and pay for the furniture purchased for classrooms and students' hostels at Ife. We have not been given a penny. The recurrent budget must be paid or we will not be able to replace the federal funds we have already spent. The Bursar is fearful of being accused of diversion or embezzlement as regards the Library money.

My Secretary, Mr. Kalango, will deliver any message you may wish to send to me at Ife. Something must be done soon. I intend to see the Chancellor next week when I come to Ibadan if he does not send for me before then.

Yours sincerely,

H. A. Oluwasanmi
H. A. Oluwasanmi
Vice-Chancellor.



cc. Chief O. Awolowo
Mr. P. T. Odumosu.

/HK.

dy/v

125

UNIVERSITY OF IFE, NIGERIA
INTERNAL MEMORANDUM

From: Bursar

(277)

To: Vice-Chancellor

Ref. BC.4/19

Date: 8/2/67

CONFIDENTIAL

Finance

I have made a number of telephone calls to the Treasury recently asking for part of the grants, both capital and recurrent, due to us and failed to get any promise of payment.

I have also written, pointing out the position and stating that the University will be obliged to suspend payment of creditors unless a substantial sum is received in the very near future.

Recurrent

	£
Western Government 1966/67 estimates	684,000
Received to date	199,000
Due for recurrent expenditure	<u>485,000</u>

Capital

A second letter gave cash requirements for capital expenditure up to 31.3.67 as:-

Main Services	75,000
Equipment	150,000
Staff School	10,000
Sports Facilities	25,000
Farm Buildings	55,000
	<u>315,000</u>

I pointed out that out of £100,000 from Western Government and £125,000 from Federal Government for Main Services, we have spent £208,957 leaving only £16,043 and the January billings will exceed this by a considerable sum.

We have spent or are committed for about £115,000 on Equipment and Transport for life with a large order for fire-fighting equipment shortly to be given and have received nothing towards this.



12th

The position is very serious. We have spent what reserves we had and have now started to spend funds given for specific purposes, on our recurrent expenditure. We have already used some of the capital grants from Federal Government, given to us for building a library at Ile-Ife. After that we shall be starting on the Scholarship Endowment Fund. This could be call embosslement or mis-appropriation of funds and I am serious suggesting that unless the position improves very shortly, say a week or ten days, we should suspend all payments except salaries and wages.



C. D. Sampson,
Bursar.

SMG.

lp 124 - 126 sub'ted formally pl fr.

2. I've noted the 'bu' instruction at foot

of p. 123 pl.

 10/2/67
C.R.

Note

Problems referred to above were discussed and disposed of at meeting held in H.E.'s office today and attended by Chief Amos (Chancellor elect), Chief Solomon, (Ch'man) and Prof. Olusegun (V.C.), Chief Dina, and myself. Mr. Akintola of Min fin. was in attendance.

P.A.

 10/2/67
SMG



MINISTRY OF FINANCE
THE TREASURY

PRIVATE MAIL BAG 5001 · IBADAN · WESTERN NIGERIA

Your Ref. No.....

All communications on this matter
should be addressed to the Permanent
Secretary quoting

Our Ref. No. F.428/T/5.....

SUPPLY DIVISION

Date. 16th February, 1967...

Secretary to the Military
Government,
Office of the Military Governor,
Ibadan.

(For the attention of Mr. M.S. Adigun).
Federal Government's Capital Grant to
Ife University

P. 115
I am directed to refer to your letter No. SP/S.195/115 of
30th January, 1967, and to say that this Ministry knows nothing about
this matter and until the papers are properly before this Ministry, I
shall find it difficult to comment intelligently on the matter.

T. A. Akinyele
(T. A. Akinyele),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.

SECRET

SAS(1)

Above is sub'ded pl w.r. p.115

P17/2
17/4/67
CR

S. M. G.,

Please see page 127 which is the P.S.M.F.'s reply to page 115.

2. It is a surprise that the Ministry of Finance knows nothing about the Vice-Chancellor's complaint against the Federal Government's failure to pay its full share to the capital development of the University of Ife.

3. Nevertheless, I suggest that we should approach the Vice-Chancellor to submit a comprehensive memorandum on this matter to the P.S.M.F. so that the latter may be in a position to advise this Office appropriately.



(M. S. Adigun),
S.A.S.(I),
18th. Feb., 1967.

SAS(1)

Pls. discuss a.y.c.

12/2

SECRET

129

SUPPLY DIVISION

F.428/S.6/827

22nd February, 1967.

The Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan Branch,
Ibadan.

Minutes of a meeting held at 12.05 p.m. on Thursday
16th February, 1967, in the Office of the
Military Governor to discuss the Financial
Requirements of the University of Ife

I am directed to forward herewith for your information
6 copies of the minutes of the meeting held with His Excellency, the
Military Governor on Friday 16th February, 1967 to discuss the financial
requirements of the University of Ife.

(T. A. Akinyele),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.

SECRET



Ref. No. F.428/S.6/827A
Ibadan. 22nd February, 1967.

Copy to:

Secretary to the Military Government
and Head of Service,
Office of the Military Governor,
Ibadan.

For information. 4 copies of the minutes are attached hereto.

(T. A. Akinyele),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.

SECRET

SP/S-195

Page 130-131
x 3 copies to be

MU 27/2

recd. 147

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Minutes of a meeting held at 12.05 a.m. on Thursday
16th February, 1967, in the Office of the
Military Governor to discuss the Financial
Requirements of the University of Ife.

Present:

- | | |
|------------------------|--|
| Col. R. A. Adebayo | - His Excellency, the Military Governor. |
| Chief O. Awolowo | - Chancellor-Designate, University of Ife. |
| Chief T. T. Solaru | - Chairman, Provisional Council, University of Ife. |
| Prof. H. A. Oluwasanmi | - Vice-Chancellor, University of Ife. |
| Mr. P. T. Odumosu | - Secretary to the Military Government and Head of Service, Office of the Military Governor. |
| Chief I. O. Dina | - Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Finance. |

In attendance:

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| Mr. T. A. Akinyele | - Senior Assistant Secretary (Supply), Ministry of Finance. |
|--------------------|---|

Chief Solaru said the purpose of the meeting was to discuss at the highest level the financial problems confronting the University of Ife. He revealed that the financial position of the University had become so precarious to the extent that the University had been obliged to meet its recurrent needs from other sources. He referred to the various discussions he had had with the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Finance, and especially the meeting he had with him on the 13th of February, 1967, the minutes of which had earlier been circulated. In view of the deteriorating situation of the finances of the University, he felt it was necessary that the matter should be further discussed before His Excellency the Military Governor while Chief Awolowo himself, in his capacity as Chancellor-Designate of the University, is present.

2. Chief Awolowo confirmed that he had read the correspondence that transpired between the University and the Ministry of Finance on the matter as well as the minutes of the meeting held on the 13th of February, 1967, with Chief Dina. Although he appreciated the financial difficulty of Government as eloquently stated by Chief Dina in the minutes of the meeting recently held, he felt there was the need to settle one fundamental principle with regard to the relationship of the University to the Regional Government. He said that the policy had to be declared whether Government holds the University of Ife as its direct responsibility much in the same manner as one of its Statutory Corporations or whether the University should

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be regarded as an organisation which can only be helped when Government is only able to do so or which will only be entitled to Government's philanthropy when it can be borne. He said that the impression was gained from reading the minutes of the meeting recently held with Chief Dina that other Government Departments and services had to be served before the claims of the University of Ife are met. He felt, therefore, that there ought to be a re-arrangement of the order of priority. The University should not be treated as a beggar but as a direct responsibility of Government which is entitled to receive grants from it. The Government, Chief Awolowo went on, is entitled to prune the Estimates of the University but once this has been done and agreed, it is the responsibility of Government to make funds available to the University as envisaged.

3. In reply, His Excellency said that he was personally depressed about the financial difficulty which the University was at the moment facing. He wanted it understood that the University is a direct responsibility of Government and, as he has always said on many occasions, the University is regarded as the showpiece of Government and as such it must claim topmost priority. Chief Awolowo thanked His Excellency for accepting this basic principle and wondered why the funds for the University which had stood in arrears could not be found by reducing other commitments of Government.

4. Chief Dina explained that the Estimates were agreed with the authorities of the University of Ife, but it was later found that additional works and services were necessary and the University asked for additional capital grants of £474,000 which would be paid direct to it to meet the additional services. This additional provision, he went on, brought the Capital Estimates of the University to £1.7 million. The recurrent grants for the University was also fixed at £684,000 after necessary discussions with the University authorities.

5. Contributing to the discussion, Professor Oluwasanmi explained the background to the current year's budget of the University. He said the University originally asked for £1.9 million for its Capital Expenditure which was pruned down to £1.279 million out of which £750,000 was meant for staff housing. It was later discovered that the Estimates for the houses

*This to be deleted
See p. 135A*

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did not include costings for essential services like water and electricity. Government's approval was sought and obtained for the farming out of the additional contract to Nigersol on contractor-finance basis. Nigersol submitted priced bills to the tune of £629,000 but through independent valuation, the University discovered that Nigersol's unit costs were too high and that it had subcontracted the electricity services to another firm. In spite of Nigersol's agreement after a long negotiation to a 10% reduction in the contract price, the University decided to go to open tender, since it was estimated that savings of about £200,000 over the contract price negotiated with Nigersol would be made. The National Universities Commission agreed that its grant of £250,000 due could be used for the external services provided the University would be able to find the difference. This was the background to the approach made to the Government for additional grants. Professor Oluwasanmi, however, wanted it understood that only £150,000 out of the total additional sum of £474,000 was required directly by the University while the balance was necessitated by the improper costing of the original contract given to Nigersol.

This to be deleted in favour of 8p 135A

6. In reply, Chief Dina stated that there was no argument about the figures as he was merely presenting the position as revealed in the Estimates. He reiterated the facts, as stated in the course of the meeting of the 13th February which he had with the University authorities, that the anticipated surplus for the year 1965/66 turned out to be a deficit, that there was a fall in general revenue from Lagos involving the Region in a loss of £2.5 million, and that the postponement of the effective date of the recommendation of the Binns' Fiscal Commission meant a loss of £1.9 million. He went further to say that since expenditure outran revenue in the 1965/66 financial year, instead of having about £5 million as balance in the Consolidated Revenue Fund, the outturn came to only £2.5 million as the opening balance for the year 1966/67. In the current financial year, it has become apparent that in view of the shortfall in revenue generally, the estimated budget surplus of £3 million cannot be attained. In answer to Chief Awolowo's question as to the position of the Revenue Equalisation Fund, Chief Dina revealed that there was only a paltry sum of £79,000 remaining in the Fund.

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7. On Government capital account, he went further to show that the Marketing Board which was expected to give capital grants of £4 million to the Government had only been able to give £575,000 this financial year, partly because of the enormous forward sales made last season and partly because it could not ship as much produce as it had bought in the current season. Owing presumably to a tight forecast of crops, the Banks assisting the Marketing Board had limited the amount of loan which the Board could raise to finance its marketing operations. Added to this, was the fact that the Marketing Board would have to pay soon a deferred loan of £2.5 million due to the Federal Government since the last financial year. In the circumstance, the argument of the Marketing Board that it had to meet its own debt obligations first before giving any grants to Government becomes unassailable. As to the recent directive of the Regional Government that the Marketing Board should raise a loan to meet part of the grants payable to Government even if it would involve Government having to pay the interest on the excess of the loan made against profits not yet realised, Chief Dina revealed that he understood that the Banks have refused to advance any loans to the Marketing Board for this purpose. He went on to say that the position is so bad that Government is now using the meagre recurrent resources to meet both recurrent and capital commitments. He enumerated a few of the commitments which include the World Bank Road Projects on which heavy bills have to be paid in view of the size of work now being done in the dry season, and the U.S.A.I.D. Water Scheme in which Government is expected to pay all the bills now submitted until it has wiped off the arrears of its 20% contribution, which are yet to be cleared. He said that the University is regarded as the third topmost priority and that Government had done its best in respect of its capital requirements. He reiterated the view which he expressed at the last meeting he held with the University Authorities that Government might be able to find £150,000 which the University had declared as its minimum recurrent requirement for the remaining months of the financial year but he could not guarantee what Government could give in respect of the capital requirement of the University.

8. At this stage, the Military Governor asked the University Authorities to declare what they consider as their immediate requirements

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both recurrent and capital. Professor Oluwasanmi submitted a note to His Excellency which shows that the University would require in the next two months a maximum of £800,000 made up of £485,000 as recurrent and £315,000 as capital grants. The note also indicates a total minimum requirement of £375,000, £150,000 of which should be provided as recurrent grants and the balance of £225,000 as capital grants. He emphasised the fact that the demands on the University by way of payment for equipment and furniture would continue to mount unless some payment were made early and that the granting of £225,000 for capital expenditure was a desideratum. In support of this point, Chief Solaru revealed that since the last meeting with Chief Dina, bills totalling up to £69,000 had been received by the University of Ife.

9. In conclusion, His Excellency said that all avenues would be explored to ensure that the immediate minimum requirement of the University totalling £375,000 is made available before the end of the financial year. It was also agreed that another meeting would be held on the 21st February, to discuss the estimates of the University of Ife for the ensuing financial year.

10. The meeting came to a close at 1 p.m.

SAS (1)

p 129 - 134 sub'd pl.

2. May I also invite yr. attention to

p. 128 pl.

27/2/67

CR.

CR.

I am expecting mins. of another mtg. from the PSMT. I have already spoken to him about it as it has to do with his min. at p. 128. Pl. bly 6/3/67. 27/2/67

135

SAS (1)

6/3/67
ck

Over lay is resub 2ed fl.

ARCHIVES OF OYSCAC

150
135A

Corrigenda to the Minutes of the Meeting
held on Thursday 16th February, 1967, in the
Office of the Military Governor to discuss the
Financial Requirements of the University of Ife

Paragraph 5 of the original minutes should be deleted and substituted with the following:-

"Contributing to the discussion, Professor Oluwasanmi explained the background to the current year's budget of the University. He said the University originally asked for £1.9 million for its Capital Expenditure which was pruned down to £1.279 million out of which £750,000 was meant for staff housing. It was discovered that the Nigersol contract for the building of the Humanities and Agriculture blocks and the Halls of Residence did not include the construction of the external services -- water, electricity, sewage and landscaping. Government's approval was sought and obtained for the farming out of the additional contract to Nigersol on contractor-finance basis. Nigersol submitted priced bills to the tune of £629,000 but through independent valuation, the University discovered that Nigersol's unit costs were too high and that it had subcontracted the electricity services to another firm. In spite of Nigersol's agreement after a long negotiation to a 10% reduction in the contract price, the University decided to go to open tender, since it was estimated that savings of about £200,000 over the contract price negotiated with Nigersol would be made. The National Universities Commission agreed that its grant of £250,000 due could be used for the external services provided the University would be able to find the difference. This was the background to the approach made to the Government for additional grants. Professor Oluwasanmi, however, wanted it to be understood that only £250,000 out of the total additional sum of £474,000 was required directly by the University while the balance was necessitated by variation orders on the original contract given to Nigersol."

Paragraph 9(i) - Immediately after the first sentence of this paragraph insert the following:-

"It was also decided that the balance of the recurrent grant for 1966-67, that is £335,000, will be revoted in the 1967-68 Estimates".

Paragraph 9(ii) - The second sentence of this paragraph should be deleted and substituted with the following:-

"The meeting was informed of the meeting which His Excellency, the Military Governor had earlier fixed for the 21st February to discuss with the University authorities the University's Estimates for 1967-68".

UNIVERSITY OF IFE · NIGERIA

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Vice-Chancellor:
H. A. Oluwasanmi, M.A., Ph.D. (Hons.)



Telephone: Ibadan 22261 Ext. 4

Cables & Telegrams: 'Ifiversity'

In reply, please quote

Ref. No. VC. 154/46

IBADAN BRANCH

2 March, 1967

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance,
Ibadan.

P. 129

I refer to your letter No. P.428/S.6/827 of 22nd February, 1967 enclosing the minutes of the meeting of 16th February with His Excellency the Military Governor. I wish to call attention to certain inaccuracies in the minutes.

Paragraph 5. This paragraph is inaccurate as far as the reference which I made to external services and to the amount of money which Government agreed to contribute to the building of these external services are concerned. This paragraph should read as follows:

"Contributing to the discussion, Professor Oluwasanmi explained the background to the current year's budget of the University. He said the University originally asked for £1.9 million for its Capital Expenditure which was pruned down to £1.279 million out of which £750,000 was meant for staff housing. It was discovered that the Nigersol contract for the building of the Humanities and Agriculture blocks and the Halls of Residence did not include the construction of the external services -- water, electricity, sewage and landscaping. Government's approval was sought and obtained for the farming out of the additional contract to Nigersol on contractor-finance basis. Nigersol submitted priced bills to the tune of £629,000 but through independent valuation, the University discovered that Nigersol's unit costs were too high and that it had subcontracted the electricity services to another firm. In spite of Nigersol's agreement after a long negotiation to a 10% reduction in the contract price, the University decided to go to open tender, since it was estimated that savings of about £200,000 over the contract price negotiated with Nigersol would be made. The National Universities Commission agreed that its grant of £250,000 due could be used for the external services provided the University would be able to find the difference. This was the background to the approach made to the Government for additional grants. Professor Oluwasanmi, however, wanted it to be understood that only £250,000 out of the total additional sum of £474,000 was required directly by the University while the balance was necessitated by variation orders on the original contract given to Nigersol."

see p. 138

Comments: Reference to the notes of the meeting with the late Lt. Col. Fajuyi on the construction of the external services will show that Government agreed to bear the difference between the cost of the external services (approximately £500,000) and the capital contribution of £250,000 by the National Universities Commission which was agreed should be spent on the construction of these services.

Consequently, the agreed contribution of the Government to the external services is £250,000 and not £150,000 as implied in paragraph 5.

Paragraph 9. This paragraph omitted to record the decision reached at the meeting that the balance of the recurrent grant for 1966-67, that is £335,000, will be revoted in the 1967-68 estimates. This is to enable the University to pay back the National Universities Commission capital grant for the Library which had been used for payments of salaries. In this connection may I quote from the minutes of the meeting held with Chief Dina on 13 February, 1967. Paragraph 5 of the minutes reads as follows:

"Summing up, Chief Dina said that his Ministry would try to meet up the requirements of the University for the remaining two months of the financial year estimated at £150,000 and will revote in the 1967-68 Estimates the balance of about £335,000 outstanding this financial year.".....

Finally, I should like to point out that the meeting did not agree that another meeting should be held on the 21st February to discuss the estimates of the University of Ife for the 1967-68 financial year. The meeting was merely informed of the meeting which His Excellency the Military Governor had earlier fixed for the 21st February to discuss with the Chairman and myself the estimates for 1967-68.

H. A. Oluwasanmi

H. A. Oluwasanmi
Vice-Chancellor.

/EX.

SAS(1)

For disposal.

4/3/67

4/2.

I am expecting mins. of another mtg held with the VC Univ. of Ife from Mr. Atimole of the Min. of Finance. He assured me the papers would be here shortly. Have you got them pl.?

SAS(1)
8/3 pl. The papers have not yet arrived

8/3/67

UNIVERSITY OF IFE. IBADAN.

Copy for information.

VC. 213/41

1 March, 1967

H. G. M. Bass, Esq.,
Deputy High Commissioner,
British High Commission,
Ibadan Office,
Lebanon Street,
Ibadan.

SP/S 195
SP/S 196



My dear Mr. Bass,

Physics and Chemistry Buildings

I am glad to inform you that James Cubitt and Partners have produced working drawings for the Physics and Chemistry buildings and are now busy preparing the Bills of Quantities which will enable us to go to tender this month. The list of contractors being invited to tender will be forwarded to you very soon.

There is however the question of the difference between the estimated cost of these buildings (£2683,000) and the grant of £500,000 to be settled. Our capital budget for the 1967-68 session which has been discussed and agreed with His Excellency, the Military Governor makes provision for the difference of £183,000 on building costs. The balance of the grant, that is £75,000, has been earmarked for the purchase of scientific equipment for these buildings.

I am sending copies of this letter to both the Secretary to the Military Government and the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Finance.

For circulation
H.A.O.

H. A. Oluwasanmi
Vice-Chancellor

File away
3/3

/BK.

SECRET

8/5.195

SUPPLY DIVISION

7th March, 1967.

F.428/813

The Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan Branch,
Ibadan.

Minutes of a Meeting held at 10.20 a.m. on Tuesday
21st February, 1967 in the Office of the
Military Governor to discuss the Budget
Proposals of the University of Ife.

I am directed to forward herewith 3 copies of the minutes of the meeting held on Tuesday 21st February, 1967 to discuss the 1967/68 Estimates of the University of Ife for your information and further necessary action. It will be appreciated if you will kindly go over the Recurrent Estimates of the University as promised in the course of the meeting with a view to suggesting areas where savings can be offered.

2. A copy of this letter together with the minutes is being forwarded to the Secretary to the Military Government for his information.

(T. A. Akinyele),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.



SECRET

Ref. No. F.428/813A
Ibadan, 7th March, 1967.

Copy to:

The Secretary to the Military Government,
Office of the Military Governor,
Ibadan.

(For the attention of Mr. M. S. Adigun)

For information. A copy of the minutes is attached hereto.

(T. A. Akinyele),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.

SECRET

137

Minutes of a Meeting held at 10.20 a.m. on Tuesday
21st February, 1967 in the Office of the
Military Governor to discuss the Budget
Proposals of the University of Ife.

Present:

- | | |
|------------------------|---|
| Col. R. A. Adebayo | - His Excellency, the Military Governor. |
| Chief T. T. Soloru | - Chairman, Provisional Council, University of Ife. |
| Prof. H. A. Oluwasanmi | - Vice-Chancellor, University of Ife. |
| Chief I. O. Dina | - Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Finance. |

In attendance:

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| Mr. T. A. Akinyulo | - Senior Assistant Secretary (Supply), Ministry of Finance. |
|--------------------|---|

After Chief Dina had given an indication to His Excellency, the Military Governor that he had no objection to the holding of preliminary discussions on the budget proposals of the University of Ife without prejudice to further Treasury action on them, the meeting went on to examine first the Capital Proposals of the University for the financial year 1967/68.

2. The Proposal is for an estimated Capital Expenditure of £2,699,500. In discussing the 10 items of the Capital Budget, Prof. Oluwasanmi emphasised the fact that Items 1 & 2 are compulsory for the University and also revealed that the University authorities, conscious of the financial situation of Government, had already conducted an exercise to scale down the capital requirements for the ensuing financial year. The proposal to spend £240,000 on Item 1 - Administration Block - was accepted in principle. As for the Physics/Chemistry Building and the Biological Gardens for which a provision of £250,000 is being sought, Chief Dina wanted to know why £250,000 was required instead of £183,000 representing the difference between the grant of £575,000 anticipated from the British Government and the Estimated Total Cost of the Project put at £683,000. In reply, Prof. Oluwasanmi said that the estimated expenditure of £250,000 includes a provision for the construction of the Biological Gardens.

3. As part of the exercise already carried out by the University authorities, Prof. Oluwasanmi offered to reduce Item IV in respect of students' hostels from £690,000 to £500,000. He revealed that wooden huts would be constructed by the University to accommodate the additional students expected to move into the permanent site in October since it would take 18-24 months

to complete the permanent buildings. After some discussions as to the possibility of postponing the construction of the Pharmacy Buildings estimated under Item 3 at £280,000 and after examining the consequential implications of such deferment, it was agreed that no provision should be made in the 1967-68 Estimates for the Pharmacy Buildings as it should be possible to continue to use the facilities already existing at Ibadan in the meantime. On staff housing, Prof. Oluwasami offered to reduce the estimated provision from £789,500 to £500,000 thus phasing out the 172 units to be built in such a way that only about 70 will be constructed in the ensuing financial year. He also agreed to reduce the estimated provision for sports facilities from £70,000 to £25,000.

4. For Item 7 - Staff School - a provision of £20,000 instead of £30,000 was suggested by Professor Oluwasami. With regard to Item 8 - Medical Centre - Prof. Oluwasami revealed that approaches were being made to the Ford Foundation for the construction of the Centre and to the Seventh Day Adventist Mission for the supply of equipment to the Medical Centre. In the circumstance, he suggested that no provision should be made for the Medical Centre in the 1967/68 Estimates. Chief Solara made a passionate plea for the urgent construction of a swimming pool for the staff in order to offer the staff families an opportunity of outdoor games facilities. It was agreed to retain the entire provision of £10,000 for the Staff Club. It was also agreed not to vary the provision of £40,000 estimated for the University Farm.

5. In summary, the provisions agreed for each of the items are shown as follows:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Provision</u> £
1	240,000
2	250,000
4	500,000
5	500,000
6	25,000
7	20,000
9	10,000
10	40,000
Total	£1,585,000

6. Chief Dina stressed the fact that in respect of the decisions reached at this meeting, the provision to be made in the Estimates for the overall Capital Expenditure of the University in the 1967/68 Estimates will depend on revenue prospects which are not at the moment bright. He wanted to know how much was to be expected from the Federal Government as contribution to the Capital Expenditure of the University in the 1967/68 financial year. Prof. Olumasemi said ideally the Federal Government should give 50% of the estimated Capital Expenditure but he promised to let Chief Dina know how much the National Universities Commission would give after he had concluded his recent discussions which he has been having with Mr. Okei Aribike. On the complaint made by the University authorities that the National Universities Commission was owing the University arrears of contribution which it ought to have made in the past to its capital development, Chief Dina advised Professor Olumasemi to resubmit the matter to the Ministry of Finance giving details, including figures of estimated expenditure submitted to the Federal Government each year, and the actual amounts received as well as exchange of correspondence, so that the Ministry of Finance might make an appropriate recommendation to His Excellency, the Military Governor with a view to taking up the matter at the highest Governmental level.

7. While discussing the estimated Recurrent Expenditure of the University totalling ₦1,165,464, Prof. Olumasemi briefly reiterated the essential features of the Estimates and the factors which have necessitated increases in expenditure wherever they have occurred. He mentioned the need to step up staff training and development in order to ensure that the University is permanently staffed. He pointed to the fact that the Library is under-developed and there was the need, especially now that the University has moved away from Ibadan, to improve the Library facilities for both the staff and the students. He also revealed that there had been an increasing demand for the study of languages at the University especially the French language and this was one of the reasons why it has been decided to have a Department of Modern Languages. As for the apparently high unit costs, he pleaded that these costs will go down with the years. Chief Dina, while appreciating the position of the University, stressed the fact that as far as Government was concerned, next year's budget must necessarily be a 'sit-tight budget' in view of the

...../4

considerable fall in recurrent revenue. He advised the University to go back and review its Recurrent Budget Proposals in the light of the stark reality of Government's financial situation almost in the same way as they had done in respect of the Capital Estimates. Talking specifically, Chief Dina wondered why an Institute of Education was considered necessary when such Institutions exist at Ibadan and Lagos. Prof. Oluwasemi said that the establishment of an Institute of Education was dictated by recent public policy and the need to gear the activities of such an Institute to the particular needs of the Educational system of Western Nigeria by way of research and new techniques. He appreciated Chief Dina's point of view and promised that the University authorities would have another look at the Recurrent Budget.

8. The meeting came to a close at 11.05 a.m.

SAS (1),

I had already addressed my minute at foot of p. 137 to you when pp. 138-142 came in. I now resubmit accordingly pl.

D 8/3/67
CR.

SECRET

SP/S.195/143

10th March, 1967

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance,
Ibadan.

(For the attention of Mr. T. A. Akinyele)

Federal Government's Capital Grant
to Ife University

P.127
I am directed to refer to your letter No.F.428/T/5 of 16th February, 1967 and to observe that you have since held discussions with the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Ife on the above-mentioned subject at a meeting held with His Excellency the Military Governor on Tuesday the 21st of February, 1967, vide paragraph 6 of the minutes of the meeting, a copy of which you forwarded to this Office under cover of your endorsement No. F.428/813A of 7th March, 1967.

P.138
P.115
2. I shall be grateful for your confirmation that you will, in the circumstance, proceed with action requested in my letter No. SP/S.195/115 of 30th January, 1967.

Issued
D 10/3
Pp. 145, 179
(M. S. Adigun),
for Secretary to the Military
Government.

SECRET

SAS (1)

D 29/3

Above remitted pl

ck.

Blm 20/3/67. 1/10/3

144
c/r.

blu again 14(4/67).

↓ 29/3

29/3

ARCHIVES OF OYSCAG

145
SECRET

50/5-195
SUPPLY DIVISION

F.428/835

7th April, 1967.

The Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan Branch,
Ibadan.

University of Ife: Capital Grants

I am directed to refer to paragraph 6 of the minutes of a meeting held on the 21st of February, 1967 in the Office of the Military Governor, a copy of which was forwarded to you under cover of my letter No. F.428/813 of 7th March, 1967 and to request you to submit the details as promised in the paragraph of the minutes referred to above. It would appear necessary to expedite action on this matter considering the new move being made by the Secretary of the National Universities Commission to survey the financial experience of the Universities in Nigeria during the 1963/68 Quinquennium as a basis for working out a programme for the next quinquennium. In this connection, I refer to a letter No. NUC.4/S.7/3 of 13th March, 1967 addressed to you by Mr. Okoi Arilipo, a copy of which was endorsed to this Ministry.

2. An early action on this matter will be highly appreciated.

(T. A. Akinyele),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.



SECRET

Ref. No. F.428/835A
Ibadan. 7th April, 1967.

Copy to:-

The Secretary to the Military Government,
Office of the Military Governor,
Ibadan.

For information with reference to your letter No. SP/S.195/143 of 10th March, 1967. As soon as the necessary details are obtained from the University of Ife and properly examined by this Ministry, further communication will be addressed to you on the matter.

(T. A. Akinyele),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.

SPS (1)

SECRET

10/4 Above is submitted pl. for W.T. p. 143.

10/4/67
CR

SECRET

147

SP/S.195

SUPPLY DIVISION

F.428/S.6/912

12 April, 1967.

The Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife,
Ibadan Branch,
Ibadan.

Corrigenda to the Minutes of the Meeting
held on Thursday 16th February, 1967, in the
Office of the Military Governor to discuss the
Financial Requirements of the University of Ife

With reference to your letter No. 154/46 of 2nd March, 1967,
and further to my letter No. F.428/S.6/900 of 10th March, 1967, I
am directed to forward herewith 6 copies of the Corrigenda issued
to the minutes of the above mentioned meeting.

(T. A. Akinyele),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.

SECRET

Ref. No. F.428/S.6/912A
Ibadan, 12 April, 1967.

Copy to:-

Secretary to the Military Government
and Head of Service,
Office of the Military Governor,
Ibadan.



For information with reference to my endorsement No. F.428/S.6/827A.

4 copies of the corrigenda are attached hereto.

(T. A. Akinyele),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.

SECRET

Pp 136-137

Attch.
P. 148
4 copies
at bc

14/4

148

Corrigenda to the Minutes of the Meeting
held on Thursday 16th February, 1967, in the
Office of the Military Governor to discuss the
Financial Requirements of the University of Ife

Paragraph 5 of the original minutes should be deleted and substituted with the following:-

"Contributing to the discussion, Professor Oluwasanmi explained the background to the current year's budget of the University. He said the University originally asked for £1.9 million for its Capital Expenditure which was pruned down to £1.279 million out of which £750,000 was meant for staff housing. It was discovered that the Nigersol contract for the building of the Humanities and Agriculture blocks and the Halls of Residence did not include the construction of the external services -- water, electricity, sewage and landscaping. Government's approval was sought and obtained for the farming out of the additional contract to Nigersol on contractor-finance basis. Nigersol submitted priced bills to the tune of £629,000 but through independent valuation, the University discovered that Nigersol's unit costs were too high and that it had subcontracted the electricity services to another firm. In spite of Nigersol's agreement after a long negotiation to a 10% reduction in the contract price, the University decided to go to open tender, since it was estimated that savings of about £200,000 over the contract price negotiated with Nigersol would be made. The National Universities Commission agreed that its grant of £250,000 due could be used for the external services provided the University would be able to find the difference. This was the background to the approach made to the Government for additional grants. Professor Oluwasanmi, however, wanted it to be understood that only £250,000 out of the total additional sum of £474,000 was required directly by the University while the balance was necessitated by variation orders on the original contract given to Nigersol."

Paragraph 9(i) - Immediately after the first sentence of this paragraph insert the following:-

"It was also decided that the balance of the recurrent grant for 1966-67, that is £335,000, will be revoted in the 1967-68 Estimates".

Paragraph 9(ii) - The second sentence of this paragraph should be deleted and substituted with the following:-

"The meeting was informed of the meeting which His Excellency, the Military Governor had earlier fixed for the 21st February to discuss with the University authorities the University's Estimates for 1967-68".

SAS (11)

1p 147 - 148 sub'ded pl.

2. May I also invite yr attention to the 'bu' instruction on p. 144 pl.

14/4/67
ch

149
CR.

The mins whose corrigenda are overleaf are
filed at pp. 138-4. Pl. take n.s.

2. Nfs on blu at p. 144 in view of p. 145 and
the blu instruction at p. 146.

14/4/67

Noted.. Action taken on para 1 above.
D 14/4/67

Bu. p. 146. 24/5/67.

SAS(G)

I now resubmit pp. 143-145
caw up directives on p. 146.

D 24/5/67
CR

CR.
Pl. blu again 13/6/67.

24/5/67
D 24/5

SAS(G),

Resubmitted pl.
D 13/6/67
CR.

150

SECRET

SP./S.195/150

13th June, 1967

The Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance,
Ibadan.

(For the attention of Mr. T. A. Akinyele)

University of Ife: Capital Grants

P.145
I am directed to refer to your endorsement
No.F.428/835A of 7th April, 1967, and to ask for
the present position.



(M. S. Adigun),
for Secretary to the Military
Government.

Issued
13/6/67

SECRET

See P151

c/e

B/m

17/2/67

13/6



MINISTRY OF FINANCE
THE TREASURY

PRIVATE MAIL BAG 5001 · IBADAN · WESTERN NIGERIA

Your Ref. No.....
All communications on this matter
should be addressed to the Permanent
Secretary quoting
Our Ref. No. F.428/Vol.V/863.

Date... 15th June, 1967.

The Secretary to the Military Government,
Office of the Military Governor,
Ibadan.



University of Ife: Capital Grants

P.150
P.145
I am directed to refer to your letter No. SP./S.195/150 of 13th June, 1967 and to say that although a reply has not yet been received to my letter No. F.428/835A of 7th April, 1967, the Vice-Chancellor, University of Ife has subsequently agreed at a meeting held in this office on the 8th of June, 1967 to forward a letter stating the position of the shortfall in Capital Grants which ought to have been received from the National Universities Commission during the present University quinquennium.

2. I would be getting in touch with you again as soon as a reply is received from the University of Ife.

16/6
16/6

(T. A. AKINYELE),
for Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance.

SAS (G1)

Above is submitted wst. pp 145 & 150.
SECRET

16/6/67
CR.

17/6

17/6
ck
pl. sl. 21/7/67

CONFIDENTIAL

152



BRITISH HIGH COMMISSION
IBADAN OFFICE
LEBANON STREET
IBADAN

*Pls. resubmit -
file.
2/6*

(3-IBN 62/13/35)



19 June, 1967.

Dear Odumosu,

I am writing about the £575,000 allocation from the £5 million education grant which we had agreed should be spent on the Faculty of Science in the University of Ife.

I have now been instructed to inform you that while the allocation of £575,000 continues to be pledged for higher education in the Western State of Nigeria, Her Majesty's Government have decided that before these funds can be finally committed they wish to consider the implications for the proposed development of Ife University of Decree No. 14 which has established a new internal organisation in Nigeria, and they wish to be assured that the continued commitment of funds to Ife University in the manner proposed would still in the new situation be in accordance with the wishes of all the Nigerian authorities concerned.

The High Commissioner has written in these terms to the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education in Lagos and I am also informing the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Ife.

Yours sincerely,

John Smallwood.

(J.E. SMALLWOOD)

DEPUTY HIGH COMMISSIONER
IN IBADAN.

2/6
P.T. Odumosu, Esq., M.F.R.,
Secretary to the Military Government
and Head of Service,
IBADAN.

CONFIDENTIAL

Sm

above resubmitted pl.

*acc
CM 21/6*

CONFIDENTIAL

153

(COPY)

VC.331/20

30/6

Mr. P. T. Odumodu,
Secretary to the Military
Government,
Military Governor's Office,
IBADAN.

22nd June, 1967.

Dear Mr. Odumodu,

British Grant for Physics and Chemistry
Buildings at the University of Ife

I forward herewith copy of a letter I recently received from the British Deputy High Commissioner on the grant of £575,000 for our Physics and Chemistry buildings.

As the reason for freezing this grant is political I am sure you would wish to discuss the matter with His Excellency who might wish to raise it at appropriate levels of Government.

When Mr. Smallwood saw me on 20th June he suggested that both you and I might wish to write to the British Authorities reiterating the importance which the West places on scientific education and the fact that students from all other States were welcome in the University even though it is supported largely by the Government of the West.

The University has not deviated from its plan to achieve by the end of the 1968/73 quinquennium a ratio of 3 students in the sciences to 2 in the non-science fields. The law establishing the University enjoins it to open its doors to all qualified students without regard to race, tribe, sex or religion. The University has been guided all along by this provision of the law and it has no intention of deviating from it now or in the future. Our published list of admissions for 1967/68 academic year bears testimony to the national character of the University. I am of the view that these arguments should go to the British Government from the Government of the West to whom this grant has been pledged for higher education.

I should point out that we have already gone to tenders and it is only because of certain technical difficulties that the contract has not been signed. With this development the contract will not now be signed. However, to avoid delay which will be disastrous to the move of the Science Faculty in October 1967, I am asking alternative plans which will enable us to build semi-permanent but adequate quarters for Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics and Geology, using for this purpose the £250,000 provided in the 1967/68 Estimates to supplement the British Grant. It will be necessary to put this plan into operation if by the end of August we do not have positive indications about the grant from the British Government.

Yours sincerely,

submitted
4/8
1/7

[Signature]
R. A. Oluwasanmi
Vice-Chancellor

cc: Professor D. F. Ojo
Faculty of Science

P. 176

154
CONFIDENTIAL

BRITISH HIGH COMMISSION
IBADAN OFFICE
LEBANON STREET
IBADAN

3-IBN.62/13/35

19th June, 1967.

Dear Oluwasanmi,

We discussed on the telephone last Saturday the £575,000 allocation to your University from the £5 million education grant.

I have now been instructed to inform you that while the allocation of £575,000 continues to be pledged for higher education in the Western State of Nigeria, H.M. Government have decided that before these funds can be finally committed they wish to consider the implications for the proposed development of Ife University of Decree No. 14 which has established a new internal organisation in Nigeria, and they wish to be assured that the continued commitment of funds to Ife University in the manner proposed would still in the new situation be in accordance with the wishes of all the Nigerian authorities concerned.

The High Commissioner has written on these terms to the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education in Lagos and I am also so informing the Secretary to the Military Government.

Yours sincerely,

(SGD) (J.E. SMALLWOOD)

DEPUTY HIGH COMMISSIONER
IN IBADAN.

Professor H.A. Oluwasanmi,
Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

BRITISH HIGH COMMISSION
IBADAN OFFICE
LEBANON STREET
IBADAN

3-IBN.62/13/35

19th June, 1967.

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The High Commissioner has written on these terms to the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education in Lagos and I am also so informing the Secretary to the Military Government.

Yours sincerely,
(SGD) (J.E. SMALLWOOD)
DEPUTY HIGH COMMISSIONER
IN IBADAN.

Professor H.A. Oluwasanmi,
Vice-Chancellor,
University of Ife.

CONFIDENTIAL

U R G E N T.

Office of the Military Governor,
Western State, Ibadan.

(P. T. Odumosu)

1/7/1967.

PERMEDUC LAGOS

SP/S.195/155

CONFIRMING TODAY'S CONVERSATION BETWEEN ODUMOSU AND
AYANSI REGARDING BRITISH GOVERNMENT'S GRANT OF FIVE HUNDRED
AND SEVENTY FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS TO UNIVERSITY OF IFE X
GRATEFUL YOU CONFIRM TO BRITISH AUTHORITIES URGENTLY THAT
FEDERAL DECREE NUMBER 14 DOES NOT AFFECT POSITION OF OR
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST IN UNIVERSITY OF IFE WHICH
CONTINUES ENJOY SUBSTANTIAL FINANCIAL GRANT FROM FEDERAL
GOVERNMENT X DELAY IN RELEASE BRITISH GRANT WILL ADVERSELY
AFFECT UNIVERSITY'S PROGRAMME

SECMILGOV

B.D. 10.7.67

see P.166

Despatch
11/7
L. 3/11
D 3/7/67

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Vol. 11

1956

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